## GOVERNMENT

OF

### THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

+ + + + +

#### ZONING COMMISSION

+ + + + +

## PUBLIC HEARING

## 

5

IN THE MATTER OF: 5

5

Boston Properties, Inc., et al. 5 Case No. -Consolidated PUD and Related 5 06-27

Map Amendment for Square 54 5

5

Thursday, January 4, 2007

Hearing Room 220 South 441 4th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C.

The Public Hearing of Case No. 06-27 by the District of Columbia Zoning Commission convened at 6:30 p.m. in the Office of Zoning Hearing Room at 441 4th Street, Northwest, Washington, D.C., Carol J. Mitten, Chairperson, presiding.

### ZONING COMMISSION MEMBERS PRESENT:

CAROL J. MITTEN Chairperson
ANTHONY J. HOOD Vice-Chairperson
GREGORY N. JEFFRIES Commissioner
JOHN G. PARSONS Commissioner
(NPS)

MICHAEL G. TURNBULL Commissioner (AOC)

## OFFICE OF ZONING STAFF PRESENT:

SHARON S. SCHELLIN Secretary
DONNA HANOUSEK Zoning Specialist
ESTHER BUSHMAN General Counsel

# OFFICE OF PLANNING STAFF PRESENT:

JOEL LAWSON
TRAVIS PARKER
JENNIFER STEINGASSER

This transcript constitutes the minutes from the Public Hearing held on January 4, 2007.

# I N D E X

Preliminary Matters	. 4
Office of Planning Report	. 11
ANC Report	. 80
Witnesses:	
Cynthia Jachles	131
Vivien Kilner	135
Bill Schecter	138
Dwan Tai	142
James Morris	146
David Lehrman	149
Anne Savage	153
Catherine Long	157
Danielle Timmerman	163
John Bailly	165
Elizabeth Elliott	170
Michael Kimmel	172
Con Hitchcock	180
Elizabeth Elliot	184
George Oberlander	190
Joe Mehra	203
Barbara Kahlow	226
Rafael Pelli	248

#### P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

2 || 6:38 P.M.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Good evening, this is the Public Hearing of the Zoning Commission of the District of Columbia for Thursday, January 4, 2007. My name is Carol Mitten, and joining me this evening are Vice Chairman Anthony Hood and Commissioners Michael Turnbull, John Parsons, and Greg Jeffries.

The subject of this evening's hearing is Zoning Commission Case No. 06-27, and this is a continuation of our November 20, 2006 hearing. This is a request by Boston Properties and KSI Services, Incorporated, and the George Washington University, for approval of a consolidated planned unit development and related map amendment for property located in the Foggy Bottom West End Neighborhood of Ward 2, on a site encompassing the entire city block which is known as Square 54.

Notice of today's hearing was

published in the <u>D.C. Register</u> on August 11, 2006, and copies of that hearing announcement are available to you, and they are in the wall bin by the door.

This hearing will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of 11 DCMR Section 3022, and picking up where we left off at our last hearing, the order of procedure this evening will be as follows: we'll take up any preliminary matters and then we'll have the report by the Office of Planning. remember, we took the DDOT presentation out of Then we'll have any other reports by government agencies, and then we'll have the report by the Advisory Neighborhood Commission. In this case, it's 2A. Organizations and persons in support; parties, organizations, and persons in opposition; and then we'll have rebuttal by the Applicant at the end.

The following time constraints will be maintained in the hearing. The

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Applicant took a total of one hour for their presentation, so each party will have an hour in the aggregate. Organizations will have five minutes, and individuals will have three minutes. The Commission intends to adhere to the time limits as strictly as possible in order to hear the case in a reasonable period of time. The Commission reserves the right to change the time limits for presentations if necessary, and notes that no time shall be ceded.

All persons appearing before the Commission are to fill out two witness cards. They look like this. They're on the table by the door. Upon coming forward to speak to the Commission, please give both cards to the Reporter who is sitting to our right. Please be advised that this proceeding is being recorded by the Court Reporter and it is also being webcast live. Accordingly, we ask you to refrain from making any disruptive noises

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

in the hearing room.

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

When presenting information to the Commission, we ask for you to take a seat at the table in front of us and turn on and speak into the microphone, first stating your name and address. When you're finished speaking, we ask you to turn the microphone off because they tend to pick up background noise.

The decision of the Commission in this case must be based exclusively on the public record. To avoid any appearance to the contrary, the Commission requests that persons present not engage the members of the Commission in conversation during a recess or at any other time. Ms. Schellin and Ms. Hanousek will be available throughout hearing to answer any questions that you might have.

We ask you to turn off all beepers and cell phones at this time so as not to disrupt the hearing. Anyone who plans to testify this evening who wasn't already sworn

in at our November 20th hearing, I'd ask you to stand now and take the oath. Anybody who wasn't already sworn who plans to testify this evening. You need to raise your right hand and Ms. Schellin will administer the oath.

(Witnesses sworn.)

Thank you very much. Now the first preliminary matter that we have is that Mr. Kimmel, who just stood up has requested party status and he has done that well past the time required under our rules, and we have an objection from the Applicant, and it also defeats the purpose of being a party to weigh in at this late date because you don't avail yourself of your opportunity for So unless there are objections examination. from my colleagues, I would just ask Mr. Kimmel to weigh in as a witness would appropriate time and that Ι not recommend granting him party status at this time.

Is there any objection to that?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	Okay. So Mr. Kimmel, we'll just invite you
2	forward when those in opposition testify.
3	Thank you very much.
4	Okay, so we're ready for is
5	there any other preliminary matter, Ms.
6	Schellin? Mr. Feola, did you have anything?
7	MR. FEOLA: No, ma'am.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, where
9	is Mr. Hitchcock?
10	MR. THOMAS: Madam Chair, we had a
11	call from Con Hitchcock who, being the loyal
12	member of the Metro traveling public, is stuck
13	on a Metro.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Say it's not
15	so.
16	(Laughter.)
17	MR. THOMAS: And we hope he'll be
18	here momentarily.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
20	MR. THOMAS: While I am at the
21	microphone, let me say that only this evening
22	did we receive another report from DDOT, which

1	is considerably late and which does not even
2	on its face purport to be complete and we
3	would move to strike it.
4	MS. SCHELLIN: I think that might
5	be a different case. That's not for this
6	evening.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Is that in
8	06-27?
9	MS. SCHELLIN: That's a different
10	case.
11	MR. THOMAS: I'm sorry. I'm
12	sorry. I was handed it and obviously I didn't
1 2	read it very thoroughly.
13	
14	MS. SCHELLIN: We were trying to
	MS. SCHELLIN: We were trying to get it to you in as much advanced time as we
14	
14 15	get it to you in as much advanced time as we
14 15 16	get it to you in as much advanced time as we could, since it is very late. We just got it
14 15 16 17	get it to you in as much advanced time as we could, since it is very late. We just got it after five o'clock tonight.
14 15 16 17 18	get it to you in as much advanced time as we could, since it is very late. We just got it after five o'clock tonight.  MR. THOMAS: Thank you, and I
14 15 16 17 18 19	get it to you in as much advanced time as we could, since it is very late. We just got it after five o'clock tonight.  MR. THOMAS: Thank you, and I apologize for the confusion.

preliminary matters, Mr. Thomas?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

And Ms. Kahlow, did you have any?

Okay, then we're ready to proceed with the report by the Office of Planning.

MR. PARKER: Good evening, Madam Chairman.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Good evening,
Mr. Parker.

MR. PARKER: For the record, my name is Travis Parker with the Office of Planning. The Office of Planning considers Square 54 to be a great opportunity for the city, the University, and the neighborhood. No where else in the city will you find an open development parcel of this size, with this much capacity for positive impacts in an important area in the District. Square 54 is the nexus of several disparate neighborhoods, from the row houses of historic Foggy Bottom, to the apartment buildings of the West End, to the high rise commercial office buildings of the Golden Triangle, to the academic core of

GW Campus.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

site No other has such an opportunity to tie all of these aspects together and offer something to each one. the proposed plan certainly attempts to do just that. It will anchor the incredibly important Pennsylvania Avenue commercial corridor. It will provide a full service store that wide grocery can serve а residential population and will provide many thousand feet of neighborhood serving and destination retail.

It will provide significant new housing opportunity in the area, improving the University balance between the and neighborhood uses while potentially easing housing pressure in the Foggy Bottom and West It will serve as a gateway to and End areas. landmark of the GW campus, providing improved pedestrian retail opportunities and distinctive architecture to the campus.

Finally, it has the distinct

opportunity become important to an neighborhood center, a potential gathering place and focal point for all types of people OP has been working with the and uses. University and the community on this site for As we are all aware, OP has over two years. conditioned a favorable recommendation on any commercial development of Square 54 on the University completing a new campus plan that comprehensive thoughtful qave and consideration to campus growth over the long term.

OP believes that the University has been successful in showing the potential of the remainder of campus in its new campus plan, and has a plan for Square 54 that capitalizes on its unique qualities. Over the course of this project, OP has worked with the Applicant on all aspects of the building to address concerns and make improvements. The original design showed 130 feet on the entire office portion of the building.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

OP agreed with some in the neighborhood that the height should be more respectful to the existing conditions in Washington Circle, and like the campus plan, some of the density was shifted towards the center of campus and the height of the office building was set down from 130 feet on 22nd street to 90 feet directly on Washington Circle.

ΩP also worked with has the Applicant in the public areas of the site. The landscaping and entrance of the center courtyard must be -- excuse me, have changed from the original design. One suggestion of the Office of Planning was that if courtyard must be gated off at night, then any be hidden or be gates must made unobtrusive during the day time.

OP has supported the I Street Plaza as an important public place. In addition, we strongly support the Applicant's desire to combine all parking and loading

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	facilities below ground to maximize open space
2	on the surface.
3	The comprehensive land use map
4	shows mostly institutional use for this site,
5	with a strip of high-density commercial along
6	Pennsylvania Avenue. The proposed development
7	is not inconsistent with this designation,
8	assuming approval of the new campus plan in
9	some form, and it will offer positive impacts
10	for both the University and the city.
11	We recommend approval based on
12	subject to approval of the new campus plan and
13	I'd be happy to answer any questions the
14	Commission may have.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
16	Mr. Parker.
17	Questions from the Commission for
18	Mr. Parker?
19	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam
20	Chair?
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr. Hood?
22	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Mr.

1	Parker, is this consistent with the new
2	comprehensive plan that just was passed by the
3	Council?
4	MR. PARKER: The new comprehensive
5	plan has maintained the same land use
6	designation and so it is, yes.
7	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. Let
8	me just ask you, the ANC vote, 3 to 2, do you
9	know who was the SMD Commissioner, you may not
10	know, and I may wait on this question. Was
11	the SMD Commissioner one of the people who
12	opposed?
13	MR. PARKER: I believe so.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay, I'll
15	find out more on that.
16	(Laughter.)
17	I have one other question. That's
18	all I have, Madam Chair. I'll find it. I
19	don't want to waste time.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
21	Mr. Hood. Anyone else?
22	I had a couple of questions on the

additional submissions that we got from the And one is because we had asked Applicant. for a -- this is shown in Exhibit B of the additional submission by the Applicant. it shows the height, the various heights at the different frontages of Square 54 and then it shows the abutting properties. And there's a fairly significant difference in height between Square 54, particularly on the north side of I Street and the things on the south side of -- the buildings on the south side of I Street. So I was wondering if you would comment on that and how you reconciled the difference in supporting the design?

MR. PARKER: One of the important pieces of the campus plan as a whole was to focus the density and height on -- to the center campus, specifically around 22nd Street between H and I. And if you look at the next page from the one that you're looking at, you'll see that there are proposed development sites on three corners of that intersection

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

that will raise the height significantly on the corners of that intersection. So it really comes in line when future development will be happening in the center of campus and once again, the principle was to have this development focused in that area away from surrounding uses.

Another question that's related to the additional submission which is and we asked the Applicant to come back to us with some kind of language that would tie down this grocery store proffer that they're making and what would happen in the event that they couldn't identify an occupant for the space.

I am interested in the Office of Planning's reaction to this because by the time we might find out that they were unsuccessful, the whole project could be built and I just can't help but recall some other projects -- they're not grocery store related, but projects downtown where people reserved

space for a department store and were unable to get it. And it's very difficult to try and come up with, given this is such a significant amenity, what kind of thing would the Office of Planning think would be an appropriate substitute if that amenity, given that the development would have taken place, what would be an appropriate substitute amenity?

MR. PARKER: I don't know that we have put a lot of thought into coming up with substitutes for a grocery store. We tried to do everything we could to assure that it would happen, as far as having it built and having requirements that there are no other options other than to come back if they're not successful.

One thing that I would say that among the Applicant's submissions are monetary values estimated by them of all of their contributions. So we have some idea of the level of contribution it is that can be used at some future point if we have to come up

with new ideas. 1 So we'll at least have a starting point to work from at that point, but 2 3 we haven't spent any time coming up with 4 contingency plans for the grocery store. 5 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: The reason I ask is because different people weigh that 6 7 amenity differently and it's not just about the money, the subsidy that's required. So --8 9 MR. PARKER: I agree. 10 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I'm just 11 trying to figure out if having, well, after a 12 couple of years from now after it's all done, 13 if that's going to be -- well, we'll just 14 figure something else out. I just don't know 15 if that's a satisfactory solution. Anybody else have questions for 16 17 the Office of Planning? 18 COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Madam 19 Chair, I guess just weighing in what you're 20 just talking about, the only -- I guess the only question I would come up is that in 21

in their construction they're

Exhibit

G,

1	actually talking about creating that grocery
2	space in Phase 1.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Right.
4	COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Whether
5	and I thought your concern was it's not going
6	to be coming in until later.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: No, it's that
8	they would create the space, then it wouldn't
9	be occupied. I mean it's one thing to create
10	the space, it's another to actually entice a
11	grocery store
12	COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: To be in
12	COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: To be in there.
13	there.
13 14	there.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.
13 14 15	there.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.  COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Okay.
13 14 15 16	there.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.  COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Okay.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay?
13 14 15 16 17	there.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.  COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Okay.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay?  VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam
13 14 15 16 17 18	there.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.  COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Okay.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay?  VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam  Chair, I had one more question.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	there.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.  COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Okay.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay?  VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam  Chair, I had one more question.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

second Metro entrance, I see in your report on page 6 you mention about possibly the Applicant having an alternative, depending upon whether, I guess, WMATA, whoever, wants to do that second entrance.

Are you asking for another alternative before we do final or are you going to wait and the Applicant has to come back?

MR. PARKER: Based on my discussions with the Applicant and with WMATA, the second Metro entrance won't be located on Square 54. What WMATA is looking at now, there is a feasibility study out. They're looking at the southeast corner of 22nd and I.

So my discussions with the Applicant have been that there will be a contribution, as an amenity of this project, towards engineering of that second entrance and then as part of the campus plan, they will come up with some language to proffer space in the new development on the southeast corner of

1	22nd and I to accommodate that entrance.
2	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. But
3	it's being offered for this case, I want to
4	make sure I'm following you.
5	MR. PARKER: It's a monetary
6	contribution.
7	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD:
8	Contribution towards the overall
9	MR. PARKER: Towards the study,
10	right, but no space
11	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Oh,
12	towards the study.
13	MR. PARKER: No, I'm sorry, the
14	study has been done, towards engineering of
15	the entrance.
16	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: So what if
17	it doesn't happen?
18	MR. PARKER: If it doesn't happen
19	that money can we do need to come up with
20	a contingency for that money, but the
21	feasibility study by WMATA certainly

1	discussions with them is that they have every
2	intention of continuing the process.
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: All right,
4	I won't belabor it. Thank you.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Commissioner
6	Jeffries?
7	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Just a
8	quick question. Could you comment on the
9	merging of the residential and the office as
10	it relates to design?
11	MR. PARKER: I guess I need a
12	little more what are you looking for?
13	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Look at
14	Exhibit A.
15	MR. PARKER: Okay.
16	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: And I
17	guess I'm commenting about the glass box
18	that's on the circle and then obviously the
19	residential look on the other side. And I
20	just wanted you to sort of, if you could,
21	based on what was there, to sort of comment on
22	sort of the reconciliation between the two.

MR. PARKER: Well, I think they're 1 clearly different buildings 2. and they're 3 intended to be differentiated. I think maybe the Applicant could 4 5 comment better on how they tie together, but I think the intent is that they're designed 6 7 separately. They stand out as separate uses and separate buildings, but they have aspects 8 9 certainly that will tie them together. 10 COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Okay, I 11 might ask some additional questions to the 12 Applicant about this, but my other question is in terms of the control elements to the 13 14 public. Could you walk me through that again 15 in terms of if they had to put a gate up or 16 fence, how would that work? 17 MR. PARKER: It's my understanding 18 that that central courtyard will be closed off 19 at late night. I don't have exact hours, but 20 say midnight to six or something along those lines, in which case they'll have a gate up. 21

And one of our requests of the Applicant was

1	that gate, during the daytime, not just be a
2	big open swinging gate, but somehow be
3	concealed or made
4	
5	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Like a
6	pocket or something?
7	MR. PARKER: Exactly. We don't
8	want a large barrier, visually or otherwise.
9	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Have you
10	requested drawings or what that would look
11	like?
12	MR. PARKER: We've talked with
12	MR. PARKER: We've talked with them several times. I don't think we have any
13	them several times. I don't think we have any
13 14	them several times. I don't think we have any designs of what that gate might look like yet.
13 14 15	them several times. I don't think we have any designs of what that gate might look like yet.  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Thank you.
13 14 15 16	them several times. I don't think we have any designs of what that gate might look like yet.  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Thank you.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?
13 14 15 16 17	them several times. I don't think we have any designs of what that gate might look like yet.  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Thank you.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?  Okay.
13 14 15 16 17 18	them several times. I don't think we have any designs of what that gate might look like yet.  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Thank you.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?  Okay.  Mr. Feola, did you have any
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	them several times. I don't think we have any designs of what that gate might look like yet.  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Thank you.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?  Okay.  Mr. Feola, did you have any questions?

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: Thank you, Madam
2	Chair, Members of the Commission.
3	Mr. Parker, good evening.
4	MR. PARKER: Good evening.
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: A couple of
6	questions on your report. I direct your
7	attention to the second page, paragraph 3
8	where you talked do you have it?
9	MR. PARKER: I do.
10	MR. HITCHCOCK: Where you talked
11	about OP not considering support for
12	nonacademic uses without a detailed plan
13	showing GW's academic and student housing
14	needs could be met on the remainder of campus.
15	MR. PARKER: Are you on the final
16	report or the setdown?
17	MR. HITCHCOCK: I am on the report
18	dated November 10, 2006, page 2, second
19	paragraph.
20	MR. PARKER: Oh, second paragraph.
21	Okay.
22	MR. HITCHCOCK: Under background?

1	MR. PARKER: Yes.
2	MR. HITCHCOCK: Did GW provided
3	you with such a detailed plan?
4	MR. PARKER: Absolutely. That's
5	the plan that's the subject of the other
6	application.
7	MR. HITCHCOCK: And were there any
8	changes that were made during the course of
9	your review?
10	MR. PARKER: To that plan or to
11	this?
12	MR. HITCHCOCK: To what was
	initially presented?
13	initially presented:
13	MR. PARKER: Absolutely.
14	MR. PARKER: Absolutely.
14 15	MR. PARKER: Absolutely.  MR. HITCHCOCK: And what were the
14 15 16	MR. PARKER: Absolutely.  MR. HITCHCOCK: And what were the nature of the changes that were recommended?
14 15 16 17	MR. PARKER: Absolutely.  MR. HITCHCOCK: And what were the nature of the changes that were recommended?  MR. PARKER: Again, we're talking
14 15 16 17 18	MR. PARKER: Absolutely.  MR. HITCHCOCK: And what were the nature of the changes that were recommended?  MR. PARKER: Again, we're talking about to the campus plan?
14 15 16 17 18 19	MR. PARKER: Absolutely.  MR. HITCHCOCK: And what were the nature of the changes that were recommended?  MR. PARKER: Again, we're talking about to the campus plan?  MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, I'm talking

I'm asking -- I asked you if there was a 1 2 detailed plan and you said yes. 3 MR. PARKER: Certainly. 4 MR. HITCHCOCK: When was that plan 5 presented? (Pause.) 6 7 MR. PARKER: I'm not sure of the exact date that it was filed with either the 8 9 Office of Zoning or us. But your question is 10 to what the changes are from the original plan 11 to the later plan, the campus plan? 12 MR. HITCHCOCK: Correct. 13 The original campus MR. PARKER: 14 plans didn't have a lot of thought as to where 15 things were laid out. The course of the 16 planning for the campus in that application 17 led us to think about where development should 18 be happening, why development should not be 19 happening in certain areas. We went through 20 the whole process of designing a historic 21 district. We looked at surrounding land uses

and the changes to where development was

1	happening and how dense and everywhere else
2	are too numerous to even mention, but there
3	were significant changes of how development
4	was occurring on campus between the original
5	draft and where we're at today.
6	MR. HITCHCOCK: I guess what I'm
7	driving is whether OP looked at the
8	possibility of achieving goals with a lower
9	zoning category than the one that was
10	ultimately presented in this application?
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Do you mean
12	for Square 54?
13	MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes.
14	MR. PARKER: We looked at multiple
15	options for Square 54 including, I'm sure,
16	different zoning classifications.
17	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, is it your
18	testimony then that plans with lower zoning
19	classifications might have been appropriate
20	for this site?
21	MR. PARKER: No, that wasn't my
22	testimony.

MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, you said you 1 considered all sorts of options. I mean what 2 3 options did you consider other than the zoning 4 classification in the proposal before us in 5 this case? MR. PARKER: I think that based on 6 7 everything that's happened, this is the plan 8 that we consider most appropriate for the 9 site. 10 MR. HITCHCOCK: That wasn't 11 question, sir. My question was what other 12 options? 13 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I just want 14 to make a distinction so that everybody will 15 feel comfortable answering. The question is 16 -- the questions coming at you, what did you 17 consider. You're answering back this is what 18 you considered most appropriate. Just because 19 you answer back something that you considered, 20 we understand that it doesn't necessarily mean 21 that you thought it was appropriate. So could

you just give some sense of what the range

1 was?

MR. PARKER: I -- we, we looked mainly at high density options for the site, because that is the comp. plan that is the surroundings of this site. Our other options on this site were generally that this would be a high density site.

MR. HITCHCOCK: So I'm still not sure I understand. Is there a zoning classification other than the ones being applied for that you considered?

MR. PARKER: I don't think we looked at it that way. We looked at what the appropriate development was for the site, and the zoning classification was -- I don't think we went about it backwards by grabbing a zoning classification and designing a site to that classification. I think we tried to design a site that was appropriate for the area and for the campus, and then design a PUD around that.

MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, let me ask

1	you that. I mean, you're aware that in the
2	2000 campus plan, the BZA order talked about
3	how the University's housing needs could be
4	met on Square 54?
5	MR. PARKER: Among other places.
6	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, let's just
7	stick with Square 54.
8	MR. PARKER: Okay.
9	MR. HITCHCOCK: And that was not
10	considered to be appropriate use?
11	MR. PARKER: Well, that plan also
12	considered Square 54 a place for commercial
13	development.
14	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, where is the
15	student housing though?
16	MR. PARKER: There are several new
17	student housing opportunities in the new
18	campus plan.
19	MR. HITCHCOCK: But not on Square
20	54?
21	MR. PARKER: Agreed, because they

1	accomplished without using Square 54.
2	MR. HITCHCOCK: Is that what was
3	really driving your consideration, how GW can
4	use Square 54 for non-academic purposes?
5	MR. PARKER: No, GW came to us
6	with a request for Square 54. We were not
7	willing to consider that request until we were
8	satisfied that they could present a plan for
9	the campus that was appropriate and could
10	accommodate all of their needs.
11	MR. HITCHCOCK: You say
12	appropriate. Is there anything that you told
13	them that you would not support?
14	MR. PARKER: All sorts like I
15	said, the development plan changed hundreds,
16	well, not hundreds dozens of times over the
17	course of the last two years. So there were
18	countless things that we told them we wouldn't
19	support.
20	MR. HITCHCOCK: Could you give
21	some examples?
22	MR. PARKER: Development above 80

1 feet on G Street. Development above 90 feet 2 right on the circle. Development along the 3 peripheries of campus. Countess more. 4 MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Let me move Let me circle back to what I talked 5 on. I mean, did the Applicants give you 6 7 any figures to explain what might not be doable if 8 there were lower zoning а 9 classification put into effect? 10 I mean, did they come in and see with C-3-C, 11 we can do X, with C-2 we can do this, with C-12 2-A, we can do this. No, I don't think we 13 MR. PARKER: ever had that discussion like that. 14 15 MR. HITCHCOCK: Does OP normally 16 exclude consideration of alternatives in PUD cases of this sort? 17 18 I didn't say that we MR. PARKER: excluded consideration of alternatives. 19 Ι 20 think we looked at a proposal that was brought considered whether 21 and it to us was 22 appropriate, whether there were more

1	appropriate things. But we didn't go district
2	by district to determine which would be the
3	most appropriate district. We looked at
4	different uses of the site, different
5	densities on the site to consider which would
6	be the most appropriate in relation to the
7	surroundings.
8	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay, let's move
9	on to another subject along here, and that is
10	the issue of parking.
11	Do you recall whether there will
12	be a net gain in parking spaces or a net loss
13	with the new garage or the old one being torn
14	down?
15	MR. PARKER: Campus wide or just
16	Square 54 and the garage?
17	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, you raised
18	it in the report, so I guess
19	MR. PARKER: There will be less
20	parking spaces under Square 54 then there are
21	in the existing campus garage, but there will
22	be several, smaller additional parking,

1	underground parking facilities throughout the
2	campus that I believe will result in a net
3	gain of parking spaces on the campus overall.
4	MR. HITCHCOCK: I'm curious as to
5	how does OP view that as an amenity?
6	MR. PARKER: Did I say it was an
7	amenity?
8	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, I'm looking
9	under page 4 where you talk about PUD
LO	evaluation standards and mention parking in
11	the same paragraph, talking about high quality
12	developments that provide public benefits.
13	MR. PARKER: I'm sorry, can you
L4	point me to it?
15	MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes. Page four of
L6	the November 10 report, under the paragraph
L7	PUD Evaluation Standards. The penultimate
18	sentence talks about building on Square 54
19	providing a significant amount of parking to
20	allow them to replace their existing
21	underground garage at some point in the
22	future. I'm just trying to figure out how

1 that fits into your assessment of the --2 MR. PARKER: Well, a lot of these 3 spaces will be University spaces that will University to phase 4 allow the out 5 existing above ground garage and use 6 for science center more 7 appropriate use than a structured parking 8 garage. 9 MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay, so did you 10 do an analysis of how much more parking or 11 less parking is available? 12 MR. PARKER: I have those numbers. 13 Okay, but is it MR. HITCHCOCK: 14 your testimony that the amount, whether an 15 increase or decrease in the amount of parking 16 is a neutral factor? 17 We certainly haven't MR. PARKER: 18 focused on a decrease or increase of parking 19 as an amenity. I think the only purpose of 20 that sentence was to call out that this would 21 be the first stage in being able to remove

what some could consider to be an unsightly

1 above ground parking garage. 2 MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Let's try 3 another subject. On page five towards the bottom, the discussion of grocery store where 4 5 you talk about needs that OP views as neighborhood serving. The phrase neighborhood 6 7 serving is yours? do define How you 8 neighborhood serving in this context? 9 MR. PARKER: One second, please. 10 MR. HITCHCOCK: Sure, take your 11 time. 12 (Pause.) MR. PARKER: I don't see the words 13 14 neighborhood serving under grocery store. 15 MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. I lost my 16 let me phrase the question place. Well, 17 differently. Let me -- in that paragraph, you 18 indicate that no retailer will sign a formal 19 letter of intent before the zoning approval of 20 the project. Why is that, that some kind of 21 letter of intention, are you suggesting that

a letter of intention not be a condition?

1	MR. PARKER: I'm suggesting that a
2	letter of intent may not be a reasonable
3	condition if it's not possible to get one
4	before zoning approval is reached.
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay, so the space
6	should suppose that there is a difficulty
7	in getting such a tenant afterwards?
8	MR. PARKER: Which is the subject
9	that the Chair just brought up. We certainly
10	want to and have done our best to provide
11	every incentive and every reason for this
12	grocery store to happen and note as few
13	contingencies for not having a grocery store
14	as possible. And we're certainly open to any
15	suggestions that you may have on other ways to
16	ensure that it happens.
17	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. I think
18	that's all, Madam Chair.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
20	Mr. Hitchcock.
21	Ms. Kahlow.
22	MS. KAHLOW: I'm Barbara Kahlow

1	and I am representing the West End Citizen
2	Association today.
3	Mr. Parker, I have a series of
4	questions. First, about the comprehensive
5	plan about which Mr. Hood asked you a
6	question. Isn't it true that the existing
7	land use map shows Square 54 as a 100 percent
8	institutional use?
9	MR. PARKER: The existing future
10	land use map?
11	MS. KAHLOW: The existing land use
12	map. Not the future one, not the planned one.
13	The existing land use map which is map 10.
14	Shall I we discussed this one the phone.
15	Would you like to look at it again?
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Is that in
17	the record. Do we have that in the record.
18	MS. KAHLOW: It's on the website.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Well, you
20	will have to submit that the record so that we
21	can understand this is part of the newly
22	passed comprehensive plan?

1 MS. KAHLOW: I'm going to make the distinction between the existing and the new 2. 3 one, because there is a distinction -- and I would like -- it has not yet been passed by 4 5 Congress, so this is the existing -- just so all know, this is existing 6 we the 7 comprehensive plan. MR. PARKER: But I disagree. 8 9 you have in your hand is the newly passed one. 10 The existing one is a hand drawn. 11 MS. KAHLOW: This is the planned 12 land use plan. This is the existing land use 13 plan. 14 Those are the same. MR. PARKER: 15 MS. KAHLOW: They are different. 16 In the -- let me just describe what we have 17 since we did discuss this by phone. 18 existing land use plan, Square 54 is 100 19 percent institutional. In the plan that is 20 called planned land use map, which you are 21 referring, Mr. Hood, the site is 98 percent 22 institutional. The tiny sliver on

1 Pennsylvania Avenue. Why don't we 2 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 3 just what's the point. Instead 4 identifying these things, what is your point? 5 MS. KAHLOW: The point is that the report is inaccurate, both the oral and the 6 7 report that is written and there no 8 The precedent, and you'll commercial. 9 hearing a bunch of questions on this, about 10 there is no precedent for commercial use. 11 There is only a tiny sliver --12 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: So could you 13 point to the area in the report that you take 14 issue with so Mr. Parker can respond? 15 MS. KAHLOW: Page seven, 16 Office of Planning's report. I first wanted 17 to go with maps, with is comprehensive plan. 18 The first sentence says the generalized land 19 use map includes a site in the GW Campus 20 designated as a mix of institutional high 21 density commercial use. The question is isn't

the existing only 100 percent institutional

1	and isn't the planned only a sliver
2	commercial?
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Mr.
4	Parker?
5	MR. PARKER: I unfortunately don't
6	have my generalized land use map, but the
7	immediate past generalized land use map that
8	is being phased out did show high density
9	commercial on Pennsylvania Avenue. The new
10	map does not. The new map has 100 percent
11	institutional use on Square 54. I was using
12	the past map when I wrote this report.
13	MS. KAHLOW: Well, just so you
14	know on
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: If there is a
16	point you would like to make, you can make it
17	in your testimony.
18	MS. KAHLOW: I will, but I would
19	like to submit these to record. I will do it
20	during my testimony.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Great.
22	MS. KAHLOW: Does the application

ask for 39 percent residential use, 9 percent 1 2 above ground retail use, and 52 percent 3 commercial use? I don't have those 4 MR. PARKER: 5 numbers. MS. KAHLOW: Do you want me, I'm a 6 7 statistician, to go through the square footage -- should we go through that? 8 9 MR. PARKER: I'll trust you. 10 Thank you. MS. KAHLOW: How can 11 OP support only 39 percent residential use, 12 which is 343,000 of the 800,070 foot thousand 13 square foot use. See page 12 of May 30th 14 application on Square 54, especially in light 15 of OP's previous recommendations and the 16 Commission's actions, multiple turndowns of 17 for less than 50 the proposals percent 18 residential use in a PUD on Square 51 which is 19 now the Ritz compound. 20 How can you -- how can OP support anything less than 50 percent residential use 21 22 in a PUD in this neighborhood since you've

1	submitted multiple reports saying that it
2	should never be less than 51 percent?
3	MR. PARKER: I don't know anything
4	about Square 51. I'm not prepared to address
5	that, but I think we just have a disagreement
6	from you on what the appropriate use along
7	Pennsylvania Avenue and Washington Circle are.
8	We've been over this development
9	with the Applicant for two years and we are
10	satisfied that the appropriate uses are in the
11	appropriate places on this site.
12	MS. KAHLOW: I'm not asking that
12 13	MS. KAHLOW: I'm not asking that right now. I'm asking about the percentage of
13	right now. I'm asking about the percentage of
13 14	right now. I'm asking about the percentage of the entire Square 54, 39 percent residential
13 14 15	right now. I'm asking about the percentage of the entire Square 54, 39 percent residential use.
13 14 15 16	right now. I'm asking about the percentage of the entire Square 54, 39 percent residential use.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Just let him
13 14 15 16 17	right now. I'm asking about the percentage of the entire Square 54, 39 percent residential use.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Just let him finish and then you can ask another question.
13 14 15 16 17 18	right now. I'm asking about the percentage of the entire Square 54, 39 percent residential use.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Just let him finish and then you can ask another question.  MS. KAHLOW: I think he's
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	right now. I'm asking about the percentage of the entire Square 54, 39 percent residential use.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Just let him finish and then you can ask another question.  MS. KAHLOW: I think he's answering a different question than I asked,

1	appropriate places, but are in the appropriate
2	ratios.
3	MS. KAHLOW: And would you support
4	39 percent residential use on other sites in
5	residential neighborhoods?
6	MR. PARKER: It entirely depends
7	on the site or the context.
8	MS. KAHLOW: And since Square 51
9	is a block away, when did OP decide to change
10	from the multiple years, as Mr. Parsons knows,
11	where they said do not set it down unless it's
12	a minimum of 51 percent? When did you make
13	that change to 39 percent?
14	MR. PARKER: I'm not familiar with
15	Square 51.
16	MS. KAHLOW: But in the
17	neighborhood, in Foggy Bottom West End?
18	MR. PARKER: As I said in my oral
19	testimony, there are a lot of different uses
20	and neighborhoods even in Foggy Bottom West
21	End. There are a lot of different uses.
22	There are a lot of different areas and Square

54 does its best to provide a nexus, a mix and 1 a transition between those. 2. 3 MS. KAHLOW: All right, let's go 4 to the complement. Since the comprehensive 5 plan, the reason why I submitted these maps only shows a small sliver as contemplated as 6 7 commercial use. What is the logic 8 rationale behind OP support for 52 percent 9 commercial use on Square 54, 454,000 of the 10 870,000 square feet? 11 MR. PARKER: Our rationale is that 12 this is the appropriate use for the square 13 based on and assuming the approval of the 14 campus plan that's been discussed. 15 MS. KAHLOW: Just so we know, 16 right now we're talking about one particular 17 application which is Square 54. 18 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Let me just 19 try and help out here because I've been --20 touching something that you're on has 21 frustrated me and so I just want to get this 22 clear.

Do you find that the institutional 1 land use category provides any guidance at all 2 3 about the zoning category that's appropriate 4 for a particular site? 5 Not per se. MR. PARKER: Not for strict zoning. Our thought is that when it 6 7 comes to density and use, we have to use the surroundings, use the context. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So my 10 frustration has been it doesn't provide any 11 guidance which is frustrating for the Zoning 12 Commission when we're in these situations. 13 So beating that particular horse 14 is not going to get us anywhere. 15 MS. KAHLOW: I'm not sure that 16 that's the horse I was beating. There are --17 this is an independent application and his 18 answer said as to why he thinks it's okay for 19 52 percent commercial on this particular 20 square, this particular PUD happens to relate 21 to another case. That's not -- I don't

understand how that's allowed.

22

I'm asking

about this case only because that's what we're 1 talking about. Why does this say 39 percent 2 residential and 52 percent commercial in an R-3 5-D zone with institutional uses and only a 4 5 sliver contemplated as commercial? CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I just don't 6 7 think this back and forth is going to be productive, so I'd like you to move on to 8 9 another subject. 10 All right. MS. KAHLOW: Zoning 11 rules for universities. This is the second 12 I'm moving from the comprehensive thing. 13 Is OP concerned that GW's upzoning plan. 14 request for this square and Square 80 to C and 15 SP zoning, respectively, would exempt these 16 sites from the aggregate Floor Area Ratio cap 17 3.5, Floor Area Ratio for of R zoned 18 properties and city-wide zoning rules for 19 colleges and universities? I think we've taken 20 MR. PARKER: 21 care of that with this campus plan

providing a complete stop on all development

that isn't specifically designated in this 1 2 plan. 3 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: How is this 4 relevant to Square 54? 5 MS. KAHLOW: Because this case, Square 54 is being considered as a PUD and the 6 7 University has proposed upzoning as a way to 8 get around the FAR cap in colleagues and 9 universities section --CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 10 We've been 11 through this in other PUD cases within the GW 12 campus. 13 MS. What I KAHLOW: want to 14 understand in this PUD case is why OP, if OP 15 had a concern about this because this might be 16 acted on before the campus plan. Does he have any concern about this precedent of exempting 17 18 In the other cases they were not them? 19 exempted and there's material in the record, 20 I don't have it right in front of me, I have 21 to pull it, that for the other cases, let's

pretend it's 1957 E Street, that FAR was

included in the 3.5 cap in that PUD. And it's 1 2 these two they're trying to break that 3 precedent. CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Well, I don't 4 5 know about 1957 E Street, but I can tell you that the dormitory that we voted on on Square 6 7 103, I think it was, was not included. So we've been through this before and I don't 8 9 think this is productive. 10 I think Square 103 MS. KAHLOW: 11 was. The only one that was not was Square 80, 12 but you could be correct. 13 If the universities could upzone 14 properties to get around the FAR limit, what 15 protections do the zoning rules provide for 16 logical reasoned development upon which 17 communities with neighbors and the 18 universities can rely? 19 MR. PARKER: Ms. Kahlow, I think I 20 would share your concern if we were continuing 21 under the existing plan. They would come 22 forward with individual PUDs and get out of

1	the existing caps on development on the
2	campus. I've done my best to solve that
3	problem in the new campus plan by providing a
4	limit on development based on the development
5	plan that's designed. They can't come in with
6	PUDs that we haven't already identified and
7	discussed in great detail in the campus plan
8	hearings.
9	So I don't see a precedent that
10	can be set.
11	MS. KAHLOW: I'm trying to
12	understand the protections, and you're saying
13	if I can restate what you said, you think
14	there are protections?
15	MR. PARKER: Absolutely.
16	MS. KAHLOW: And I'm trying to
17	understand what the protections are.
18	MR. PARKER: The protections are
19	GW cannot come forward with the rezoning or a
20	PUD that isn't identified in the campus plan,
21	cannot.
22	MS. KAHLOW: All right. We'll be

1	testifying about that as Ms. Mitten would want
2	me to do.
3	Let's go to height. Why did then
4	OP Director Ellen McCarthy abandon her
5	February 4, '06 commitment to the Foggy Bottom
6	community to have no more than 90 feet of
7	height all the way around Washington Circle,
8	not 90 feet, then rising to 110 or 130 or 142
9	feet elsewhere on the square?
10	MR. PARKER: I don't believe she
11	did. The building is 90 feet on Washington
12	Circle. It does step up then to 120 and as it
13	goes towards I, it steps up again to 130.
14	MS. KAHLOW: And then to 142.
15	MR. PARKER: Yes. Okay. Not for
16	zoning purposes, but yes.
17	MS. KAHLOW: In reality.
18	MR. PARKER: In reality.
19	MS. KAHLOW: Because we're really
20	trying to deal with reality. This is a huge
21	square and if you're measuring from the
22	ground, it's 142 feet.

1	MR. PARKER: Agreed.
2	MS. KAHLOW: All right, map
3	amendment. On November 16, '06, the WECA and
4	ANC 2A met with another prospective Foggy
5	Bottom West End developer for 1143 New
6	Hampshire. The Zoning Commission just got a
7	filing.
8	They had applied for a PUD and map
9	amendment from an R to a C-3-C. After
10	discussions, they were willing to recast
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: The
12	relevance?
13	MS. KAHLOW: You're going to see
14	it. They were going to recast it to CR.
15	Why did OP not consider upzoning
16	from R-5-B to CR versus C-3-C, since the PUD
17	of Cr zoning could also have 8.0 FAR and
18	they're only requesting 7.5 FAR?
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: So answer
20	that without the context of the other case.
21	She's asking you an abstract question.
22	MS. KAHLOW: That is correct. Why

1	not CR which is what I believe Mr. Hitchcock
2	was trying to get it and I'm going to go
3	through a bunch of them. Why not CR? Has 8.0
4	FAR
5	MR. PARKER: There's an issue of
6	consistency with the surrounding area.
7	There's C-3-C across the street from this
8	site.
9	MS. KAHLOW: Where is there C-3-C
10	across the street?
11	MR. PARKER: Directly to the east.
12	MS. KAHLOW: You mean one square
13	over?
14	MR. PARKER: No, no. Directly
15	across Square 75, directly across 22nd
16	Street. The northern half is zoned C-3-C.
17	So there's no CR in the area.
18	MS. KAHLOW: Except for Square 51.
19	MR. PARKER: Again, Square 51 is
20	three blocks away.
21	MS. KAHLOW: But that's what this
22	Commission has been doing.

1	MR. PARKER: Square 51 has CR
2	adjacent to it. So it would be appropriate to
3	extend the CR line to Square 51.
4	MS. KAHLOW: Did you consider CR
5	since it has the same FAR, the difference just
6	so I can shorten this for everyone is that the
7	maximum height under CR, under PUD, is 110,
8	not 130.
9	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Did you
10	consider CR?
11	MR. PARKER: We didn't consider
12	CR.
13	MS. KAHLOW: Why not?
14	MR. PARKER: Because there's no
15	context for it in this neighborhood and we did
16	feel that the 130 feet along Pennsylvania
17	Avenue is appropriate. That's the existing
18	Pennsylvania Avenue corridor.
19	MS. KAHLOW: What is to the west
20	of Pennsylvania Avenue. What are the heights
21	on the north and south sides of Pennsylvania
22	Avenue in the residential area of Foggy Bottom

1 West End? What are those heights? 2 MR. PARKER: Those are several 3 different questions. You said --4 MS. KAHLOW: You pointed to one 5 building that was a C and was 130. And I'm asking what the heights are, because you're 6 looking for the context, listening to your 7 8 discussion, are all of the other buildings to 9 the west. 10 allowed MR. PARKER: No, the 11 heights to the west are 90 feet or less in 12 many places. 13 Thank you. Now let's MS. KAHLOW: 14 thing, environmental move to the next 15 Under the PD evaluation standards concerns. 16 in both your set down and final reports, OP 17 stated page five of the set down, June 30th, 18 page five of the 11/10 final report, OP stated 19 "the community has expressed concern regarding 20 the environmental impacts of the project and OP shares these concerns". 21 What specific

concerns of the community share and which ones

1	does OP not share?
2	MR. PARKER: We share the concern
3	of healthy air in the city, and we want to
4	make sure that this project follows the same
5	rules that every other project has to follow
6	to ensure environmental compliance.
7	MS. KAHLOW: And what do you not
8	share? What other concerns?
9	MR. PARKER: I don't know the
10	answer to that question.
11	MS. KAHLOW: So you were only
12	talking about air quality?
13	MR. PARKER: I mean, we've
14	obviously interested in sustainable design,
15	green roofs. You'd have to list your other
16	concerns.
17	MS. KAHLOW: We will.
18	MR. PARKER: Okay.
19	MS. KAHLOW: What is OP's view of
20	the impact of Square 54 proposal on the
21	already failing traffic, especially around
22	Washington Circle and the impact that would

1 have on air quality? MR. PARKER: I would have to defer 2 3 to DDOT on that question. What is OP's view of 4 MS. KAHLOW: 5 impact on air the adverse and light proposed 130 foot building at the corner of 6 7 22nd and I, the circle, around the circle, Schneider's Triangle, the low scale buildings, 8 9 the 3 Washington Circle, and across 10 street in the Presidential Condominium at 2141 11 I. What is your view of the impact, adverse 12 air and light for all impact on 13 properties? 14 MR. PARKER: There are significant 15 buffers between those properties and this 16 property. I believe they are University-owned 17 buildings between all the properties you just 18 mentioned. And the Schneider's 19 MS. KAHLOW: 20 Triangle, there's nothing other than 21 Washington Circle, and that's the landmarked, 22 historic landmarked buildings that are low-

1	scale, all under 60 feet, and they'd be look
2	at 130 feet and for which we'll be asking
3	about shadows. As you know, what is OP's view
4	of the adverse impact on air and light for the
5	Schneider's Triangle little townhouses?
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Where is
7	Schneider's Triangle?
8	MR. PARKER: Is that across?
9	MS. KAHLOW: If you look at
10	Washington Circle, if you may, to the north,
11	tiny bit northeast, because Schneider's
12	Triangle is a whole wedge of Schneider's
13	Triangle
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: The whole
15	other side of Washington Circle.
16	MS. KAHLOW: Exactly opposite.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, I got
18	it.
19	MS. KAHLOW: Just to make sure we
20	know, there's what he's talking about is
21	one building down Penn. There is the IFC.
22	Then there's Schneider's Triangle. Then

1	there's 3 and 1 Washington Circle, and then
2	the rest of it.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Got it.
4	MS. KAHLOW: So it's a huge area,
5	all of which is very low scale. The question
6	is, that's why we are going to air and light
7	and shadow studies. What did
8	MR. PARKER: The property you're
9	talking is across from Washington Circle.
10	MS. KAHLOW: Exactly.
11	MR. PARKER: I'd put a guesstimate
12	that there's 700, 800 feet there. I don't see
13	any light or air issues.
14	MS. KAHLOW: Have you studied it?
15	Have you done shadow studies?
16	MR. PARKER: I believe the
17	Applicant has done a shadow study. I have not
18	reviewed the shadow studies.
19	MS. KAHLOW: They told us they
20	have not, but you have no concern. How about
21	Washington Circle, which is the other 1 and
22	3 Washington Circle, as you're moving west

1	also on circle, the condominiums there.
2	As you know, a witness has already
3	testified about that in the campus plan case,
4	about his air and light, and I'm asking for
5	this case?
6	MR. PARKER: Once again, those
7	properties are 600 to 800 feet away. There
8	are no shadow issues across Washington Circle.
9	MS. KAHLOW: Since there are no
10	shadow studies, you just are assuming that?
11	MR. PARKER: Correct.
12	MS. KAHLOW: Okay, what is OP's
13	view of the impact of Square 54 proposal on
14	the already unacceptable air quality? You
15	said you're concerned about air quality. The
16	question is what is your view of the impact of
17	this proposal, height and density?
18	MR. PARKER: I'm not qualified to
19	answer that question.
20	MS. KAHLOW: Since you are not,
21	what part of the District is qualified to
22	answer that?

1 PARKER: Department of the MR. 2 Environment, I would say. 3 MS. KAHLOW: Department of Health. 4 Have you consulted with the Department of 5 Health since OP is concerned about air And I'm going to be asking that 6 quality? 7 specifically because the December 9, 1999

8 memorandum, which is already in the record 9 that says there is essentially no remaining

air resource margin in the 23rd street quality

just south of Washington Circle. This area

will experience CO, peak CO concentrations

that are just below the applicable health

14 | standard.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

I will be quoting, and I can do it now if this is helpful, because I would like to ask you about it. The rest of that report, which I only recently received that I think I would ask I would wonder why OP not has not asked Department of Health for -- just one more sentence.

Department of Health further

advised Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs, to whom the memo was sent, "we have also concluded that it is important for both our agencies to pay close attention to future permit applications for the use of either the existing building or land at the site of the current GW University Hospital Site, Square 54. The University Hospital system did not its contractor to take into account ask traffic that might be generated in the future by or at the existing site. Insofar as the technical analysis being used to support the application permit for the replacement hospital project does not take into account air pollution that might be generated by such a future use in Square 54, please be advised that future uses at this site, Square 54, may be found to be highly constrained".

In light of that memo, why didn't

OP ask the Department of Health or

Environment, whatever its current name is, for

its review?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

MR. PARKER: Because this isn't the appropriate time. The Applicant will be dealing with that review when they apply for building permits, and at that time they will have a responsibility to meet or exceed those standards. If they don't, at that time they will have to deal with the consequences of that.

MS. KAHLOW: Can you explain to me that? Maybe I'm a little dense here. My understanding is that the whole point of the PUD process was to ask all the District agencies, as DDOT is one, Health is whatever, to opine at this stage in the planning stage why would that not be -- we're not talking about an environmental impact statement here.

We're asking for what's already in the record for you to ask, since you said OP was concerned about air quality. That's what you said. Why didn't you ask, why didn't OP ask the Department of Health for their input, just like DDOT?

2.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Did you make
2	a referral to them?
3	MR. PARKER: I'll go through my
4	records. I believe we did. They don't, as a
5	matter of course, respond to our referrals for
6	PUDs. And I can confirm, if you'd like, that
7	we did send them a referral. But they don't
8	respond to PUD referral requests.
9	They have another stage in the
10	process at which they get involved.
11	MS. KAHLOW: As you know in our
12	testimony, we're going to be asking
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I know what
14	you're going to ask for.
15	MS. KAHLOW: Right, I understand.
16	But this is not just a blind question, and I
17	believe since Mr. Parker testified that OP was
18	concerned about air quality and it was at the
19	set down stage that we since made
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, let's
21	just go on.
22	MS. KAHLOW: Second Metro

1	entrance. OP's report page six, Final Report
2	states "OP continues to recommend a
3	significant monetary contribution towards the
4	design and engineering of a potential second
5	entrance." What is OP's recommended
6	significant monetary contribution?
7	MR. PARKER: The Applicant has
8	offered \$100,000, I believe, toward the
9	engineering study.
10	MS. KAHLOW: That's correct. The
11	question is is that your recommendation, not
12	theirs? I'm asking your recommendation. I
13	understand that Mr. Peter Johnson talked about
14	he said up to \$100,00, just so you know.
15	What is your recommended significant monetary
16	contribution? His words were up to.
17	MR. PARKER: We've recommended in
18	favor of the project with that as one of the
19	amenities.
20	MS. KAHLOW: And how much money
21	was my question. How much would the
22	significant monetary contribution do you think

is appropriate?

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

MR. PARKER: As I've said, we've determined that that is adequate for us to recommend approval of the project with the \$100,000 contribution.

MS. KAHLOW: It's up to \$100,000.

My question is what number should it be instead the up to? Do you want an up to?

MR. PARKER: It's our understanding that it would be a \$100,000 contribution.

MS. KAHLOW: Okay. OP's report goes further on the same section. I'm not sure it's the same page, let me -- it's page state for discussions six. To of Applicant, OP is amenable to a clause that would assign this money to another public project in the immediate area should the Metro project not move forward. What other public projects in the immediate area were or are being considered and was there or will there be any community input into this list?

1	MR. PARKER: Absolutely. We are
2	open to your input.
3	MS. KAHLOW: Have you spoken
4	since you wrote this, what are OP's views at
5	this point?
6	MR. PARKER: At this point, we
7	haven't like I said, we haven't put a lot
8	of time into contingency plans.
9	MS. KAHLOW: That was for the
10	grocery. That's also for the Metro?
11	MR. PARKER: Absolutely. If the
12	Metro we fully expect the Metro to
13	progress. If it doesn't, we're open to
14	suggestions on where that money could go.
15	MS. KAHLOW: This is the \$100,000?
16	Okay, well let's go to the rest of this, going
17	to the grocery business. On Exhibit G that
18	Mr. Hitchcock, I think, referred to, I'd like
19	to understand can we pull that? Do you
20	have that before you?
21	MR. PARKER: Exhibit G in the new
22	file?

1 MS. KAHLOW: This is the Supplemental 2 Applicant's December 26 3 Submission that Ms. Mitten, I think, referred Chairman Mitten referred to. 4 This is 5 Exhibit G. It's a one pager. Can we all get it front of us? 6 7 Could you walk me through, since 8 I'm a little dense, exactly what the proposal 9 is here that the PUD would be valid for two 10 They could then apply for building years? 11 permit, then they could what in another two 12 years, two years, two years? 13 Could you just walk me through the 14 years so I could understand it? Because the 15 way I read it is, is it at least eight years 16 before they consider that the building, as someone said, the building be built that the 17 18 grocery store may be a no go? Is that the way 19 you read it? Could you walk me through this? 20 MR. PARKER: No, I believe what this says is that the first thing that will be 21

all of the below-ground

constructed

are

1	spaces, the parking, the loading, including
2	the retail. And so the grocery store will be
3	built prior to the Applicant building office,
4	residential, or retail portions of the
5	building.
6	MS. KAHLOW: I'm trying to
7	understand the years. Could you walk me
8	through the years? How many years does this
9	exhibit talk about?
10	MR. PARKER: Well, Phase One must
11	be started within two years of approval.
12	MS. KAHLOW: So that's for
13	building permit?
14	MR. PARKER: That's correct.
15	MS. KAHLOW: And then what
16	happens? You commence construction after
17	another two years?
18	MR. PARKER: I'm not qualified to
19	talk about the building process. It could
20	yes, I don't understand
21	MS. KAHLOW: And then the
22	Certificate of Occupancy I'm trying to

The way I count this and when we 1 understand. ask the Applicant, I get at least eight, and 2 3 I wanted to see if you have also started counting this. It would be helpful because 4 5 you have more experience than I do. So you're trying to 6 MR. PARKER: 7 determine what the longest period of time before this building could be put up is? 8 9 MS. KAHLOW: Before the grocery 10 store might be there. 11 MR. PARKER: The grocery store 12 could be there -- well, the PUD is valid for 13 two years at which point they have to have a 14 building permit. At that point, yes, 15 appears that they have to have within two years of then they have to have a Certificate 16 17 of Occupancy for those improvements. 18 grocery store will be built and occupiable 19 within four years. And what will be the 20 MS. KAHLOW: 21 longest period was my question, not the 22 shortest period?

1	MR. PARKER: Four years. That is
2	the longest period.
3	MS. KAHLOW: When would they have
4	to go back to the last C? When would they
5	have to return to the Zoning Commission
6	reconsideration? I count eight years, but
7	maybe I'm not counting right. Could you walk
8	me through that, because it's C, it's not B.
9	MR. PARKER: I mean
10	MS. KAHLOW: As Ms. Mitten
11	responded earlier, they could have the space
12	developed, but not occupied.
13	MR. PARKER: But it says, you'll
14	note, in A, Section A, that within two years
15	of receipt of Certificate of Occupancy, they
16	shall commence construction of Phase Two. So
17	they have, they have to get a Certificate of
18	Occupancy for Phase One within two years.
19	MS. KAHLOW: First they have to
20	get the building permit, then they have to
21	build it?
22	MR. PARKER: Correct.

1	MS. KAHLOW: Then they have to get
2	the Certificate of Occupancy, and then have
3	MR. PARKER: One in the same.
4	Those aren't two years per step.
5	MS. KAHLOW: How long is building?
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Can I just
7	help out here?
8	MS. KAHLOW: You are an expert,
9	and I couldn't ask you. That would be
10	wonderful for someone to explain this.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Without going
12	through and assigning times, they have to
13	apply for a building permit for Phase One
14	within two years.
15	MS. KAHLOW: That's correct. And
16	how long
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Depending on
18	how people manage these processes and
19	typically they are required to start
20	construction within three years. That's not
21	written in here, but that's typically how we
22	write the order. So assuming they start

1	construction within three years, you can
2	actually make construction last a long time.
3	Typically, they don't because it's not
4	productive, but sometimes depending on what
5	the economy is doing. So let's say it takes
6	them two years to build it, so if they apply
7	for the building permit in two years, start
8	construction in three years. It takes two
9	years to build, they can have a Certificate of
10	Occupancy within five years of the issuance of
11	the order for Phase One.
12	And then they have to within two
13	years of that, start Phase Two, or apply for
14	the building permit for Phase Two or start
15	construction of Phase Two. So the bottom line
16	is it could take a long time.
17	MS. KAHLOW: Thank you.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That was my
19	concern take a long time.
20	MS. KAHLOW: Thank you. That's
21	
	what I wanted to be on the record.

expert rendering of that.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

MS. KAHLOW: Exhibit F in the same submission mentions that the traffic people say that this site is in the CBD. Is it? Commercial Business District? Is this site in Foggy Bottom in the Commercial Business District? Central Business District?

MR. PARKER: Technically, I don't believe that it is.

Thank you. Now let's MS. KAHLOW: go to the other part here, and this will be the end of my questioning. This is also in this submission. Exhibit B, to which we've already seen. Since this is a freestanding submission, this PUD and the campus plan may or may not ever happen, how do you feel, how does OP feel about the 142 feet juxtaposed to the 35 feet, 85 feet, 85 feet, 85 feet? does OP feel about the 142 feet? Would it overpower or not these other sites right directly across the street?

MR. PARKER: We've conditioned our

approval on approval of the campus plan. So we don't feel it's appropriate. We feel it's appropriate with a 110, 110, and 100.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

MS. KAHLOW: I see. So 142 is appropriate with 110? Is that what you are saying? Because I see 85 still across the street on I Street in the new version too. How can 142 be appropriate against 85 and those two buildings on I Street and the Presidential Condominium at 80 feet.

MR. PARKER: It's not necessary that the heights imitate each other and be the There is the opportunity for variety in heights, and certainly the most appropriate place for height on the campus, determined through the campus plan is in this We've determined that this is campus core. the most appropriate part. This is the part furthest from Washington Circle, furthest from surrounding other uses including residential uses.

MS. KAHLOW: Is the 142 feet

1	consistent with the Height Act, since it is in
2	reality 142 feet even if they're measuring it
3	and calling it
4	MR. PARKER: Technically it is.
5	MS. KAHLOW: Technically it is.
6	Has there been an analysis of that by the
7	Council? By any of your various Councils, in
8	I don't know which Council would be the right
9	one to have opined on that.
10	MR. PARKER: Oh, my attorney. No,
11	no. I mean, the people that will make the
12	decision on that are the people in front of
13	you.
14	MS. KAHLOW: I was just
15	remembering two blocks away the WETA case
16	where
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
18	MS. KAHLOW: I'm asking if you had
19	done the analysis.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: He said no.
21	MS. KAHLOW: The answer is no.
22	

1	Parker. Thank you very much.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.
3	MR. PARKER: Happy New Year.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, I don't
5	know that there's any other government
6	agencies represented here tonight. No one
7	ventured back from DDOT?
8	(Laughter.)
9	Okay, we're ready for the ANC
10	report then.
11	(Pause.)
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr.
12 13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr.  Hitchcock, I have a question for you.
13	Hitchcock, I have a question for you.
13 14	Hitchcock, I have a question for you.  MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes, ma'am.
13 14 15	Hitchcock, I have a question for you.  MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes, ma'am.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Since Mr.
13 14 15 16	Hitchcock, I have a question for you.  MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes, ma'am.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Since Mr.  Thomas is joining you guys at the table, is
13 14 15 16 17	Hitchcock, I have a question for you.  MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes, ma'am.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Since Mr.  Thomas is joining you guys at the table, is this going to be a combined how is this, is
13 14 15 16 17 18	Hitchcock, I have a question for you.  MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes, ma'am.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Since Mr.  Thomas is joining you guys at the table, is this going to be a combined how is this, is this going to be strictly ANC or?
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Hitchcock, I have a question for you.  MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes, ma'am.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Since Mr.  Thomas is joining you guys at the table, is this going to be a combined how is this, is this going to be strictly ANC or?  MR. HITCHCOCK: This is strictly

1	limitation. But this ANC direct testimony.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, just
3	wanted to make sure.
4	MR. MICONE: Happy New Year.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: To Mr.
6	Micone. Happy New Year to you too.
7	MR. MICONE: Madam Chair, Members
8	of the Commission, thank you for the
9	opportunity to provide testimony at tonight's
10	hearing. I am Vince Micone, a member of the
11	Foggy Bottom and West End Advisory
12	Neighborhood Commission. I reside at 1099
13	22nd Street, Northwest, and was elected to ANC
14	2A in 2004. And since 2005, I've served as
15	the Commission's Chairperson. I am joined by
16	Commissioner Michael Thomas. We are here
17	tonight representing the position of ANC 2A,
18	which is accorded great weight in these
19	proceedings.
20	Let me begin by acknowledging the
21	other ANC 2 Commissioners and former
22	Commissioners present this evening.

1 While do not with we agree 2 unanimity in this case, their various 3 perspectives are appreciated on these matters. The decisions which you make in this case, and 4 5 the will related campus plan cases dramatically impact our neighborhood. 6 Ιt 7 should not be surprising then that these cases contested 8 been highly have within our 9 community. 10 From the very day that Ι was 11 elected, I have been in some way involved in 12 the debate regarding the future of Square 54 13 and its effect on Foggy Bottom, the West End, 14 and GW. 15 While some have testified that ANC 16 2A is insensitive to students and ardently 17 opposes -- and is ardently opposed to anything 18 that the University proposes, nothing could be 19 further from the truth. 20 The Commission listened to а variety of perspectives in many meetings and 21

sessions about this application over a nearly

two year period. I can think of no set of cases during my tenure involved with neighborhood matters that has garnered more attention, nor has more thoughtful consideration been given to the impact of any set of zoning matters.

However, consideration of these types of matters should never be construed as unfettered support. ANC 2A voted to oppose this application at a meeting on November 9, 2006. Our vote continued to reflect the intensity of the debate and was not unanimous. We believe that this application cannot be taken in a vacuum. The combined impact of this application and the proposed campus plan will dramatically alter the future of our neighborhood.

In and of itself, the Square 54 proposal will involve three massive buildings within the campus boundaries that do not directly contribute to meeting GW's educational mission.

Instead of a mixed use, they could for example 1 include the proposed Cancer Center, Student 2 3 Housing, commercial retail, and perhaps some offices. 4 5 We were asked to support a land use proposal which will be used to fund 6 7 increase densities throughout the campus, 8 growth that could be relieved by using Square 9 54 or some portion of it to meet the academic 10 needs of the institution. The majority of the 11 Commission could not support that proposal. 12 And as you have asked Commissioner 13 Hood, I am the Commissioner for the Single 14 Member District that incorporates about 90 15 percent of the campus. Commissioner Thomas 16 will now more fully explain ANC 2A's position. CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 17 Hold on one 18 second. 19 Mr. Feola. 20 MR. FEOLA: Madam Chair, Paul Feola for the Applicant. I just would like to 21 22 register our objection to -- as I've paged

1 through Mr. Thomas' testimony, it seems to go 2. way beyond the resolution that was passed by 3 the ANC and there's no indication that his testimony has the blessing or the vote of the 4 5 entire ANC, which I understand was 3 to 2, so it seems like he has to give the ANC report, 6 7 not embellish on it as much. CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 8 Okay, would 9 to address that before you you care 10 further, Mr. Thomas? 11 MR. THOMAS: Madam Chair, Ι 12 believe that the arguments and the facts 13 marshalled for the arguments are all fair 14 expressions and extensions of the points of 15 objection that were stated in the letter. 16 Things, of course, move on. 17 respond in part to what goes into the record 18 and so I have done that. But I think the 19 basic objections that the Commission voted on 20 in its November meeting, I have attempted to 21 elaborate on in written testimony.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN:

22

Okay.

1 MR. THOMAS: We could simply read the letter, but I don't believe that's what's 2. 3 called for here. Well, if Mr. 4 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 5 Feola has specific points, he'll ask you about them on cross examination that he wants to 6 find out if you have the authority of the ANC 7 to go there. 8

So please proceed.

MR. THOMAS: Thank you very much. And thank you, Madam Chair, and Members of the Commission. I am Michael Thomas. I reside at 2501 M Street, N.W. in the West End, where I serve as Commissioner for ANC 2A-02. I will talk to you briefly about several of the issues specifically raised by the provisions of the application, including size, amenities and traffic.

We all recognize, however, that this is the third of a trio of applications which with together would add 2.8 million square feet of constructed space and the human

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

activity it would generate to the 5.6 million square feet GW currently occupies in Foggy Bottom.

As Mr. Katz testified, GW's proposal for Square 54 is a key element of GW's integrated development strategy as a university. It is an integral part of their campus plan and the proposed uses must be seen as accessory University uses, just as the University was, just as they argue in another case that Quigley's is.

The three sets of applications must accordingly be reviewed in the aggregate to determine what effects, good and bad, they will have on the neighborhood and the city, and to determine whether they comply with the law and are consistent with the policy.

The three applications demand that this Commission repudiate the core standards of the campus plan regs which are intended to limit aggressive institutional growth so that it does not negatively impact, much less

displace, existing residential neighborhoods.

GW requests that you apply neither the quantitative caps on density that the plan regulation imposes, campus separate qualitative limits which prohibit further development if the requested University likely use would become objectionable.

It's beyond serious dispute, given the historical documents that have been developed over past cases that the result would be a campus that would put enormous pressure on the small surviving part of the historical residential community.

Until their most recent filing in the campus plan case, GW had one argument for this result. They ask you to find that denominating their requests PUD as applications with zoning changes to C-3-C or C-4, meant that the special exception standards of Section 210 would be inapplicable to the increased massing that they request.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Accepting that approach, you can't differentiate t.hat. from other special exception uses and that would then allow 88 which other require special uses now exceptions, everything from radio antenna to stables to be allowed in PUDs without applying established standards which are specifically designed in each case to protect adjacent properties.

That would be a dramatic departure from prior decisions and a violation of the fundamental policy of the comprehensive plan to protect, preserve and enhance existing residential neighborhoods.

it We believe would also be unlawful, but at the very least nothing this Commission compels apply the to regulations in such a way.

In its proposed findings in the campus plan case, GW for the first time makes the argument that their proposals actually comply with the FAR limits of Section 210.3.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

In order to reach that absurd result, 1 argues that when the section limits gross 2 3 floor area to that "prescribed for the R-5-D district", it really means 4 that 5 allowed under a PUD. Excluding nonresidential 6 properties, GW then calculates their FAR after 7 proposed buildings are constructed will be 3.9 8 in the aggregate, less than the 4.5 allowed 9 for a PUD in a property zoned R-5-D. 10 We would first note that this 11 novel interpretation of Section 210.3 strains 12 that language beyond recognition. The 13 language could have specified gross floor area limit prescribed for R-5-D district under 14 15 Chapter 24 and did not do so. 16 But perhaps the best proof of what 17 is meant by the plain language of Section 210 18 is the meaning that has been attributed to it 19 by GW, by OP and by regulators over the past 20 many years. 21 2000 In its plan campus

application, GW acknowledged "the aggregated

3.5 FAR ceiling permitted under the zoning regulations" for University uses in residential districts. That was the basis upon which BZA considered the application. 2004, proceedings in the F Street on Ms. Prince, Mr. Barber and the dormitory, Office of Planning all specified that the limit was an aggregate 3.5. They agreed further that despite the fact the application was for a PUD, all of the added massing would count against the limit. Ms. Prince noted that "Corporation Counsel agreed wholeheartedly" with that interpretation.

OP favored the PUD for an F Street dormitory in 2004, but on the understanding that, and I quote, "Foggy Bottom was at a critical tipping point of ceasing to be a neighborhood in its own right and becoming a glorified campus" and that there was accordingly a need for an overall plan to set out how GW, and I'm quoting again, "how GW plans to use its dwindling supply of available

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

FAR under its current cap to meet its obligations under the campus plan." That was Ellen McCarthy in 2004.

In her final report on the current application, the former Director of Planning never even asked the question whether this massive project alone or in conjunction with the campus plan and Square 80 applications would cause objectionable impacts in the residential neighborhood, let alone make any attempt to quantify those impacts.

Clearly, enforcing Section 210's requirements as she and everyone else had heretofore understood them, to proposals for 50 percent increase in massing and associated human activity would require rejection of applications. the Only by ignoring Section 210 and substituting the subjective and essentially standardless approach to Chapter 24 can these applications even be considered.

For the reason the ANC, the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Federation of Citizens Associations and the Committee of 100 for the Federal City set out in the campus plan case, we believe that Ms.

McCarthy's approach in the 1999 hospital case which we describe below is the correct one to be applied in this case.

If Section 210 applies to a 90-foot tall, for-profit hospital, it should apply to 130-foot tall for-profit complex just next door.

Talking about height and massing as proposed on Square 54. Since I wrote this, I have seen the exhibits. I just got today a copy of the materials filed, dated the 26th by the Applicant. And so I'd note that the tallest of the buildings on Square 54 is now shown to be 142 as measured from the base of the building on I Street or nearly 50 feet higher than the hospital actually. That map demonstrates it's 42, not 50.

Those buildings would loom over Washington Circle, dwarfing the buildings on

the other side. I'm specifically talking about people who live in 3 Washington Circle from whom we've heard.

Every hearing and meeting relating to Square 54, especially those with ULI, have made clear that Square 54's location L'Enfant Circle, Pennsylvania Avenue, on midway between the White House and Georgetown, makes it a developer's dream. That, in turn, prospective cash cow makes it а for University that can create an endowment only through real estate development. This motivation is understandable, but it cannot overcome the policies of the comprehensive plan and the campus plan regulations which require much more modest plans for this site.

Square 54 is the largest developable parcel available for University uses within the campus boundaries, but this proposal would dedicate none of it to core University uses. Any core University use, that is, education, housing students, any such

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

use located on Square 54 would relieve development pressure on the rest of the campus foot for foot and proportionally reduce impacts on the co-located neighborhood.

In 2003, Ms. McCarthy stated that OP had "strongly urged GW to consider" student housing on Square 54, but GW demurred. In the proceedings on the current campus plan, the BZA accepted that Square 54 could be used for a range of uses, but also accepted GW's assurances that it would be able to accommodate its University functions within its remaining FAR under the Section 210.

Instead, what this proposal does is place more massing on Square 54 than GW has remaining under that limit by their calculation, 867,000 square feet satisfying 837,000, all of the none University's education-related needs and without counting any of the massing against the FAR limit. In fact, under the reading of the regulations that the Applicant urges, none

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

of the 2.8 million square feet of new construction would count against the FAR limit, so that they would end, as they began with over 800,000 square feet remaining.

This result should be compared with the position urged by Ellen McCarthy in 1999. Then she testified as an expert in the proceedings in the application to build a new hospital. That was not a PUD application. It involved a code maximum 90-foot building to be used by a for-profit company for accessory University uses immediately adjacent to Square 54.

Ms. McCarthy applied the standards of Section 210.1 and .2 and set out numerous reasons that the proposed hospital is objectionable, including its massing adjacent to the historic district and the predictable effects of noise, traffic and compromised pedestrian safety. And I won't go through the rest of that. Her testimony is set out at Exhibit D.

The point really is that as an expert and as everyone else understood, Section 210 would be applied.

I want to talk about amenities starting first with student housing which seems to have a different shape and form or life, depending upon when people are talking about it, as well as grocery stores and other amenities.

Before the ANC, GW's representative told us that no student who rented an apartment in Square 54's new buildings would be counted against GW's obligation to house students on campus. appears to be incorrect, at last under the language proposed by the University under Condition 12, because that defines on-campus beds to include those on properties in which the University has an ownership interest. Because GW would continue to hold fee title to this property, beds in the new apartments would qualify.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

We note, moreover, that OP lists as the second and presumably therefore in their minds significant public benefit, the project would provide the asserted fact that the newly available apartments "may encourage more students to live on campus and relieve some of the rental housing pressure by students in the surrounding neighborhood."

For that to be a benefit to the community that is substantive and reliable, approval of the application should conditioned dedicating substantial upon residential space to student housing. Otherwise, few students may rent there and yet another public benefit would prove to be minimal or nonexistent.

Even under the subjective PUD standards of Section 2403.3, requiring only that impacts to the surrounding area be favorable, capable of being mitigated or acceptable, given the quality of public benefits in the project, in the amenities

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

offered here don't begin to balance the impacts inherent in a huge project of this kind.

The most prominently emphasized neighborhood retail including amenity, grocery store, is perhaps the least credible. If you would walk the area accompanied by a long-time resident, you would be shown where grocery stores have failed, Columbia Plaza and where retail placement T. Street; has struggled, the Ritz complex; and where retail stores have closed, the Watergate in 2000 Penn.

2000 Penn is perhaps instructive, since it is owned by GW and is at the other end of the promised vibrant retail streetscape. The Gap Store there has closed. Tower Records is bankrupt. The windows are covered with paper and for rent signs.

The developers here assert that by developing a critical mass of 84,000 square feet of retail this project will avoid a

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

similar fate and imply that asking them to have a credible plan B available is therefore unnecessary and therefore unreasonable.

An adequate response to that is Georgetown Park. According to its leasing agent that elegant shopping complex contains 300,000 square feet of retail space. It has lost several destination stores and commonly has extensive vacancies, even though it offers substantial parking and is located in the midst of an extended shopping area.

The only successful grocery store addition in Foggy Bottom or West End in years is Trader Joe's in the new Columbia Residence project. That happened only with a very large financial inducement, seven figure financial inducement, over and above what the developers could otherwise do from the Foggy Bottom Association.

The space proffered as a possible grocery store at Square 54 is below grade, cut up by structural members and offers limited

2.

parking. Only 25,000 square feet is promised, although a 40,000 square foot plus full service grocery store was often cited by GW officials and their development team during open community meetings. That would suggest that the project depends for its viability on chains developing hybrid urban store models and suggest yet another specialty or boutique store rather than a full-service supermarket.

recommends t.hat. failure OΡ t.o obtain a grocery store should require the Applicant to return to the Zoning Commission, but it is not clear what that means. And since I wrote this, we've seen Exhibit G --I'm still not sure what Exhibit G means, but it certainly means that it could be some years before we know whether there is a grocery store and we would suggest that the mechanism they're talking about there which means we get several steps down the road and then we come back to the Zoning Commission and talk about something else to do when this is

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

principal amenity is simply not a -- I mean that is not a procedure in which any of us should have any confidence.

The Zoning Commission, rather, should require proof of a binding, contractual commitment for a full service supermarket, together with meaningful performance guaranties as a condition to issuance of building permits for any part of the project.

At a meeting of the D.C. Building Industry Association of November 9, 2006, Peter Otney of Boston Properties discussed this proposed project. He said the project would be built in stages with the garage going in first, then the commercial office space, but the residential component would have to await firming of the market. Note the grocery store and other retail are part of the residential project which is itself seen as an amenity by OP at least.

The implication is that the construction that comprises the proffered

amenities might be some years in the future and the Chair has laid out what that would likely be in any event.

But the opportunity cost of committing this critical site to commercial office space instead of core University uses and the impacts generated from commercial uses would then be largely irreversible, if we're not careful. We obviously can structure this, but what we are saying is if this is their principal proffered amenity, then it ought to be cast in stone so that it cannot possibly go away before any of these non-University uses are too far committed to reprieve.

Briefly on traffic. The traffic Applicant study submitted by the credible, at least to lay observers who live We rely on Mr. Mehra presented by nearby. If one gives credence to the proffered amenities, a vibrant shopping district will substantial numbers necessarily draw of customers in While Applicant's cars.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

assumption is that 60 percent of shoppers will not use automobiles, we have, unfortunately, not arrived at the point, I don't believe, where most Americans will do their shopping for groceries and clothes and other items on foot or by Metro. I mean if this is a full-service grocery store, if people are going to go get four, six bags of groceries, they're going to be in a car.

The Applicant's assertion that a new mixed-use complex over 40 percent of the size of the Empire State Building will add little to traffic congestion in an area where several intersections are at level of service, even after drive times defies logic.

The assumption that background traffic in the area will grow at only half a percent per annum is also dubious, given that DDOT used an assumption of 1.0 percent a year for its 2006 Lower West End traffic study.

Mr. Laden testified that DDOT uses the higher number to be reasonably

conservative and conceded that the two assumptions would generate significantly different results over time.

In conclusion, what we're really asking is as to all of these interrelated, interdependent applications, I think we all need to take a step back and realize what this really commits. Reasonable residential development and neighborhood-friendly retail would be welcome in Foggy Bottom and West End, always would be. The core problem here is that these elements come only as part of the truly massive over-development of the 40-acre GW campus, as well as this particular site, and require acceptable of a legal scheme that omits the regulations' protections of the existing residential neighborhood aggressive institutional growth.

The other problems, the outsized proposal for this lot, noncredible amenities, invalid traffic studies, environmental issues are all serious, but our focus must continue

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

to be on the big picture. GW is asking that they be, for all intents and purposes exempted from meaningful control of their growth.

of the residential So much neighborhood, as was within the current campus boundaries in the 1980s is now pretty much The southern tier of apartment houses is under enormous pressure. The historic district is becoming а beleaguered penetrated, by which I mean lots of students and student-based activities there, although it's not owned by the University. It's becoming an island.

The enduring policies the comprehensive plan requiring protection and of enhancement existing residential neighborhoods which find expression in Section 210 should this have prevented institutionalization of Foggy Bottom. We call on you to reject the applications or cut them back to the size the regulation has in mind.

Once again, Mr. Micone and I thank

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	you for considering this ANC position.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.
3	Anything else, Mr. Hitchcock? Okay.
4	Questions from the Commission for
5	the ANC.
6	Mr. Hood?
7	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam
8	Chair. First of all, let me congratulate all
9	of the Commissioners for being sworn in again
10	yesterday and your continued service.
11	In the exhibit that was dated by
12	the Applicant for December 26th, do you have
13	this in front of you?
14	I wanted to refer to the maps. We
15	have one excuse me, we have one that's
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: This is at
17	Exhibit B.
18	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Exhibit B.
19	But we have one in Exhibit B that is existing
20	conditions and proposed. And help me with my
21	orientation.
22	I Street runs north and south,

1	east-west?
2	MR. THOMAS: It runs east-west.
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay, I
4	Street runs east-west. You would think I
5	didn't live here. Okay, I Street runs east-
6	west.
7	What I'm interested in on I
8	Street, I guess it's on the southeast side, on
9	the existing conditions, there's a building
10	that's 35 feet. What is that and what is that
11	use?
12	MR. MICONE: That is a townhouse
12 13	MR. MICONE: That is a townhouse that the University owns, I believe that they
13	that the University owns, I believe that they
13 14	that the University owns, I believe that they use, I'm not certain what the use is for, but
13 14 15	that the University owns, I believe that they use, I'm not certain what the use is for, but that is University-owned property.
13 14 15 16	that the University owns, I believe that they use, I'm not certain what the use is for, but that is University-owned property.  VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: So that's
13 14 15 16 17	that the University owns, I believe that they use, I'm not certain what the use is for, but that is University-owned property.  VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: So that's not a residential home or anything?
13 14 15 16 17 18	that the University owns, I believe that they use, I'm not certain what the use is for, but that is University-owned property.  VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: So that's not a residential home or anything?  MR. MICONE: No.

issues and I know you have some other issues

with level of service, traffic and as you mentioned in your testimony, one of the major issues, the way I understand it, the way I'm understanding it, is the 90 feet. We're going over 90 feet.

MR. MICONE: Well, certainly, I would offer that that was one of the issues that residents brought up during the process that OP, ANC-2A and the University jointly sponsored. This was community feedback on a variety of development issues. And I know at least at every meeting that I attended, 90 feet was discussed as a height for the property on Square 54. The grocery store was discussed. There were many, many other issues which have been catalogued. But that was a very significant issue to many people.

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay, so it's a little more in depth. If I was just to say we would not approve anything over a height, I'm just talking hypothetically, because I never know what's going to happen up

here. But 90 feet, those other issues are still major, about the grocery store. I'm just trying to get a feel if there's any consensus that we can make some kind of consensus.

MR. MICONE: Well, certainly I think a building that is 90 feet would be more acceptable to the neighborhood and fit more into the fabric of that area. Ι frankly, I look right out my living room window at this area and there will be an extremely tall building that will be going in that even was taller as we saw in this description than we may have really realized. And frankly, I very much appreciate the requested additional renderings because really put in context what it is going to look like around Washington Circle.

I believe that smaller development would be better at that site. I mean, I think you would ask every Commissioner, every neighbor who came to these meetings and they

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

would have a different opinion of what should go there from a park to something even more dramatic than what's being proposed. again, the one thing I remember that it was brought up at every single listening session was the 90-foot height. CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Could I just piggyback this, which on is there is combination of things going on here and the height issue comes up in part because the proposal doesn't include 100 percent lot

12

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

13

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

MR. MICONE:

more acceptable?

Ts

Well, the height is Obviously, the density of the one issue. Square 54 development in and of itself is

occupancy. So is it if the Applicant were to,

I'm just trying to test out what is really at

it the visual

taller building and the same density mashed

down and spread out more so there's less, so

there's not the park and so on. Would that be

impact of

issue.

another concern. How many vehicles will be coming to the development? What will be the impact of the housing? What percentage of the folks in the residential portion will have vehicles versus others who might simply be using Metro? There are a lot of questions that arise in that, and frankly our problem really with this is if we would have been looking just at Square 54 alone without the campus plan proposal, it may have provided a different scenario for the ANC to consider.

We couldn't just look at this development without considering the fact that across the street, where that 35-foot building is, there's a proposal, if you turn the next page, to go to 110 feet. And so you look at Square 54 and you can't take that out of context without turning the page, because that's the reality of what we're going to have to look at and live with in our community.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I'm going to ask a more direct question, which is does the

1	community, for instance, do you care about the
2	public plaza that's been proffered?
3	MR. MICONE: I believe many
4	believe it is attractive, but I don't think
5	it's viewed as an amenity.
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
7	MR. MICONE: To others than those
8	on Square 54.
9	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. All
10	right, Mr. Hood. Did you have anything else?
11	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I'm
12	finished. Thank you.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anybody else?
14	Mr. Parsons.
15	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: On the same
16	line of thinking.
17	Mr Thomas, your last sentence, "we
18	call on you to reject these applications or
19	cut them back to size." I'm not sure what you
20	mean by cut them back to size. Do you have
21	any specifics?
22	MR. THOMAS: We think that it is a

dangerous precedent to, first of all, divide these applications up the way they have been. Each of them has been presented to make it possible to make the most attractive argument for each of them. But you really have to look at them together, and what Square 54 was and I think it was reasonably clear from Mr. Parker's statements, there was a quid They could have in OP's view this pro quo. very large complex here and that would finance development, as Mr. Micone just pointed out, that would start right across the street and go from 35 to 110, and in the process would set the precedent of not any longer enforcing the FAR limits on University uses in I mean, that's the total residential areas. package that OP and the University agreed to and that the community didn't.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: But do you have anything helpful to say along the lines of what Mr. Parsons is asking, which is okay, what would you like us to consider for Square

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

54 height-wise, density-wise?

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

MR. THOMAS: I find it difficult to completely segregate that. If we were looking at Square 54 not as part of the package with the Campus Plan. If we were not using Chapter 24 instead of the Section 210 in terms of dealing with massing and density and height issues throughout the campus. Then I think it might be very reasonable to talk about well, let's make it a little smaller, a little more like 90 feet and make sure that we get the amenities that are associated with it.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: That was the point I was going after. In other words, you're not willing to -- I'm putting words in your mouth, so watch out -- eliminate the eliminate grocery store and the plaza, eliminate the amenities to bring it down to a smaller building, because that's what comes with this package is an amenity package for the increase in height. So if we drop it down, presumably, those amenities will have to disappear.

MR. MICONE: Mr. Parsons, could I comment on that?

You know, one thing I was sort of surprised, we had heard in the community meetings about the grocery store and it was described as being 40,000 square feet plus, a full-service grocery store. And I was surprised at the last hearing to hear that the commitment was to provide a 25,000 square foot grocery store.

Now those people who supported this application supported it at least with the understanding that there would be a full service grocery store and that the figures that were cited at every public meeting were somewhere in the range of 40,000 plus square feet. So as far as I'm concerned, even without reducing anything of the scope of the current plan and seeing the actual heights of being 142 feet, we already hear that the grocery store, if it comes, may only be 25,000

square feet when the community heard 40,000 1 square feet in public meetings. 2. 3 So at least in my view, the scope of the amenities are already smaller than they 4 5 were when the application was submitted. COMMISSIONER PARSONS: 6 So I quess 7 in response to my question, you don't have an 8 answer? 9 MR. THOMAS: I have -- speaking 10 for myself, because I don't have poll data on 11 this kind of detail. I have very, very grave 12 doubts, as I tried to explain in the testimony 13 about there being a grocery store. I think 14 doubts there those are and everybody 15 understands why. But for me then to say would 16 you give up the grocery store is a difficult 17 question because I don't think I'm going to 18 And again, my last get a grocery store. 19 sentence, Mr. Parsons, had to do with cutting 20 things down to size in their totality. 21 When the F Street dormitory was

Commission three years

before

this

everybody including the Director of Planning
understood that there were several hundred
thousand square feet of FAR buildout available
to the University. If that was still our
understanding, then it would be much easier to
say to this Commission let's go with 90 feet
or 100 feet. I don't know what the answer
would be because the question simply hasn't
come to us in that context. It's come to us
in the context of this very, very large
project with some amenities which seem less
than credible and as part of that we
understand that they would get a free ride out
of Section 210 in the FAR limit.
In that context, even if they got
the grocery store, that's not much of an
amenity for an additional almost two million
square feet of constructed space and the
impacts that flow from this.
COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Thank you.
CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else,
questions?

## Mr. Turnbull?

COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Yes, Madam
Chair. I guess just carrying on what the
conversation in the direction of what we're
talking about the height limit and I just
wanted to clarify with Mr. Thomas, when we
talk about a limitation of height as again,
and notwithstanding your other arguments
regarding FAR and everything, but the
direction of this project that there is a
variety of heights right now that goes up to
130. There's the setback at 90 and then 120,
but is the primary concern on I Street, are we
really looking at would the ANC really look
at something better at 90 as it reaches F
Street, 90 to 110 feet?
MR. THOMAS: I'm going to cite Mr.
Feola and say that the ANC didn't vote on
that. I don't know how to answer that. Maybe
you do.
MR. MICONE: I think again on this
issue we can go to what we heard through the

listening process and 90 along Washington Circle was something that I heard through those various meetings. But I believe the interpretation that many individuals had of what the 90 feet would be would be not just on Washington Circle, but also on the section of Pennsylvania Avenue. I mean when you're walking down the section that area, of Pennsylvania Avenue and the section οf Washington Circle, they're interconnected. It's not like there's a lot of distance between those. So I think in people's minds when they were hearing 90 feet or were talking about 90 feet, they were thinking of the context in that whole area being 90 feet.

Frankly, I don't recall discussion of what would be an acceptable height at I Street, but really how that area is is that it's sort of -- the location at the circle is sort of on a high point and it gently goes down in either direction. So you can see -- well, you can't see, but the Schneider's

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Triangle that was discussed is at a slightly lower elevation, as are the properties next door or across the street where I live and on I Street. So you really have the height of the development at the top of Washington Circle and then the land levels a little bit further down.

So the height has become more important when you also consider that the street gently goes down on either ways and what you're looking at, I believe, at least as a layman, appears to be a bigger development, a bigger building.

I think again, this has been so contentious that you could ask several dozen Foggy Bottom and West End neighbors what they would think about cutting it down to size. That would mean something different to every single person who would consider these applications. But I think there has been a common thread that I've heard about that concern.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.
2	Anyone else?
3	Mr. Jeffries?
4	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: I just
5	sort of just making certain that I'm clear
6	about sort of the order, I mean height, and I
7	believe Commissioner Hood if we have to
8	rank these things, I mean the most
9	overwhelming issue is the height, as opposed
10	to the amenity of the grocery store being
11	if I had to order these things, I mean what
12	are the most critical items that you find
13	objectionable to this PUD application?
14	MR. MICONE: Again, I think you
15	could ask many people that, so I'll offer my
16	personal opinion.
17	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: I'm asking
18	you.
19	MR. MICONE: As an SMD
20	Commissioner and on behalf of the Commission,
21	my concern is the height and I believe the
22	grocery store if there is to be one should be

at the 40,000 square feet that was discussed
with the community. I mean that's not
something I've been on the record in my ANC
saying I didn't think the grocery store was a
bad idea, but I questioned the rest of the
deal for the neighborhood, because the grocery
store just wouldn't pop up there. We also had
to have two residential towers and also the
office space in front. And so I think there's
just a variety of views about this.
COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: The
question I have around the grocery store, did
the Applicant spend any time with you as
related to sort of the realities of
negotiating with grocery store chain? I mean
sort of the typical process in terms of that,
as it relates to our process that those could
be very, very disjointed and very different
processes?
Was there ever any discussion
around that?
MR. MICONE: I don't recall. I

believe there were some questions asked about
that, but there were no specifics, other than
a grocery store. There were no specific
suggestions about negotiations or other
issues. I believe the question was asked if
there had been any negotiations that were
occurring with grocery stores and I do believe
that GW represented that yes, there were
discussion with several, but there was nothing
in writing, formalized.
Commissioner Thomas may correct me
on that.
MR. THOMAS: No, that's
essentially right. We did ask a series of
questions in meetings and at the ANC hearing
and what we got was essentially what was in
the OP report which was that they had
negotiated with several people and that nobody
was willing to sign a meaningful letter of
intent until this Commission had spoken.
Of course, that leaves us then in
limbo. I'll take those who are in that area

of business at their word as to how difficult it is, but if this is the primary amenity and we go forward with no real Plan B except to come back and try to cobble something else together that's the equivalent, then is it an amenity?

COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr. Hood?

VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Mr. Micone, let me ask you question. When you had your ANC meetings and you heard the opposition, and let me reference my question to a submittal and I can't exactly put my hands on it. I never can when I'm up here, but anyway, I don't know whether it was a business or a resident who stated that the opposition was not that great. The only reason that there was so much -- appears to be a lot of opposition because of the lawsuit or some type of lawsuit. I'm not sure exactly. I don't want to expound on that.

But is that the rationale or were

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	there people, residents, who actually are
2	affected in that neighborhood, who live there,
3	who showed up at the meeting and were in
4	opposition or thank you, Madam Chair or
5	is that statement that we received incorrect?
6	Your view, because you're the
7	person who ran the ANC meetings?
8	MR. MICONE: Yes, the great
9	preponderance of the testimony that we heard
10	from residents was in opposition.
11	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.
12	MR. MICONE: And there was some
13	favorable discussion of the application, but
14	that was limited. The far greater
15	preponderance was in opposition.
16	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Now the
17	two people okay, you were one of the ones.
18	The two people who voted obviously opposite of
19	the motion, where any of them adjacent to your
20	SMD? Or was your SMD in the middle of Square
21	54?
22	MR. MICONE: My SMD includes

1	Square 54 and the new hospital across the
2	street. I'm uncertain what square that number
3	is. One of the Commissioners that voted in
4	opposition represented the Foggy Bottom
5	Historic District. Also that seat has turned.
6	There is a new Commissioner that won election
7	and it was a very contested race. Issues
8	regarding University growth were characterized
9	as being important. And the other
10	Commissioner who voted in opposition is in the
11	south, or excuse me, yes, it is the southeast
12	corner of the campus area. So further from
13	Square 54.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Southeast
15	corner. Okay.
16	MR. MICONE: Of the entire campus.
17	Not even of Square 54. My Single Member
18	District actually goes down beyond Square 54.
19	If you keep on going south, it goes almost to
20	Virginia Avenue.
21	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay. And
22	I'm sure each Commissioner always represents

1	his constituents' views, so that is kind of
2	why I'm asking that question. I just to
3	reference it.
4	MR. MICONE: At least I can speak
5	to mine. I had significant public comment
6	from my constituents about their thoughts.
7	And again, it was across the board. It wasn't
8	unanimously opposed, wasn't unanimously in
9	favor. There were a lot of concerns.
10	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.
11	Thank you. Thank you, Madam Chair.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
13	Mr. Hood. Anybody else?
14	Mr. Feola.
15	MR. FEOLA: Thank you, Madam
16	Chair. Phil Feola for the Applicant. I just
17	had one or two questions, and I guess I'll
18	direct the first to Mr. Thomas.
19	Was the testimony you gave tonight
20	approved by the ANC at a public meeting and a
21	vote taken?
22	MR. THOMAS: The written testimony

1	was not. It was vetted with people who voted
2	for
3	MR. FEOLA: The answer is no. The
4	testimony was not voted on.
5	MR. THOMAS: Well, this document
6	was not.
7	MR. FEOLA: That was my question.
8	MR. THOMAS: The opposition points
9	were.
10	MR. FEOLA: That was my question.
11	MR. MICONE: May I
12	MR. FEOLA: I didn't ask you a
13	question.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think it's
15	fine. We get it, we understand. Okay?
16	MR. FEOLA: Thank you. And we
17	would just add, the Applicant would ask that
18	the Commission note that when it gives the ANC
19	great weight.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I understand.
21	MR. FEOLA: Thank you.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Ms. Kahlow,

1	do you have any questions?
2	MS. KAHLOW: No.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, thank
4	you very much.
5	I have a list of witnesses and I
6	don't know, is some of this a carry-over from
7	the 20th?
8	MS. SCHELLIN: Right, no one
9	testified at the last meeting.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: No, but is
11	the list itself a carry-over?
12	MS. SCHELLIN: Yes, it's all
13	inclusive from the last hearing and tonight.
13 14	
	inclusive from the last hearing and tonight.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, so I'm  not sure if everyone who is on the list is
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, so I'm
14 15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, so I'm not sure if everyone who is on the list is here. So you'll just have to bear with me.
14 15 16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, so I'm not sure if everyone who is on the list is
14 15 16 17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, so I'm not sure if everyone who is on the list is here. So you'll just have to bear with me.  I'm going to call folks up in panels of four
14 15 16 17 18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, so I'm not sure if everyone who is on the list is here. So you'll just have to bear with me.  I'm going to call folks up in panels of four or so, and please if I call your name take a
14 15 16 17 18 19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, so I'm not sure if everyone who is on the list is here. So you'll just have to bear with me.  I'm going to call folks up in panels of four or so, and please if I call your name take a seat at the table. I think it is Cynthia

1 No, you need to give it to staff, 2 please. 3 Just for the next group, you can 4 give your copies of the testimony to Ms. 5 Schellin and give your little witness cards to the Court Reporter. 6 7 Okay, Ms. Jachles, why don't you 8 qo ahead? 9 MS. JACHLES: Hi, I'm Cynthia 10 Jachles. I live at 2450 Virginia Avenue, 11 Northwest, and I'm here in support of GW's 12 development. favorable comments МУ 13 submitted from three points of view. 14 resident, Foggy Bottom а real 15 professional, and an alumna of the University. 16 My opinions are personal and do not represent my employer, WMATA. 17 18 The plan for Square 54 is a great 19 compromise on the part of GW and is a much 20 needed project for the Bottom Foggy 21 believe neighborhood. Ι the University

accepted some of the recommendations from the

ULI panels of May 2005 which included area residents and on which I participated.

It is most appropriate that GW revise its campus plan to bring it current with all that is required for the area. Conditions change and needs change. Private entities change, short and long-term business plans without criticism and I think you have agreed, hopefully, that the University, a place of learning, where change of growth are nurtured, should be allowed the same right.

The real estate logic for this project, as you know, Square 54 is one of the largest, most desirable pieces of vacant land District remaining in the of Columbia. Because of that, the University is prudent in transit-oriented planning а development project at Foggy Bottom rail the Metro station.

Some area residents have favored use of the site for University purposes which to me does not make sense due to its prime

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

location. I think residents have complained about the loss of market housing due to University projects. This project adds 400 units back, last amount that I counted, back into the housing stock and the tax rolls, so I think this would be a great community amenity.

The District of Columbia goal, our former Mayor Williams promoted a goal of attracting 100,000 new taxpaying residents to the District. The development will continue market rate workforce and affordable housing towards that goal.

And I believe Foggy Bottom needs new amenities. The neighborhood needs a full-service grocery store, retail space, including restaurants. I believe that I'm in the majority of people who desire more commercial businesses in the area.

It's a perfect spot because it's surrounded by Washington Circle and University buildings, added pedestrian traffic and

perhaps noise from happy, celebratory residents at the restaurants will not disturb the existing Foggy Bottom residents.

New residents will know what commercial and retail use is included in the complex and consciously choose to live in a mixed-use development for the retail and restaurants that will be at their doorstep.

And my view as an alumna, I'm proud that my alma mater is in the heart of the nation's capital. As such, it is properly planning the campus buildings and properties to meet its educational needs as well as the needs of the District of Columbia.

The University has responded to concerns of residents in Columbia Plaza and committed to removing undergraduates from its 224 units by 2008 and replacing them with graduate students who are more mature, responsible adults and this is а really important compromise to me as a Columbia Plaza So I believe the University has met

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	a lot of my needs as a community resident and
2	needs of other West End residents as well.
3	So I thank you for consideration
4	of my opinion.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you
6	very much.
7	Ms. Kilner? Will you turn on your
8	microphone for me?
9	MS. KILNER: It would help, right?
10	Thank you, Madam Chairman and Council Members.
11	Thank you for having us.
12	This letter is in support as a
13	permanent resident of Potomac Plaza at 2475
14	Virginia Avenue. I've lived here nine years.
15	As I understand the purpose of the
16	campus plan, Square 54 will allow for a mixed-
17	use commercial redevelopment. This mixed use
18	will bring us together as neighbors, when
19	using these services provided in the proposed
20	building.
21	Just as the newly opened Trader
22	Joe's in the former Columbia Women's Hospital

has enlivened and enriched the neighborhood, the proposed services for Square 54 will add additionally to that mix of amenities.

The proposed campus plan also promises to increase the number of students housed on the campus, improve landscaping and surrounding streetscape and generally enhance the campus environment.

I believe all of these add to the quality of life in Foggy Bottom. As the reality unfolds, the neighbors deserve to be updated and to be involved in changes as they have in the past and I really felt the community meetings we had and the number of people present, that it was going to make this change easy. I see no change is easy, and as a change management specialist, I should know that, but hope burns in me eternally.

During my career, I lived on six different campuses as part of the academic community, so a little bit biased, but it was never obvious to me that the campus was a

2.

detriment to the community. But there was always a town gown relationship that never went smoothly, but indeed, it enriched everyone in the long run.

Now I'm not an academic, but a property owner on a block next to a dormitory. In fact, I lived there several months before realizing that building was a dormitory. Because the campus brings activity to Foggy Bottom Metro block, I'm never afraid to walk home late in the evening.

While students have been guilty of noise levels and other infringements, GW has made every effort in the past few years to create ways to address these disturbances. It disturbs me that the Foggy Bottom Association and the ANC seem to be negative toward almost any change in our neighborhood. My wonderment is if we did not have the advantage of a large University, what and who would be developing this neighborhood?

Former controversy has made GW

1	accountable for planning and I believe it's
2	now time to truly work together to bring
3	additional benefits to the neighborhood. And
4	as I listen to the discussion about the
5	grocery store, I was on a committee that went
6	to the developers of Columbia Hospital and
7	urged them to include a grocery store in their
8	mix of plan that now has been realized as
9	Trader Joe's. I live without a car, as do
10	many people in this area and I do do all my
11	shopping. I brought home \$70 worth of
12	groceries from the Bethesda Trader Joe's
13	before I could walk to this one.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I need you to
15	close it out. You're out of time.
16	MS. KILNER: Okay, thank you.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you
18	very much.
19	Mr. Schecter.
20	MR. SCHECTER: Good evening. My
21	name is Bill Schecter.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Will you turn

## on your microphone?

MR. SCHECTER: My name is Bill Schecter. I'm here on behalf of my wife Claudia and myself. We're residents at 2475 Virginia Avenue, N.W. which is Potomac Plaza.

We write to support the PUD and the related zoning map amendment proposed by GW and its partners for the redevelopment of Square 54. We have been Foggy Bottom residents since 1993 and have participated in the community planning process for Square 54 and the campus plan over the past 18 months.

We have been surprised and pleased that the University has been willing to accommodate the diverse concerns and suggestions of the neighbors who participated in that effort.

As briefly as possible, here are our reasons for asking the Commission to approve this PUD. They come from our perspectives as D.C. taxpayers, as neighborhood residents and as supporters of

sustainable design, energy efficiency and environmental sensitivity.

As taxpayers, this proposed PUD makes economic sense for the District, as well as filling in a vacant space in downtown D.C. on America's main street, Pennsylvania Avenue. The return of a significant property to the city's tax base will mean millions of dollars a year in increased revenue. That this will also provide resources to the University to continue its strategy of growing up, not out, would seem to be a win-win situation for all those involved.

neighborhood residents, we wholeheartedly support the mixed use development envisioned by the PUD that provides significant community amenities for restaurants and shopping, especially a fullsize grocery store which is very much needed to serve the burgeoning downtown Foggy Bottom and West End resident populations. Although not as much as we would prefer, we are pleased

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

to see the commitment for affordable housing.

As supporters οf sustainable we applaud the smart growth transit-oriented development this PUD exemplifies as an anchor for the western end of downtown. As the Commission considers this PUD, we urge you to require that its buildings meet green building standards as well as LEED certification requirements. We also the landscaping appreciate that and streetscape for Square 54 includes significant tree cover and what we hope will be indigenous This green streetscape should be plantings. required both on-site as well adjacent public property, that is the sidewalks and curb space.

The proposed green roof is a responsive and important addition to their original plans.

We thank you for considering our thoughts and ideas and hope the Zoning Commission will approve this PUD and zoning

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	map amendment.
	map ameriamere.
2	Thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
4	Mr. Schecter.
5	Dr. Tai. Turn on your microphone.
6	There you go.
7	MS. TAI: Good evening, Madam
8	Chair, Members of the Zoning Commission,
9	interested parties. My name is Dwan Tai and
10	I'm a resident at 2020 F Street, N.W., D.C.
11	I'm testifying in support.
12	I'm a property owner and a
13	business owner, working on Pennsylvania
14	Avenue, N.W., opposite of Square 54, right
15	near Washington Circle. I have lived in Foggy
16	Bottom for more than 37 years. I came
17	originally to Washington, D.C. to complete my
18	master's and Ph.D. degrees at GWU.
19	Since then, Washington, D.C. has
20	been my home. I would like to just highlight
21	a couple of points.
22	First, my neighbors and I support

the Square 54 plan. We believe it is a win-win-win project that will benefit all the stakeholders, enhancing revenue for the city, George Washington University, as well as providing needed job, housing and retail opportunities for the Foggy Bottom neighborhood.

Any issues over height, traffic, parking should be viewed as necessary tradeoffs that make possible the greater benefit that this project will offer. Because Square 54 is opposite the Foggy Bottom GWU Metro Station, most people will be more inclined to take the Metro or live nearby and thus avoiding the expensive parking charges. This will minimize traffic issues, especially since the plan provides for more housing.

Number two, as this plan will strengthen GW by providing non-enrollment revenues, it will further GW's ability to provide more neighborhood benefits, including making it -- making available meeting rooms of

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

various sizes for neighborhood groups on a pre-reservation basis and providing neighbors with free access as they have already done to many GW programs and facilities. Since other possible nearby facilities either charge fees or have very limited access and have many restrictions on refreshments, these are very important and costly benefits that address neighborhood needs.

The additional spaces for informal, leisurely, spontaneous conversations and community meetings will help to make Square 54 a vibrant town center.

I would like to acknowledge GW, especially the following persons for their outstanding leadership, vision, hard work in creating a world class university in terms of faculty, staff, students, and facilities, the George Washington University Board of Directors, Dr. Louis Katz, Dr. Richard Sawaya, Benard Demczuk, Michael Akin and many others who deserve our appreciation and cooperation.

1	To realize this vision and plan
2	which offers more benefits than any
3	alternative proposals, they have shouldered
4	heavy responsibilities and have taken on
5	significant risks for the community's benefit.
6	Under their leadership, the superb Square 54
7	development team have worked tirelessly in an
8	open and inclusive manner and they have
9	incorporated extensive community and
10	government input into this project.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you and
12	we'll read the rest. Thank you very much.
13	Questions for the panel from the
14	Commission?
15	Any questions for the panel?
16	Mr. Feola? Anything?
17	MR. FEOLA: No questions.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr.
19	Hitchcock? Ms. Kahlow? The answer is no, you
20	don't want to ask any questions. Okay, great,
21	thank you all.
22	James Morris, Anne Savage, David

1 Lehrman, Lamar Thorp. 2 I think I've got three, Cathy 3 Long. 4 (Pause.) 5 Okay, Mr. Morris, why don't you go ahead? 6 7 MR. MORRIS: James Morris, 2475 8 Virginia Avenue in Foggy Bottom. As of the 9 last of the public meetings that were held in 10 2005 and 2006 to discuss the development of 11 Square 54, I complimented Rafael Pelli, one of 12 the project's architects on how he and his 13 colleagues had altered the designs for the 14 site in response to criticisms and suggestions 15 from members of the community. One of the 16 several great attractions of the project, not 17 noted often enough, is the participation of a 18 firm as distinguished as Pelli Clark Pelli. 19 The plans they've drawn for Square 54 promise 20 a genuine architectural enhancement of the 21 neighborhood. 22 That's more than can be said for the project nearing completion a few blocks from Square 54 on the site of the old Columbia Hospital for Women. The new building there is a grim, overbearing eyesore, resembling nothing so much as a Soviet-era correctional facility.

(Laughter.)

And the neighborhood is now stuck with it. And yet, on that project, the leadership of the Foggy Bottom Association signed off, perhaps because George Washington University wasn't involved or perhaps because the FBA got several million dollars from the developer in exchange for its approval.

To use Square 54 for academic purposes would be foolish and wasteful when those purposes can be met on other sites interior to the campus of George Washington University. Such use would deprive the District of millions of dollars annually in tax revenue, deprive the University of income that can be used to extend its educational

2.

mission and deprive the neighborhood of a potentially spectacular new location for shopping and socializing.

If the retail shops offer services the community now lacks, and if the businesses are charged affordable rents, they'll succeed.

For the parties now arguing against the mixed-use development of Square 54, opposition to the University is second nature. It's rote and monolithic. In the past, they opposed construction of the new University Hospital. More recently, they opposed the project that will renovate and enlarge the neighborhood School Without Walls.

The obstructionist describe a neighborhood teetering always on the brink of ruin. The reality to impartial eyes is a neighborhood that's vibrant, evolving and immensely attractive to new residents. And the transformation of Square 54 will make it more attractive still.

I have a couple of seconds left I

2.

1	see here. A comment on what was said about
2	the ANC's opposition to this. The ANC-2A
3	voted against the development of Square 54 in
4	November 2005 for the first time. It was not
5	November 2006. There was a resolution
6	introduced and hastily passed in November 2005
7	and had I not resigned from the ANC in
8	October, the vote against would have been
9	a tie vote and the opposition resolution would
10	have been defeated.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
12	Mr. Morris.
13	Mr. Lehrman.
14	MR. LEHRMAN: Members of the
15	Commission, Madam Chair, I'm David Lehrman and
16	I'm guess, this is the opposition ghetto, this
17	table over here.
18	(Laughter.)
19	We are the two Commissioners that
20	voted in opposition to the position of the ANC
21	and Commissioner Hood, when you asked
22	something before about the details, I am one

of those who lives at 2020 F Street, basically it's all one community, so I think I can take exception to such a legalistic and simplistic view that it's really a matter of just voting to represent your constituents.

My constituents are 75 people who voted for me in a landslide, but on paper, 1500 people are represented. So a lot of times what we really try to do is what Commissioner Thomas has referred to as the Edward Burkeian democrats. We essentially look at what the issues are and we try to see what's best for the Foggy Bottom area and what's best for the neighborhood. And then we try to use our best judgment. If we tried to do a tally on day by day or week by week of of of what the votes are each the constituents, I think we might do a disservice to what the logic or the judgment are in a case like this.

I have really only three basic requests here. Number one, let's not look at

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

this issue through that modern 21st century invention the retrospectroscope. There are many people who seem to think that Foggy Bottom was some kind of Hausian community before GW arrived. The fact is a lot of it was a dump and when you look at some of the buildings that the University has built in case after case, they're the best looking buildings on the block. They're the ones that I'm the most secure they won't burst into flames as has happened to buildings right in my neighborhood and the quality of what they bring there is really very, very good.

Number two, let's not let perfection be the enemy of the good. If you are asking me if this project here is a Utopian Nirvana, it is not. But it is an exemplary project with a lot of additions that have been added to the community and I'll give you just one or two examples, some of which have been brought up here.

I used to work for the Federal

2.

Highway Administration and then the Federal Trucking Agency in the Government, so I've given a little thought about the trucking industry. Every single major truck bringing commerce now and goods and services to that building will go underground. You will no longer see a 60-foot tractor-trailer with 80,000 pounds of goods blocking the highway or the roads there. It will be underground at a loading dock, completely off the traffic routes.

Number two, the green issue. This is a 16 rated building, one of the highest ratings of any commercial building. When you look at now not only D.C., but Arlington and other areas looking at requiring big buildings to have a green rating, they will have a virtual Amazonian rainforest atop the building converting carbon dioxide to oxygen. It will make the quality of life inside better as well as outside in terms of those that live in the area.

2.

1	So I'll leave it at that. You can
2	read my testimony.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you
4	very much.
5	You must be Ms. Savage, is that
6	right?
7	MS. SAVAGE: I am. Yes. Good
8	evening, Commissioners, and thank you for the
9	opportunity to speak this evening. I am Anne
10	Savage and I live at 953 25th Street in a row
11	house built in 1911 and preserved in the Foggy
12	Bottom Historic District. I am also one of
13	the ANC Commissioners who voted for this
14	project, though tonight I come to you only as
15	a citizen of Foggy Bottom, though I will
16	mention I was the Commissioner most recently
17	unseated in the election in November.
18	I am here to voice my support for
19	the Square 54 PUD plan as outlined by George
20	Washington University. I attended many
21	community meetings regarding this development
22	where the plans were clearly outlined and the

comments were encouraged and entertained. I attended many of these meetings with friends and neighbors and we were all welcome to comment and make suggestions.

While there are many reasons why I support the Square 54 development, I will outline only five of them tonight. First, I think the development will help Washington Circle grow into a city hub as L'Enfant intended. With the Metro at 23rd and I Street, there is no reason Washington Circle cannot become a thriving community center in the same vein as Dupont Circle. Residential apartments, office space, and small retail will help this happen. The development of businesses will these also bring more activity, more people, and more life to the area, making it safer.

Second, the Square 54 plans simply extend the Pennsylvania Avenue corridor that already exists. The height is the same as the other buildings nearby, and the zoning change

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

is consistent with neighboring structures. I agree with the size, height, and bulk of this structure. Third, the design with both commercial and residential uses balances the load of people coming and going throughout the day. The office space is offset by the apartments, daytime versus evening, and the retail is good for all the inhabitants.

Also, with the space developed for both office and residential, if there is ever any need in the future for GW to use this space for University use, the potential for classrooms and dorms will already exist. GW is only giving a 60 year ground lease for this property, a long time for those of us in the room, but a short time for the University and for Foggy Bottom.

Fourth, the Square 54 development is a good one as it provides a buffer between the Foggy Bottom Historic District, which I represented, and the surrounding apartments, condos, and co-ops. It keeps the students in

2.

just a block further away 1 academia in neighborhood where every block counts. And to 2 3 be buffered by a row of retail that will serve 4 the community with a book store, a grocery, 5 and hopefully a hardware store, will be a treat indeed. 6 7 Lastly, Square 54 is well used as an investment property for the University. 8 9 is their land and the use proposed is legal. 10 friends, Neighbors, and outsiders may 11 disagree, but the University is not required 12 to use this land for any specific use or to 13 use it for academic purposes. As an income-14 property, it will allow generating 15 University to focus more on their academic 16 mission, making better programs, and helping more students afford this education while we 17 18 in the community benefit from the development. 19 Thank you. CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 20 Thank you 21 very much. Ms. Long. 22 MS. LONG: I am Catherine Long.

Ι

live at 2500 Virginia Avenue and I greatly appreciate the amenities I have enjoyed as being part of the University environment. Good evening, Commissioners. Square 54 has been a huge, empty, unproductive lot for three years. Many hours have been devoted by experts and interested residents in planning disposition of Square 54.

On November 14, 2006, at our well attended and attentive GW Friends meeting, we viewed a slide presentation outlining the most up-to-date plans. The design element which elicited the greatest applause was the green roof. So my testimony is directed to this aspect, although others have also mentioned it.

Green roof is, thank goodness, in vogue. Many builders, architects, landscapers, homeowners, and government agencies are realizing that the time to repair our endangered planet is now or never. The District of Columbia owns almost 85 acres,

2.

1	that's just the District, which could be
2	green. Sometimes plans are voluntary, as with
3	Square 54, and sometimes mandated by
4	legislation. Currently, six buildings in D.C.
5	are green. If we hurry, we could be the
6	seventh.
7	I believe it is time to decide on
8	the planning and begin construction of what I
9	believe will be a useful and beautiful town
10	center. I thank you, the Zoning
11	Commissioners, for the time and intensive
12	study that is required of you to make these
13	very difficult decisions.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
15	Ms. Long.
16	Questions for the panel from the
17	Commission? Anyone have questions?
18	Mr. Feola?
19	MR. FEOLA: No questions.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr.
21	Hitchcock?
22	MR. HITCHCOCK: One or two

1	questions to follow up the earlier colloquy.
2	Ms. Savage, I note that you're the
3	only member of the panel who talked about the
4	grocery store as an amenity. Would you
5	support it if it were only going to be 25,000
6	instead of the 40,000 that was discussed?
7	MS. SAVAGE: I would.
8	MR. HITCHCOCK: Would you support
9	this PUD if the Applicant came back and said
10	a grocery store was not feasible on this site?
11	MS. SAVAGE: I don't think that's
12	an option right now, so
13	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, I'm asking a
14	hypothetical.
15	MS. SAVAGE: Hypothetically, I'd
16	have to answer that in the future or I'd have
17	to answer in the future hypothetically.
18	(Laughter.)
19	MR. HITCHCOCK: Did you look at
20	Exhibit G?
21	MS. SAVAGE: I don't have the
22	

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. But it is
2	possible, is it not, that Applicants can come
3	back in PUDs and say that certain amenities
4	they proffered are not feasible?
5	MS. SAVAGE: I don't have the G
6	with me.
7	MR. HITCHCOCK: I'm sorry?
8	MS. SAVAGE: I don't have the
9	supplemental with G in it.
10	MR. HITCHCOCK: That wasn't my
11	question. In your experience as an ANC
12	Commissioner or otherwise, have you not seen
13	PUD cases where an Applicant has come in
14	subsequently and sought a change because a
15	certain condition is not feasible?
16	MS. SAVAGE: I have learned in
17	life that everything can change and you have
18	to deal with that. That's exactly what Square
19	54 is. So is that a possibility? Yes, it's
20	a possibility.
21	MR. HITCHCOCK: And you would
22	still support you would still urge approval

1	of the PUD, even if there was that kind of a
2	change?
3	MS. SAVAGE: What kind of a
4	change?
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: A change in use.
6	MS. SAVAGE: It would depend on
7	the change in use.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: He's trying
9	to understand how important is the grocery
10	store to you in offering your support?
11	MS. SAVAGE: I said in the
12	beginning that I would support it as a smaller
13	grocery store and if we lose the grocery
14	store, we get something else, that's good
15	enough, I'll take that. Hardware store. I'm
16	all about a hardware store.
17	MR. HITCHCOCK: Mr. Lehrman, how
18	about you?
19	MR. LEHRMAN: Yes, I'm strongly
20	enough in support of it that none of the
21	issues that you're raising would change my
22	support of the overall design.

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: So if the grocery
2	store drops out, you're still for it?
3	MR. LEHRMAN: I am.
4	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Mr. Morris?
5	MR. MORRIS: Yes.
6	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. No matter
7	what new retail use may come in or other use?
8	MR. MORRIS: No porno theaters and
9	no brothels, please.
10	(Laughter.)
11	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. That's all
12	I have, thank you.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I don't have
14	to have that hearing.
15	(Laughter.)
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
17	Mr. Hitchcock.
18	Ms. Kahlow, any questions? Okay.
19	Thank you all for your testimony.
20	Gina Fernandez, Casey Pond, Bob
21	Thomas, Ryan Davis. None of those people.
ļ	inomas, Kyan Davis. None of those people.

1	Gehali. Anybody named Mohamed? Okay.
2	Chris Rotella, Steven Skinner.
3	How about anybody else that wants to testify
4	in support? Okay, come on forward.
5	(Pause.)
6	You're going to have company. Mr.
7	Thomas is coming up.
8	Mr. Bailly, rather. Bailly,
9	sorry.
10	Not that Thomas. Just so we know,
11	Mr. Bailly is representing the Smart Growth
12	Alliance, so he'll get five.
13	MS. TIMMERMAN: I'm Danielle
14	Timmerman.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: You have
16	three minutes. Please go.
17	MS. TIMMERMAN: All right. Thank
18	you. I'm Danielle Timmerman, and I am also
19	representing my roommate and boyfriend Scott
20	Bailey. We are both young professionals who
21	own and live in a condo at 2209 Washington
22	Circle, otherwise referred to as Thomas

Franklin Schneider Triangle.

We have no cars and typically use the Metro to commute for entertainment purposes, for grocery stores, etcetera. We are excited about the plans to develop the retail and residential component of our neighborhood in Square 54 and what it means for our property.

As far as concerns about shadows and security, we have never felt unsafe in our community and do not expect the development of residential and retail facilities to affect that sense of security.

We already live among tall buildings and have not found them to be a hinderance or inconvenience. On the contrary, we feel that the IFC and the World Bank enhance the Metropolitan feeling of the neighborhood and demonstrate that we are a world class address. We respectfully suggest that this further development will actually increase the security and vitality of our

neighborhood due to the influx of mid to high end consumer activity that will take place in our midst.

We see this as an opportunity to our surroundings and enhance the enhance Washington Circle living experience. I would also like to add that we knew when we purchased the condo that GW University was right there and accepted all we the consequences and advantages of living in an academic community. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
Ms. Timmerman. Mr. Bailly.

Good MR. BAILLY: evening, everyone. My name is John Bailly. I am the Executive Director of the Washington Smart Growth Alliance. The Smart Growth Alliance, the SGA, is a joint effort of some unlikely stakeholders, the greater Washington Board of Trade, the Chesapeake Foundation, Bay Enterprise Community Partners, which is formally the Enterprise Foundation,

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Metropolitan Washington Builders Council, the Coalition for Smarter Growth, and finally the Urban Land Institutes Washington District Council.

The SGA's mission is to research, identify, and encourage land use, development, and transportation policies and practices that protect environmental aspects and enhance our region's quality of life. The SGA's recognition program distinguishes specific development proposals that exemplify smart growth characteristics.

I think the frame for all our work is important to realize, that the frame is really the two million more people, the 1.6 million new jobs, coming to our region by 2030. The SGA was really formed in 2002 to figure out where and how we're going to grow to accommodate that amount of population and job growth.

The recognition program uses criteria, including project location,

mobility, and accessibility, density, design, 1 mix of uses, affordable housing, environmental 2 community 3 criteria, assets, and participation to evaluate project proposals. 4 The jury met on July 13, 2006 to review a 5 number of projects, including Square 54. 6 7 The jury included careful а 8 analysis of each project based on specific 9 information submitted with the application and 10 independent research and review by staff. 11 Applying all the criteria, we agreed 12 recognize Square 54 as a Smart Growth Project 13 proposal. Specifically, the jury believed 14 15 that the redevelopment of this parcel directly

Specifically, the jury believed that the redevelopment of this parcel directly across from a Metro station and along one of the city's main gateway corridors is a significant opportunity for the West End Foggy Bottom neighborhood, and the District as a whole.

The jury believes that the density and design of the proposal are appropriate for

16

17

18

19

20

21

Specifically, the addition of 1 the location. both neighborhood serving retail and a full 2 3 service grocery store will provide new tenants and existing residents with new opportunities 4 5 to get day to day needs while mitigating traffic. 6 7 The project also incorporates, and impressed by this, interior 8 were an we 9 courtyard that will provide better and more 10 direct pedestrian connections across the site 11 and an inviting open, public space. Finally, 12 the addition of affordable housing 13 opportunities on site and a transit accessible 14 location is a critical Smart Growth strategy 15 and one in short supply in the District of 16 And that concludes my testimony. Columbia. 17 Thank you. 18 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you 19 very much. Questions for this panel from the 20 Commission? Any questions? 21 Mr. Feola?

No questions.

MR. FEOLA:

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr.
2	Hitchcock?
3	MR. HITCHCOCK: No questions.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Ms. Kahlow?
5	Thank you both for your testimony. What I
6	would like to do if neither of the parties
7	objects is to take the organizations and
8	persons in opposition, just so I'm sure we get
9	through the individuals who are here and then
10	we can have the presentation of your cases.
11	Is that all right?
12	Do you have any objection to that?
13	MS. KAHLOW: I'm not through.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Well, I'm
15	sure your neighbors appreciate the position.
16	There's only a few.
17	MS. KAHLOW: Okay.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: How about if
19	we have Elizabeth Elliott, Kevin Carnahan,
20	Donald Kreuzer. Just so I'm clear, Joy Howell
21	is on the list. Is she going to be part of
22	the FBA presentation? Okay.

1 Sara Maddino. Mr. Kimmel. Any other individuals who want to testify in 2 3 opposition? Okay. thought. 4 than I Fewer Ms. 5 Elliott. MS. ELLIOTT: Thank you. 6 Good 7 evening, Chairman and Commissioners. I'm 8 Elizabeth Elliott and I'm a long-term Foggy 9 Bottom Association member and I actually -- of 10 many people involved with this particular 11 project, I have a particular connection to 12 this project. My mother passed away at Square 13 54 in June of 1980 as a result of an emergency 14 She was visiting surgery. me 15 Washington, D.C. So I have a long-term 16 connection to the neighborhood and I have sort 17 of a personal mission to see that 18 property is considered the highest and best 19 use of what's occurring here. 20 And although I'm not a practicing architect, I do have about six years of 21 22 architectural education from the Pratt.

Institute and Syracuse University and I'm very concerned personally and I'm opposed, as many people have talked here tonight about the bulk of the project and the configuration of it.

I just think it's too much. It's part and parcel with my experience with the University that there seems to be no FAR left behind here in Foggy Bottom. I'm just very concerned about the amount of building that's being proposed with this project and with the overall campus plan project.

I was quite involved in just to assure Commissioner Savage, there is a hardware store going to the gulag of the Columbia Hospital that has been secured and it was a project that I was quite involved with as chair of the ANC at the time. And we're very proud of that project and it's bringing in a considerable amount of money into the District.

So that's basically my comment. I would also remind the Commission of the

1	Elliott School of which there was a lot of
2	promise with the PUD and amenities there and
3	they never materialized. The amenities with
4	the IMF building at 1900 Pennsylvania Avenue
5	which was supposed to be superior
6	architecture, in my opinion is a very freakish
7	project that kind of torques out over
8	Pennsylvania Avenue and I think we deserve
9	better.
10	I thank you very much for your
11	time.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.
13	Mr. Kimmel? Would you turn on your
14	microphone, please? Thank you.
15	MR. KIMMEL: Thank you for hearing
16	this testimony. My name is Michael Kimmel.
17	I'm a resident of 2030 F Street, Northwest,
18	Apartment 1004.
19	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Excuse me,
20	can you pull into the mic a little bit more,
21	because I'm having difficulty hearing you.
22	MR. KIMMEL: The facts I wish to

bring to the attention of the Commission concern of the Square 54 buildings. Мγ personal interest in the height issue stems from the fact that my residence has a view of the northwest city skyline, including the uplands around Massachusetts wooded and Wisconsin Avenues and most particularly an unobstructed view of the Washington National Cathedral. I'd like to refer the panel or the Commission to exhibits that I have submitted and in particular, Exhibits 1 and 2 that show this particular view which is shared not only by, of course, myself, but also other residents on the tenth floor of Letterman House Condominium.

The first one shows basically the view as I see it out of my window and the second one actually is a telephoto lens of the cathedral. It's a very impressive view.

Other neighbors, as I said, have the same view.

Now on the merits, it's not only

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

our view that's being involved here, but I wanted to bring to the attention to the fact that there are going to be a lot of lessening of sunlight as a result of the height of these buildings. The requested heights will block much sunlight within the Washington Circle National Park Service Grounds during morning hours, from October through February and early March.

On this particular matter, I would like to refer the Court to Exhibits K9 through K14 of the package of exhibits, which basically shows as the morning goes on, the blockage of sunlight in that park and of course it builds up into November, December, January, and tapers off then of course by the end of March. And I don't think it makes the park a very or those grounds a very pleasant place to be if it is going to be filled with shadow in the morning.

I also would like to -- by the way, these are based on tables of the U.S.

1	Naval Observatory showing the altitude of sun
2	and azimuth which basically means the height
3	of the sun at various times of day and
4	seasonal and its direction. But they can also
5	be calculated to determine shadow, direction,
6	and shadow length.
7	Now the shadows of the proposed
8	buildings will also substantially reduce
9	afternoon sunlight on 22nd Street and east
10	side buildings on the afternoon as the sun
11	comes around. And I would like to the
12	height of these buildings, they are
13	illustrated in Exhibit 15
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: We're going
15	to have to read the rest of your submission,
16	because you're out of time, Mr. Kimmel.
17	MR. KIMMEL: Exhibit 15, then.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Thank
19	you. Any questions for Ms. Elliott or Mr.
20	Kimmel?
21	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Yes, Madam
22	Chair, I wanted to ask Ms. Elliott. You

1 mentioned about the -- I'm going to ask the question, I know this is not the case, but you 2 3 mentioned about the IMF amenities would not 4 follow up on it. Is that what you said? 5 MS. There is ELLIOTT: а restaurant space that has been sitting vacant 6 7 since the building opened, probably two years ago at the completion of the project. There's 8 9 also an empty newsstand space that both were 10 proffered as amenities in the PUD. 11 In addition, there was a sum of 12 money that was to beautify -- well, no, that 13 was actually proffered and taken up by the District and, in fact, was a million dollar 14 15 donation was given to the Housing Production 16 Trust Fund. But that doesn't affect Foggy 17 That went into the trust fund and is Bottom. 18 taken advantage of somewhere else in the 19 District of Columbia, not in Foggy Bottom. 20 But there substantial was а amenity, which still hasn't been realized in 21

terms of tree plantings and there

1	nonprofit, something like half a million
2	dollars was given to and that's very little
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Has it
4	been followed up on with the Zoning
5	Administration? I'm asking this question now,
6	Madam Chair, because I participate along with
7	others on this.
8	MS. ELLIOTT: We also
9	participated.
10	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Still we
11	don't necessarily have a forum, so you
12	mentioned it and I wanted to follow up on it.
13	Has anything been done, I guess with the
14	Zoning Administration, about compliance?
15	MS. ELLIOTT: Well, no. We've
16	tried every other method and the ANC actually
17	has taken pu the charge and tried to deal with
18	it. And then Green Spaces D.C. was this
19	nonprofit that the money was given to, and
20	they've gone out of business and so we're
21	going to have to follow up in the next steps.
22	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: My issue

1	with that is, Madam Chair, we sit down here
2	two and three nights a week, but I don't want
3	to go on a soap box. Thank you, Ms. Elliott,
4	for that information.
5	MS. ELLIOTT: Thank you.
6	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: I guess
7	the best forum would be to deal with that at
8	our meeting. Thank you.
9	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?
10	Questions?
11	Mr. Parsons?
12	MR. PARSONS: Mr. Kimmel, I'm
12 13	MR. PARSONS: Mr. Kimmel, I'm looking at your Exhibits, your shadow studies.
13	looking at your Exhibits, your shadow studies.
13 14	looking at your Exhibits, your shadow studies.  And they go from October to March. Is that
13 14 15	looking at your Exhibits, your shadow studies.  And they go from October to March. Is that correct?
13 14 15 16	looking at your Exhibits, your shadow studies.  And they go from October to March. Is that correct?  MR. KIMMEL: The other view, yes.
13 14 15 16 17	looking at your Exhibits, your shadow studies.  And they go from October to March. Is that correct?  MR. KIMMEL: The other view, yes.  October through March, for those in Washington
13 14 15 16 17 18	looking at your Exhibits, your shadow studies.  And they go from October to March. Is that correct?  MR. KIMMEL: The other view, yes.  October through March, for those in Washington Circle.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	looking at your Exhibits, your shadow studies.  And they go from October to March. Is that correct?  MR. KIMMEL: The other view, yes.  October through March, for those in Washington Circle.  MR. PARSONS: So you found that

1	the sun is so much higher that the shadows
2	pretty much miss Washington Circle, until you
3	get down back into October.
4	MR. PARSONS: Thank you very much.
5	MR. KIMMEL: So those winter
6	months, of course that's when it is colder and
7	people would appreciate the sun light then.
8	MR. PARSONS: I understand. Thank
9	you.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Any other
11	questions from the Commission?
12	Mr. Feola?
13	MR. FEOLA: No questions.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr.
15	Hitchcock?
16	MR. HITCHCOCK: No questions.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Ms. Kahlow?
18	MS. KAHLOW: No.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay, thank
20	you all for your testimony. Now we're ready
21	for the parties in opposition.
22	Mr. Hitchcock?

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: May we go off the
2	record for a moment to talk about logistics?
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Sure.
4	(Whereupon, the proceedings in the
5	foregoing matter went off the
6	record at 9:16 p.m. and went back
7	on the record at 9:24 p.m.)
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr.
9	Hitchcock, go ahead whenever you're ready.
10	MR. HITCHCOCK: Thank you, Madam
11	Chair.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Turn on your
13	microphone.
14	MR. HITCHCOCK: My microphone
15	isn't working
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Ahh.
17	MR. HITCHCOCK: but I'm pleased
18	to report the computer is up and running.
19	Part of our ongoing cooperative effort with
20	the applicants.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: How about
22	that.

1	(Laughter.)
2	Now you know why the microphone is
3	not working.
4	(Laughter.)
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: It's working at
6	their table. As a prefatory matter, Madam
7	Chair well, for the record, I'm Con
8	Hitchcock on behalf of Foggy Bottom
9	Association.
10	Joy Howell, who is the president
11	of the association, had hoped to be here
12	tonight. She had about a five-minute
13	statement. She has been unavoidably detained
14	and was hoping that Ms. Elliott could read her
15	statement, which we have here.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I don't know.
17	You know, this whole thing of reading
18	statements into the record is really I
19	mean, if
20	MR. HITCHCOCK: Right.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: it's not
22	necessary.

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay.
2	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And I'd
3	rather not take the time. If you'd just
4	submit it in writing. I mean, I don't want to
5	discourage these things, but unless Ms.
6	Elliott is going to be care to be cross
7	examined on the testimony.
8	MR. HITCHCOCK: I think Ms.
9	Elliott could be cross examined. It would be
10	it is about five minutes. It would help to
11	set the stage for the expert testimony we will
12	then present from George Oberlander and Joe
13	Mehra.
14	As another prefatory matter, I
15	don't believe they have yet been qualified as
16	experts. They have both on planning and
17	transportation issues, they have both been so
18	qualified in the past.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And in the
20	campus plan case in the PUD. So is there any
21	objection to these gentlemen being qualified
22	as experts in their proffered fields?

1	(No response.)
2	Then, without objection, Mr.
3	Hitchcock, they have been accepted
4	MR. HITCHCOCK: Great.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: as
6	experts.
7	MR. HITCHCOCK: And I would note,
8	too, for the record that we did submit their
9	prepared statements and the Powerpoint at the
10	conclusion of the last testimony. So if there
11	are extra copies the Commission needs, we
12	could provide those as well.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Does anybody
14	need a copy, or does everybody have their
15	copy? No one is saying they need a copy, so
16	
17	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: plow
19	ahead.
20	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Ms.
21	Elliott?
22	MS. ELLIOTT: Good evening again,

Chair Mitten, and Commissioners. I am not Joy Howell. I am Elizabeth Elliott, and I am here tonight representing the Foggy Bottom Association.

First, this PUD application presents a paradox. Square 54 lies firmly within and wholly within the boundary of the GWU campus and is the northwestern entrance to its campus area, yet nothing about this PUD involves new classroom buildings, student housing, or other university activities.

The PUD proposal being presented here has nothing to do with advancing GWU's educational mission. It has everything to do with adding density to the site in a way that goes well beyond the limits of current zoning restrictions. GWU is proposing a huge commercial project on the site, with more than twice the allowable density and significantly added height and an unknown increase in intensity of use.

Second, there is also an irony

2.

here. Square 54 was previously the site of the GWU hospital, which played an important role in teaching future doctors and serving the community. In the 2000 campus plan, the BZA said that GWU could solve its student housing and academic needs by using Square 54 for university uses.

This is a result that many people in the neighborhood supported when the 2000 campus plan was adopted. We see no reason to put another use here. Rather than try to use this property as part of integrated campus plan, GWU has proposed a commercial project that is more than twice the size of the gross floor area permitted under the current zoning.

The floor area ratio would jump from 3.5 to 7.5, more than double. Instead of functions directly related to GWU's educational mission, the project will be a mixture of downtown office space of the sort one could find anywhere on K Street, a retail complex compatible with downtown office use,

and market rate housing with a modest affordable housing component.

This project, if approved, will prove to be a cash cow for GWU, but is zoning for dollars really a policy that the District should embrace? Should the District's zoning laws be used to help GW build up its endowment on the backs of neighborhood residents, or to fund GW's capital campaign for years to come? Is a project of this density -- four times the average size of a K Street office building -- the type of project that should be constructed within GWU's campus boundaries?

This is not a case of grow up, not out. This is not a case of smart growth. This is a case of GWU saying, "Show me the money." And "show me the money" is not good public policy.

There are a number of reasons for the Zoning Commission to say no to this proposal. From the standpoint of basic zoning principles and neighborhood preservation, this

2.

case is a perversion of the PUD process. As the FBA and the ANC testified during the campus plan case, and the ANC testified during the Grant School case, the Zoning Commission should not be considering a PUD within the context of a campus plan development.

Development on a college campus are specifically subject to Section 210 of the zoning regulations, which contain stringent requirements which you've heard tonight, as to density and development-related issues not present in the PUD regulations.

Even if the Commission thought that a PUD should go on this site, then GW could sell this property, as it did in the case of Square 119, the IMF property, which was promised by the community that it was going to be used for university use, the new IMF headquarters project.

GW should not be allowed to use zoning as a substitute for solving its admitted financial problems and needs, nor for

ignoring the best practices, planning, and development, and for the lack of an endowment and the need to run a capital campaign.

I would add that we could easy end up with empty space retail, such as we now have at the Ritz Carlton and 2000 Pennsylvania Avenue, and the so-called restaurant amenity at 1900 Pennsylvania Avenue that I just spoke about that has stood vacant for the past two years.

Further, the amenities package commercializes and transforms, not enhances, our residential neighborhood, and the D.C. Council is already proposing that green, sustainable elements should not be considered amenities, but requirements for any future development.

Square 54 is an important parcel and a university campus that should be used to help make GW a world-class university that it contends that its goal is. Square 54 should be developed as part of a campus under campus

plan regulations, rather than PUD regulations, while protecting and enhancing its host community. Subsidizing commercial expansion of a private nonprofit through the back door of zoning approval is not legitimate public policy.

Madam Chair, as my neighbors and I have sat through the past few months of hearings, we have heard a lot of discussion about GW's future and where GW wants to be in the year 2025. has anyone in the District government stopped to ask, what do we want the Foggy Bottom neighborhood to look like in the year 2025? Does the city even want our residential neighborhood and Foggy Bottom 20 years down the road?

The added density and the increase in commercial and retail uses of this project will clearly have one major effect -- further transforming the character of the Foggy Bottom -- of Foggy Bottom in ways that will make this neighborhood unrecognizable as a distinct

Τ	residential community.
2	GW should not be saddling Foggy
3	Bottom with enormous projects that simply do
4	not fit within our residential neighborhood
5	context. Our members would welcome a
6	university that wants to be a good neighbor
7	and that wants to be a part of the community,
8	not dominate it.
9	I thank you for your time.
10	MR. HITCHCOCK: Mr. Oberlander
11	will be the next witness.
12	MR. OBERLANDER: Madam Chairman,
13	members of the Commission
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I need you to
15	turn on your microphone.
16	MR. OBERLANDER: Thank you for
17	reminding me. I appear here on behalf of the
18	Foggy Bottom Association in opposition of this
19	PUD and the related map amendment, and it
20	should not be granted.
21	Due to the time limitations, I
22	will only highlight my statement. It's a six-

page statement which you have, and the slides on the screen highlight some of the highlights.

The proposal involves Square 54, a square within the boundaries of the George Washington University campus plan, that is indicated as "institutional" on the general land use map. And I have maps here if you're not familiar with them. I believe they're in the records, but there are two maps that need to be -- there are two general land use maps which need to be referred to.

The definition of "institution" is -- on the map is land and facilities occupied bу colleges, universities, hospitals, religious institutions, and similar facilities as predominant uses. A mixed use PUD on is incompatible Square 54 for such а comprehensive plan designation.

As long as it -- the square remains within the established campus boundaries, the predominant usage needs to be

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

institutional. That is the guidance that members of the Commission asked for earlier. The guidance is institutional uses.

The PUD proposed in this project has Sections 1342.1(b) and 1358.1 on the Ward 2 portion of the comprehensive plan specifically deal with the need for the university to provide for student dormitories on the campus, not commercial mixed use to development. The PUD does not provide for any student housing or any other needed academic uses on Square 54.

The PUD proposed is the result of a study funded by the university and conducted by the Urban Land Institute Advisory Services. The underlying approach of the three-day study was to help the university fund future academic and housing needs on this Foggy Bottom campus by increasing the allowable floor area ratio on Square 54.

This is a commercial real estate approach. In my opinion, a proper planning

2.

approach would examine options which would be ideal for Square 54, given its context within the comprehensive plan and the university's campus academic needs.

In my professional opinion, the proposal is too intense to be included as part of the campus and not of institutional or related activities. The PUD tries to take advantage of the square's northern frontage along Pennsylvania Avenue at Washington Circle in order to capitalize on the commercial development.

The application clearly states that the project is "trying to create a preeminent office address." Preeminent commercial office locations should not be created within official campus boundaries. There is no campus plan rationale for it.

The application also clearly states that the proposed development is a "key source of non-enrollment driven revenues to support university core academic missions."

Should a rezoning to C-3-C be granted primarily for economic benefits? Economic benefits for a private landowner's benefit are not a basis for rezoning.

The applicant's claim that the square is designated for high-density commercial institution categories is incorrect. If you look at the application, page 33, item number 8, the general land use map, as I've pointed out, the map only shows a sliver of Pennsylvania Avenue frontage as "high-density commercial."

However, the generalized land use policy map number 2 -- this is the one without the colors -- show in gray the entire extent of campus, the intended including the The campus is Pennsylvania Avenue frontage. not near the red downtown plan area. The square is not included in the central employment designated area on the The square is not in a comprehensive plan. comprehensive plan special treatment area, nor

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

is it specifically designated for transitoriented development.

The PUD development requests -- 7-1/2 FAR -- is over double the amount of development that the current R-5-D, which is 3-1/2 FAR, permits. Even if this were a proper application of the PUD tool, in my opinion that is stretching the PUD flexibility provisions too far beyond the maximum established in Section 2405.1 and 2405.2 of the regulations. These sections limit the height in the R-5-D to 90 feet, and the FAR to 4-1/2. A minor deviation of five percent is authorized in Section 2405.3.

In the new proposed campus plan zoning case, we and the ANCs testify that the application should not be using PUDs in the campus special exception Section 210 matter. That testimony applies to this case as well.

The proposed C-3-C zoning is requested because it can provide higher height and density. The neighborhood retail and

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

office development could be built in the C-1 zoning classification. In fact, the application requests less square footage than the C-3-C allows -- 59,000 square feet less -- but 40 feet more in height.

No justification is provided which might indicate changed circumstances in the area since the current zoning was put in place in 1958, or that a mistake was made when the square was classified R-5-D, which could warrant a change to C-3-C.

If you examine the existing zoning around Washington Circle, you will find that any commercial zone ends one block east and/or west of the unzoned government-owned original L'Enfant Circle Reservation 40N. Placing Square 54 into the C-3-C would violate the protection the circle has had from commercial uses since 1958. Several other L'Enfant circles have similar protection from commercial uses around the city.

Although the proposed building

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

height opposite Washington Circle is 90 feet, the entire square and the 110-, 130-foot building height of the other portion of the PUD, as seen from the historic circle, will be viewed as a very bulky and an unbalanced mass of building east of 23rd Street, which is a special L'Enfant street.

The 20-foot setback at the upper level does not reduce the massiveness of the project, nor does it respect the circle. I'd like to cite two additional policies contained in the D.C. elements of the comprehensive plan -- Section 807.9 and 10, which deal with the buildings streetscape and treatment of fronting on special streets and the architectural prominent buildings on -- along special streets.

The building height measuring point for the entire square is taken from the highest street elevation on Pennsylvania Avenue. The site slopes south to I Street. The building frontage on I Street will be 10

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

feet higher than the zoning allows, is measured on I Street. The three proposed buildings are being considered, one, for measuring point purposes.

This is a further instance of trying to circumvent the intent and purpose of provisions the height limit of the regulations, and the Height Act of 1910. height of the buildings, if measured on I Street, depending on its interpretation, would exceed the maximum 130 feet allowed in the city. The Height Act -- the Congress gave the direction that no building should be taller than 130 feet, except on Pennsylvania Avenue where they can go to 160 feet.

The residential building proposed opposite the new hospital does not respect the height of the new hospital and may cause morning shadows on hospital rooms.

Now, dealing with the OP and the November 10th final report, the OP report indicates that the proposed project will

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

exceed the matter of right C-3 density and height due to PUD bonuses. OP provides no planning basis or rationale for such extra development potential.

The OP report mentions that rental housing may encourage more students to live on campus. There is no indication in the application that the eight percent affordable housing units will be set aside for GW students.

OP indicates the advantages of the proposed public benefits provided by the project design. The public benefits offered included the green roof and the LEED elements. These benefits can also be provided in the square under a lower density development — for institutional—academic purposes — and will soon be required by law, since the Council passed this legislation and it is now pending before the Congress.

So you can get these environmental benefits by applying it to a lower density.

It doesn't only apply to higher density.

Page 5 of the OP report states that this PUD will require further definition of proposed amenities at the public hearing. Among other issues, the report mentions that the grocery store size and type should be further defined.

Since this is a consolidated PUD application, such questions should have been resolved in the application as it was submitted, not to have to take your time to sort out what kind and what size grocery store this is going to be.

OP recommends significant monetary contributions toward the design and engineering of a second Metro entrance. Why only design and engineering? There is no specific amount mentioned, nor a definition of what is significant. There are examples in the city where the developers have contributed to actual construction of the additional Metro entrances.

The OP report mentions the proposed massive glass atrium facing Washington Circle. No analysis was provided as to what amount of sun reflection may occur onto the historic circle from the glass atrium or from the glass and the metal curtain walls.

The report states in general the project is of a very high-quality design. What guidelines or criteria did OP use to make this kind of a finding or statement? OP believes that the public benefits discussed with the applicant and listed in the report are generally commensurate with the requested subject density, finalization to commitments of the grocery store, entrance, and green roof. What criteria were used to make these findings?

The OP report, on page 7, admits that the remainder of the square is designated in institutional. And while there is no university use, aside from parking, proposed for the square the commercial use of the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

property as part of the overall campus plan currently being considered will be consistent with land use policies of the comprehensive plan. This statement, in my opinion, is a gross rationalization of the facts.

OP's finding that in general the proposed development is not inconsistent with the policies of any -- and furthers the objectives of D.C. comprehensive plan -- is too generalized and does not apply adequately to the comprehensive plan specific policies as stated for Square 54.

Placing student dormitories or other housing on Square 54 may not be as financially lucrative for GW as other uses, but it would effectively implement the student housing Section 1342.1(b) and 1358.1 of the comprehensive plan.

What makes sense? Development within the boundaries of the official campus plan should be consistent with the institutional designation set forth in the

1	comprehensive plan and within the limits of
2	Section 210 of the regulations.
3	A compatible alternative to office
4	use or student housing would be to place a
5	proposed science center on part of or on all
6	of the prominent site.
7	I'd be happy to answer any
8	questions on my testimony that I have
9	provided.
10	Thank you.
11	MR. HITCHCOCK: Our final witness,
12	Joe Mehra, will discuss the traffic and
13	transportation issues.
14	MR. MEHRA: Good evening. I'm Joe
15	Mehra. Before we get into the slide
16	presentation, I just want to mention that a
17	total of five traffic studies was submitted
18	two for Square 54 and three for the companion
19	GWU applications.
20	There are significant differences
21	and discrepancies between these reports,
22	although they are supposed to be projecting

traffic for the same intersections in all five studies. And I want to point out the significant differences and discrepancies and their impacts.

The first one is the existing conditions. In the peak hour determination, the original May 24th report that was prepared for the Square 54 study showed that the street peak hours are 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. and 5:15 to 6:15 p.m. And, incidentally, the GW campus plan peak hour is also 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m.

The October 2006 revision states that the peak hours are now 8:30 to 9:30 and 5:30 to 6:30 p.m. The selection of the peak hours is critical to the study, as well as the companion GWU campus traffic study. No reasons are presented for the change in the peak hour determination.

The peak hour is supposed to represent the worst hour of the morning or afternoon peak periods. Selection of the hour, other than the peak, will result in

better levels of service than the actual peak hour.

Another discrepancy -- the October report shows the existing traffic volumes are almost half of the May 24th report, which means 50 percent less at some of the intersections. Again, no reasons are provided for the significant decrease in traffic in the Foggy Bottom area between May and October of last year.

Next one is background conditions. The future conditions are calculated for the year 2010. I believe just half an hour ago there was a long discussion on the time when this project will be completed and occupied. The traffic study assumed that it would be done in four years, by 2010.

The longer the period for occupancy and completion, the higher the traffic growth. What you are doing is adding more background traffic. So the traffic study, based on 2010, presents more optimistic

conditions than if the project was completed, say, in 2015.

We also applied an assumption of half a percent per year growth to the existing traffic, excluding the George Washington University traffic, to obtain background conditions. The District Department of Transportation study for the lower west end included -- that included part of the study area was released in July of last year.

The DDOT study assumed one background percent per year growth for conditions and included the GWU traffic also in that one percent per year growth. the differences in growth rates, versus the one percent, and exclusion of GWU traffic, the total trips forecasted for the background conditions are significantly less in the Wells report than the use of the DDOT study growth rate.

For example, the northbound traffic on Washington Circle at Pennsylvania

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Avenue is estimated to increase by 46 vehicles during the a.m. peak hour by Wells. If you use the data from DDOT, and still sticking with the 2010 forecast year, this will be 93 vehicles rather than 46 vehicles. This, in turn, will worsen the levels of service.

The 2010 background conditions -without the site developed, without the Square
54 developed, includes vehicle trips generated
by other developments, including the GWU
campus plan.

There is significant discrepancy in vehicle trip rates for the GWU expansion. The August 24, 2006, GWU traffic study used the falling trip rates and trips for the students and staff during the a.m. peak hour. These are shown on the slide here. The students are .023 trips per student, or 28 trips for approximately 1,200 students. The staff is about .178 trips per staff or 178 for 1,000 staff.

The October 2006 Square 54 traffic

study assumed the student trip rate as 0.013 or 16 trips for 1,200 students, and staff as being 0.013 or 131 trips for 1,000 staff. And similar discrepancies are also in the p.m. peak hour trip data.

These discrepancies need to be explained. Lower trip rates result in less vehicle trip generation and subsequently a better level of service. It should be noted that this is a critical discrepancy, because the Commission has requested the applicant to conduct the traffic analysis assuming the faculty and staff population as being 12,529, or an increase of 6,475 over the current levels.

The vehicle trip generation for this increase of 6,475 faculty and staff using the two-study results is shown in this graphic. As can be seen in August 2006 study, the a.m. peak hours are 1,166, whereas the October 2006 study shows 851, which basically means that the new study has 315 less trips

just during the a.m. peak hour.

2.

This difference of 315 vehicles will have a significant impact on the projected levels of service. In terms of the level of service, the existing conditions analysis based on the Wells report dated October 2006 showed that five out of the 20 intersections analyzed have some approaches failing, which means that they are currently operating at LOS-E or LOS-F.

With the background traffic, which is half a percent per year, and Square 54 traffic, the future conditions analysis showed that seven out of the 20 intersections will have some approaches that will be failing, and these are based on the Wells report.

After mitigation proposed by Wells, six out of 20 intersections will still be failing, and these intersections include Washington Circle and K Street eastbound, 23rd and I Street, 23rd, F, and Virginia Avenue.

The proposed mitigation will

1	result in only one intersection improving from
2	failing level of service to acceptable
3	conditions. If the DDOT study growth rates
4	were used, then it is conceivable that three
5	more intersections may fail, since they are
6	currently projecting to be operated at
7	marginal level of service D.
8	In view of the traffic analysis
9	that has been conducted, and the fact that six
10	out of 20 intersections still fail after the
11	mitigation proposed in the study, the project
12	should be scaled down or additional mitigation
13	measures should be proposed to mitigate six
14	out of the 20 intersections.
15	Thank you.
16	MR. HITCHCOCK: That concludes our
17	presentation.
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
19	Mr. Hitchcock.
20	Can we have the lights up, please?
21	Questions from the Commission?
22	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Madam

1	Chair, I just have two quick questions for Mr.
2	Oberlander.
3	Mr. Oberlander, I probably have
4	asked you this previously in other cases, but
5	from your experience, what is the
6	comprehensive plan? A short version, so
7	hopefully I can remember. What is the
8	comprehensive plan? I know it's a guidance
9	document. What else is it? Is it something
10	that I look at it and I'm supposed to
11	mandatory go by, or I know we've had this
12	discussion before, but refresh my memory.
13	MR. OBERLANDER: The comprehensive
14	plan is a policy statement of the future
15	growth and development of the nation's
16	capital. Now, the specific
17	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Is that
18	the short version?
19	MR. OBERLANDER: That's the short
20	
21	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.
22	MR. OBERLANDER: version. The

1 specific reference to whether you need to go 2 by it or not --3 VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: 4 MR. OBERLANDER: -- the Home Rule Act establishes that 5 zoning shall not inconsistent with the comprehensive plan, and 6 7 that is an issue that this Commission has to 8 address in each and every case. And that's my 9 opinion, as stated in the testimony, is that 10 there are various policies that are violated 11 by this PUD proposal. 12 VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: And I know 13 you worked very hard with the task force on 14 comprehensive plan. You the heard 15 discussion I had with Mr. Parker earlier about 16 whether we should I guess be referring to Mr. 17 Parker -- you can shake your head if 18 misquote you, because that was probably an 19 hour and a half ago, so I may have it wrong by 20 now. 21 But earlier you heard me and Mr. 22 Parker having discussion about t.he а

comprehensive plan, and that it was the one by 1 the Council which was just approved and signed 2 3 by the Mayor. I believe by now it has been 4 done. 5 MR. OBERLANDER: But it is not yet in effect. 6 7 VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: It is not in effect now. 8 So my question to you is --9 and I think my question -- I've got 10 remember -- it was whether the new one pretty 11 much said the same language as the old one, 12 and I think, Mr. Parker, you said that it had 13 the same language. Ms. Kahlow I think didn't 14 agree with that. 15 What is your take on it? 16 Well, I can't MR. OBERLANDER: 17 testify to the specific policies that -- the 18 current plan which is in effect. Those I have 19 cited in the testimony. I do not know whether 20 in the new plan there are identical policies. What Mr. Parker testified to is the land use 21

policy, which is the map, and that shows

1	basically the same. But it's the language, in
2	terms of the dormitory requirement and in
3	terms of institutional uses, which in my
4	opinion is being violated.
5	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Okay.
6	And, Madam Chair, I'm not sure Mr. Mehra's
7	report, I don't know if this was the case,
8	because right now it is all running together
9	for me. But I'm didn't we when is this
10	report supposed to go over to DDOT?
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: We had this
12	same sort of testimony, and I was going to ask
13	that when if someone didn't ask before me.
14	When Mr. Mehra testified in the campus plan
15	case with the PUD, we asked him to talk to
16	DDOT, because in that case, if I recall
17	correctly, you hadn't talked to DDOT about
18	your conclusions. Is that right?
19	MR. MEHRA: Right. But we did
20	meet with DDOT after that.
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: On this or
22	the other?

1	MR. MEHRA: Well, basically, both
2	projects together, and all three reports that
3	I prepared were submitted to them.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
5	MR. MEHRA: To DDOT.
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And did you
7	ever get a response from DDOT?
8	MR. MEHRA: I believe there was
9	some response today at 5:30 or so. I didn't
10	really have enough time to go through it and
11	see what the response was.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That's on the
13	campus that's on the other case.
14	MR. MEHRA: Right.
15	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Oh, okay.
16	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: So we
17	never I wonder if we could do this
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Absolutely.
19	VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Would it
20	be feasible to do the same thing?
21	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: We have to do
22	it. We have to do it.

1 VICE CHAIRPERSON HOOD: Can we do 2. I don't know who can set that up or how 3 we can, but it would be good if we can do 4 that. 5 Thank you. CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 6 So just so we're clear, if you -- I guess you have 7 8 already shared your conclusions with DDOT. 9 We're going to have to ask the intervention of 10 the Office of Planning to get a detailed 11 response from DDOT, and we know that that's a 12 struggle, but we ask you to do it anybody and 13 fight the good fight to help us get informed. 14 MR. HITCHCOCK: Madam Chair, a 15 question on procedure. Are you contemplating 16 that DDOT would come back for additional 17 testimony? 18 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I've learned 19 not to contemplate that. But I would like --20 I would like a written response from DDOT, if 21 we can get it. 22 MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. I would note the objection that we raised in the campus plan case as well. It's easy for someone to sit in their office and draft responses knowing that they're not going to be questioned on it. But this is a contested case. And if there is going to be additional material coming in, we should have a right to ask questions, not just in writing but in a proceeding of this sort.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I understand.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I understand.

And I don't know if my -- if I respond to you or this was another case. As I said, you have to trust the Commission. If we find the response lacking, then we'll need to convene another hearing at that point.

But at this juncture, I mean, I think, you know, we struggle with getting DDOT here. So let's see what we get back.

MR. HITCHCOCK: I understand the Commission's point. I mean, our concern is just from the standpoint of procedural due process.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I understand.
2	MR. HITCHCOCK: I mean, there is a
3	statute. The statute creates certain rights.
4	And these are, you know, contested issues.
5	And if the Commission is going to be making
6	findings on testimony that comes in without a
7	chance to question, that raises questions.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
9	MR. HITCHCOCK: And I'll leave it
10	there.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thanks.
12	Any other questions? Mr.
13	Turnbull?
14	COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Thank you,
15	Madam Chair.
16	I just wanted to clarify with Mr.
17	Oberlander. In your testimony, at one point
18	you were in your estimation, you were
19	talking about Square 54 following
20	institutional uses. But then, I think later
21	on in your testimony you were referencing to
22	going an option of C-1-C zoning for retail

and office. Were you -- which gets away from the institutional use, so I just want to clarify your position on how you were mixing the two.

MR. OBERLANDER: My position is --

MR. OBERLANDER: My position is -should be clear. I apologize for the language
not being as clear as it should be.
Institutional use is a predominant use. There
could be, in a square that is this big, a
commercial -- a small commercial facility.
But the language in this document, in this
map, is predominant use.

What is meant by "predominant"? There have been zoning cases, or, rather, court cases over the years. The one I recall most particularly is the Georgetown Waterfront case where I had to testify in court as to what is meant by the Planning Commission's definition of "predominant."

And the best that I could come up with is the staff, at that time, had a feeling of 75 percent of the use on the particular

1	square as predominant land use housing or
2	commercial or whatever the plan calls for.
3	But in the true sense, "predominant"
4	mathematically is a little bit more than 50
5	percent.
6	So the court never concluded in
7	the Georgetown Waterfront case what really
8	"predominant" meant. But that's the language
9	still maintained, and that was in the previous
10	comprehensive plans, and that is still in the
11	current and the new comprehensive plan.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?
13	Questions?
14	(No response.)
15	I think I might have, in listening
16	to the testimony, figured out a way to get a
17	more direct answer to Commissioner Parsons'
18	question from before, which is the testimony
19	focused on a couple of things that can be
20	considered artificial. One is that this
21	property is owned by the university.

It doesn't need to be owned by the

university, and the testimony that Ms. Elliott read that would have otherwise been presented by Ms. Howell, who is now here -- welcome -- you talk about the fact that, like Square 119, GW could sell the site.

So, then, that would remove Okay. the GW relationship from the equation. And if they did that, presumably the campus plan boundary line would be redrawn. So if that situation, what would were the be the appropriate -- from your perspective, what would be the appropriate zoning for this site? Well, again, the MR. OBERLANDER:

land use designation, no matter who owns the land, is -- the predominant use is institutional. If you're assuming that once the university sells the land, the change in land use would take place. Then, a specific analysis should be done as to what is really the best usage of that land.

But the campus planning, which -- you know, you can't just take Square 54 and

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

think of it by itself. The university has 1 2. presented a campus plan. There have been 3 several campus plans. This square, by the 4 way, if you'll remember, is not in the current 5 campus plan. I never could understand why the 6 7 university took that approach, but 8 decided to go the PUD route. In other words, 9 as we've testified to, try to take it away 10 Section 210 provisions from the οf the 11 regulations in order to get greater density. 12 So to answer your question more 13 specifically, what would be appropriate? Some 14 religious institution the other under 15 institutional uses? 16 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: But you can't 17 possibly be suggesting that the university is 18 in some way constrained because of the blue 19 color on the land use map as to who they would 20 sell the property to. 21 MR. OBERLANDER: No, I'm not 22 suggesting that at all. I'm saying that the comprehensive plan's land use designation, as it stands, if the university sells the land, is still institutional unless that particular piece of land were taken out of the institutional use.

CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Well, and that's why it's no good. That's why it's not helpful. That's why I wish you guys had changed that. It doesn't make any difference. I mean, that's a -- to me that's a nonargument. That's not helpful. That is not helpful. But anyway, and I can see we're not get a straight answer going to to the question, but I gave it another shot, Parsons.

(Laughter.)

Okay. If we can get the followup on, you know, the traffic, that would be extremely helpful, because, you know, we do appreciate the different perspective that you bring, Mr. Mehra, and we try and get all of the experts to at least reconcile the what

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	seem to be factual differences.
2	So, anybody else on followup?
3	(No response.)
4	Okay. Mr. Feola?
5	MR. FEOLA: Thank you, Madam
6	Chair. I just really have one question for
7	Mr. Oberlander.
8	Mr. Oberlander, your testimony
9	focuses on the color on the map, the land use
10	map, as to why this project is not consistent
11	with the comprehensive plan. You are aware,
12	I take it, that there are other elements of
13	the comprehensive plan, correct?
14	MR. OBERLANDER: Yes, and I have
15	cited those in the testimony.
16	MR. FEOLA: The housing element?
17	MR. OBERLANDER: Yes.
18	MR. FEOLA: Did you cite the
19	housing element?
20	MR. OBERLANDER: Yes. But there
21	are other provisions
22	MR. FEOLA: Did you

1	MR. OBERLANDER: for the
2	student housing that
3	MR. FEOLA: I'm not talking about
4	student housing. I'm talking about the
5	housing element in the comprehensive plan.
6	Are you aware of that?
7	MR. OBERLANDER: Yes.
8	MR. FEOLA: Are you aware that
9	there's an economic development element of the
10	comprehensive plan?
11	MR. OBERLANDER: Yes.
12	MR. FEOLA: Are you aware that
13	there is an environmental element of the
14	comprehensive plan?
15	MR. OBERLANDER: Yes.
16	MR. FEOLA: Are you aware that
17	there's an urban design element of the
18	comprehensive plan?
19	MR. OBERLANDER: Yes.
20	MR. FEOLA: So the plan is more
21	than the two maps you have in front of you, is
22	that correct?

1	MR. OBERLANDER: Absolutely.
2	MR. FEOLA: Thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Ms. Kahlow,
4	did you have any questions?
5	MS. KAHLOW: No, I do not.
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Thank
7	you all for your testimony.
8	Ms. Kahlow, it's your turn.
9	MS. KAHLOW: I found one working.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Please go
11	ahead whenever you're ready.
12	MS. KAHLOW: Yes, I had to find
13	one that was working.
14	I, Barbara Kahlow, live at 800
15	25th Street, N.W. I am testifying on behalf
16	of the West End Citizens Association, the
17	oldest citizens organization in the Foggy
18	Bottom/West End area.
19	The WECA is primarily interested
20	in maintaining the quality of life for the
21	existing residential community in Foggy
22	Bottom/West End. Regarding GW's application

Square 54, the WECA has consistently maintained in previous official D.C. hearings and other public meetings that for various reasons, including safety, the frontage on Washington Circle should be no higher than the current zoning allows, i.e. 90 feet for short distance, and then rising to 110, 130, or 142 feet proposed, restricted and to as residential use, which would be consistent with both sides of Pennsylvania Avenue in the Foggy Bottom/West End area west of the circle and around the circle.

Today I have four areas to cover.

One, is the requested map amendment justified?

The answer is no. GW wants to upzone the site from R-5-D to C-3-C and via PUD. The requested upzoning is clearly unjustified. GW has several rationales for this upzoning, but the principal one is GW's desire to exempt this site from the aggregate floor area ratio -- FAR -- cap of 3.5 in Section 210 for residentially zoned properties, i.e. to

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

obviate the entire purpose of the Commission's regulations for colleges and universities.

Square 54 is zoned R-5-D and is surrounded, with one small exception of a medical office building, by only R-5-D and R-5-E zoned properties. R-5-D limits FAR to 3.5. R-5-E limits FAR to 6.0.

Similarly, C-2-C with a PUD limits FAR to 6.0, while C-3-A and C-3-B zoning with PUDs is even more restrictive. GW's request is to upzone C-3-C, which is what the PUD allows, FAR to 8.0. I earlier referred in questioning the Office of Planning why they didn't consider CR. CR zoning with a PUD also allows FAR to 8.0. The difference is height.

The application before you requests 7.5 FAR. This request -- 144 percent increase in density -- 114 percent increase in density from 3.5 to 7.5 is truly excessive. Further, R-5-D limits height to 90 feet, while C-3-C of a PUD allows height to 130 feet. The application requests 130 feet. Thus, GW's

2.

request is for a 44 percent increase in height from 90 to 130 feet.

In the supplemental filing filed on December 26th, it revealed that part of the site is really 142 feet, which would mean an increase of 58 percent. This is truly excessive, and, as I've indicated, perhaps inconsistent with the current law on the Height Act, which has been litigated recently in a GW case by the community for the proposed site of WECA two blocks away, and community prevailed.

On April 14, '06, then Office of Planning Director, in an OP-convened meeting, committed to the West End -- Foggy Bottom/West End community in the library that the height around Washington Circle would not exceed 90 feet.

Except for the International Finance Corporation building, which used transferrable development rights, which came from another area of D.C., to increase its

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

height to 130 feet, the buildings around Washington Circle and to its west in the Foggy Bottom/West End residential neighborhood area are no higher than 90 feet.

These include the low-scale landmark Schneider's Triangle Townhouses, to which I previously referred, to the north, the 90-foot GW hospital to the west, and the two 85-foot GW dorms to the south. The chart I have in my testimony should be -- there should be a change to it -- the height limit being 130 feet. GW is requesting actually for the site up to 142 feet.

Lastly, the current comprehensive plan's existing land use map shows Square 54 is 100 percent institutional, and the planned land use map shows all but a tiny sliver is institutional.

Mr. Oberlander asked if these were already in the record. If they are not, I would like to have the opportunity to present them. They are part of the records of the

Office of Planning. Or, if he has an extra copy with him, he could submit them. I think you need to look at the whole context to see that this really is institutional.

Two, does the application have the right mix and location for the various uses? The answer is no. Since the building around Washington Circle, with the noted exception of the IFC to its west -- and to the west in the West End north of Pennsylvania Avenue, and Foggy Bottom south of Pennsylvania Avenue are largely residential, the WECA strongly believes that the residential uses in this project need to be located around Washington Circle.

Placing commercial uses around the circle would lead to a dead area at night, thus posing a significant safety problem for our neighborhood. Additionally, the proposed 130-foot 14-story building to the best of the 2141 President Condominium could significantly block light and air for these residents, those

south of Schneider's Triangle, and in Washington Circle, and other buildings, as has been testified, such as The Letterman House and any other residential building actually anywhere in the line of sight.

The WECA requests that the Commission require the applicant to present shadow studies, just have not witnesses present partial information, as has traditionally required by both the BZA and the Zoning Commission in cases impacting issues of residential safety or sufficient air light.

Three, is the application complete for Commission action? I am repeating my statement of many times with little deviation. The answer is no. Current D.C. law and codified rules require full compliance with the D.C. Environmental Policy Act for projects which exceed the million dollar threshold before the Commission can approve this application.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

D.C. rules provide agencies, boards, and Commissions to integrate the environmental impact statement EIS process with other planning processes at the earliest stages they are planning for major actions when the widest range of feasible alternatives is open for consideration.

In addition, on November 1st of '06, in its post-hearing submission for the School Without Walls site, GW quoted Chair Mitten's September 14, '06, statements relating to the Foggy Bottom Association's motion for the campus plan cases, Number 06-11 and 06-12, "This is a first stage PUD, and there is no permission being granted. These are not permissions to even build specific buildings."

GW's September 11, '06, opposition to the FBA motion "to postpone case pending preparation of a consolidated environmental review" stated, "with campus plans and first stage PUDs, buildings presented only in

2.

concept and the plans failed to present enough information about each specific structure for full and proper environmental assessment."

The instant application is neither a campus plan nor a first state PUD, and there specifics for a full and proper environmental assessment at this point. We believe that a full and proper environmental assessment is especially needed in this case Department due to the D.C. οf Health's December 9, 1999, finding "that there essentially no remaining air resource margin in the 23rd Street corridor just south of Washington Circle."

The Department of Health's 1999 memorandum further advised the city, "We have also concluded that it is important for both of our agencies" -- in that case it was DCRA -- "to pay close attention to future permit applications for the use of either the existing building or the land at the site of the current GW hospital," Square 54.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

The university hospital system did not ask its contractor to take into account traffic that might be generated in the future by or at the existing site.

Insofar as the technical analysis that is being used to support the permit application for the replacement hospital project does not take into account pollution that might be generated by such future use, please be advised that future uses at this site, Square 54, may be found to be highly constrained. Future uses at this site, Square 54, may be found to be highly constrained.

Since we heard from the Office of Planning today that they have not yet asked the D.C. Department of Health, despite this analysis, for their input, the WECA requests the Commission to seek the D.C. Department of Health input before taking action on this application.

The environmental analysis, on

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

pages 16 through 7 of the applicant's presentation, is woefully incomplete. For example, it includes no mention whatsoever of air quality. And as of the Office of Planning testified today, they are very concerned about air quality.

As we have repeatedly stated, D.C. is below -- or above the national standard for ambient air. And as a consequence, it is out of compliance. This makes it only worse.

The conclusion on page 18 of the applicant's presentation is clearly inaccurate and incomplete stating "design that minimizes visual -- adverse visual and physical impact on the Foggy Bottom and West End neighborhoods."

An even more significant question is how it is possible for the project to have four levels of below grade parking due to the rock formation and underground waterflows in the area. Didn't WMATA have great difficulty during construction of its Foggy Bottom Metro

stop?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

I neglected to ask the Office of Planning about that, since WMATA is a federal agency. However, that needs to be -- that analysis needs to be done about the rock and the water. If you recall in other zoning cases, such as at 2501 Penn, they could not go down more than two levels because of the rock formation, and in other cases because of the water as well. This is a serious issue that would completely change the entire application.

Further, OP set down in final reports for Square 54 -- both state, "The community has expressed concern regarding the environmental impact to the project," and OP shares these concerns, as I have cross examined OP today.

In addition, OP's final report shows no referral yet to the D.C. Department of Health, which it has not yet done. As required in the PUD process, were the dollars

estimated for proffered amenities including for streetscape improvements? Yes, there has been a supplemental filing since I prepared this for the first hearing, but it is incomplete.

And they are "up to" numbers instead of actual numbers, and I think you need an actual total numbers, and see if they are commensurate with the increased FAR, this huge increase that is being requested. Ι think in no way -- and the Foggy Bottom multiple submitted community has times analysis. economic In no way did proffered amenities balance the complete increase that they are proposing of a 114 percent increase in density and a 58 percent increase in height. I think I have that number right.

Four, will the increase in traffic around Washington Circle be workable? The answer is no. As Vice Chairman Hood has repeatedly questioned, the WECA believes that

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

the applicant's traffic impact data are not completely credible. Washington Circle currently operates at level of service F during the afternoon rush.

The applicant's requested 7.5 FAR with 1,026 parking spaces will only exacerbate an already untenable situation. This is not just replacement traffic. Since there is going to be new retail, new residences, those are new people, new cars, into the neighborhood. In fact, the applicant's transportation impact study admits that under existing conditions Washington Circle, Street eastbound, currently operates at level of service F both in the a.m. and p.m. peak periods.

The applicant's transportation impact study also admits adverse impacts at the following intersections: 22nd and Penn, 23rd and I, and 24th and K. The updated version of the study admits adverse impacts at the following additional intersections: 23rd,

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

F, and Virginia; 24th and Penn.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Lastly, traffic counts during the summer, on July 12, '05, are clearly not representative of year-round traffic, particularly when the normal flow period for traffic is from September through May when GW is holding classes and they are performances and games in various buildings.

On December 7th, at the Zoning Commission's request, in the related case of the campus plan, Case Numbers 06-11 and -12, the WECA asked DDOT in writing for independent analysis of the 16 failing E or F level of service intersections in the area, including many around Washington Circle, since 11 of the 16 increase in grade despite mitigation.

DDOT never responded. In fact, its submission late this afternoon after 5:00 only partially answered those of the Foggy Bottom Association witness, answered none of our questions. We have already filed findings

of fact. Anything would be obviously -- should be excluded from the record, since we haven't had a chance to cross examine it.

The fact is we have not had the analysis we need, not just of Mr. Mehra, but of what we asked for, and you asked us to ask for in writing on December 7th. We submitted the matrix of all the detailed questions and got no response whatsoever. They haven't taken a moment to look at it.

In addition, the Commission should know that the application includes several misstatements which are noted at the end of my testimony. I'd like to add one more to those before I -- I'm not going to read them all, but in this latest filing, as I asked the -- and the Office of Planning concurred, the -- it says Square 54 is in the central business district. It is not. It is not in the CEA, it is not in the central business district, it is in none of those.

In sum, the WECA objects to the

2.

1	magnitude of this proposal and believes that
2	it would impose multiple adverse impacts on
3	the entire Foggy Bottom/West End residential
4	neighborhood.
5	Thank you for consideration of our
6	views. I would like to say that, of the
7	questions you've asked other witnesses, I am
8	prepared to answer those, and would be
9	delighted to do so, if you will ask me those
10	questions.
11	Thank you.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.
13	Questions for Ms. Kahlow?
14	(No response.)
14 15	(No response.) You commented in your testimony
	_
15	You commented in your testimony
15 16	You commented in your testimony about and you had asked Mr. Parker about C-
15 16 17	You commented in your testimony about and you had asked Mr. Parker about C-R.
15 16 17 18	You commented in your testimony about and you had asked Mr. Parker about C-R.  MS. KAHLOW: Yes.
15 16 17 18 19	You commented in your testimony about and you had asked Mr. Parker about C-R.  MS. KAHLOW: Yes.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Is that a

considered in the alternative as we were
successful when we presented it to another
applicant in the two blocks away, since it
allows more FAR but less height 110 feet.
One hundred thirty feet is clearly
excessive, with shadows, quality of life, with
the entire neighborhood, when we looked at all
these maps, with the 36-feet buildings,
etcetera. It's just completely out of scale.
So it's something they should have considered
an alternative, and I was surprised that they
did not consider it.
CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: No. But I'm
asking you a different question. I'm asking:
are you advocating that for Square 54?
MS. KAHLOW: I am saying that it
is better, but still inappropriate.
CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
MS. KAHLOW: But it is definitely
better.
CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.

1	Kahlow?
2	(No response.)
3	Okay. Mr. Feola, did you have any
4	questions?
5	MR. FEOLA: I just have one
6	question. Ms. Kahlow, you just said in your
7	oral statement that the traffic counts in the
8	Wells report were taken in July. My report
9	says October and May, those two days. Could
10	you cite
11	MS. KAHLOW: The July 12, '05, was
12	the initial one. And if you looked at Mr.
13	Mehra's charts, he showed the July '05
14	MR. FEOLA: But not in the Square
15	54 case.
16	MS. KAHLOW: In the Square 54
17	case.
18	MR. FEOLA: Can you point to a
19	page in that traffic analysis that says that?
20	MS. KAHLOW: I could, except for I
21	don't have it with me. That's the problem.
22	I could provide that for the record.

1	MR. FEOLA: Okay.
2	MS. KAHLOW: I definitely could,
3	because it does exist. Would you like me to
4	provide it for the record? I just didn't
5	bring it today.
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Did you want
7	her to highlight that page for the record?
8	MR. FEOLA: If she could find it,
9	I'd like to see it, because
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
11	MR. FEOLA: my report says
12	October and May.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So
14	that would be a yes, Ms. Kahlow.
15	MS. KAHLOW: Okay.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr.
17	Hitchcock, did you have any questions for Ms.
18	Kahlow?
19	MR. HITCHCOCK: No questions.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Thank
21	you very much. Thank you, Ms. Kahlow.
22	MS. KAHLOW: Thank you.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Mr. Feola?
2	MR. FEOLA: Thank you, Madam
3	Chair. For the record, Phil Feola.
4	We only really have two rebuttal
5	witnesses, one of which we would like to
6	submit in writing to save some time.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Which one
8	would that be?
9	MR. FEOLA: Traffic.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
11	MR. FEOLA: Jamie Milanovich.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I was hoping
13	that would be
14	MR. FEOLA: From Wells and
15	Associates.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: a written
17	
18	MR. FEOLA: I think staff is
19	passing it out. We have given it to the
20	parties. She is here to answer questions from
21	the Commission and cross examination on the
22	rebuttal, if that's appropriate.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Just
2	so that I know, did you do a point by point to
3	Mr. Mehra's?
4	MR. FEOLA: Yes.
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
6	MR. FEOLA: And that's in the
7	memo.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Great.
9	MR. FEOLA: The first thing that
10	says "comment" is Mr. Mehra's comment, and
11	then
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
13	MR. FEOLA: the rationale.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Great. Okay,
15	thanks.
16	MR. FEOLA: And
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Go ahead.
18	MR. FEOLA: the other witness,
19	then, will be Rafael Pelli to talk about some
20	of the other issues. So we've got the it
21	may be easier if we had the lights off.
22	MR. PELLI: Yes, it might be

easier with the lights off. 1 The materials we're going to present are primarily visual. 2 3 You had asked us to further expand 4 on or elaborate on three issues, one having to 5 do with the building heights and the appropriateness next to adjoining buildings. 6 7 A second one, and I think you've seen the materials we presented artfully in response to 8 9 that -- a second one was to understand a bit better what a glass building might look like 10 11 on Washington Circle, so I think we will be 12 showing you that. 13 And then, finally, Commissioner 14 Parsons has asked us to study more carefully 15 the corner of 22nd and I, and the freestanding canopy element there, which is this up here. 16 17 So I'm here to present a discussion of those 18 I'll try to be concise, in three issues. 19 everybody's interest. 20 So, next. This is the diagram that we have 21 22 submitted to you. What you can see in blue are the zoning heights of 130 continuing down along 22nd Street, but also putting in red that height from the sidewalk, so that the height from the sidewalk down to 22nd and I, as has been referred to many times, is 142 feet.

I would say that it's entirely analogous condition the to the on IFC Building, where it is at least 140 feet from the sidewalk, as you get down to the corner of 21st Street, because K Street drops down as you get down there. it's a So common condition Ι think for large project development in the district.

But this shows existing conditions. I would remind the Commission these are all university buildings immediately adjoining the project, and so we -- the impact of this will be primarily on the universityowned buildings. These are medical offices here on the east side of 22nd Street, a parking residential building, garage,

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

dormitory buildings, the hospital here. 1 2 But I think we showed this to you 3 in a rather simple form. 4 Next? 5 And I want -- and I think it doesn't do it -- it doesn't show it in as much 6 7 detail as I think we could have shown it to you, because we have an outdoor terrace 8 9 actually. I'll wait for Samantha to move a little bit. Sorry. 10 11 (Laughter.) 12 Setting back 15 feet from the edge 13 of I Street, we have an outdoor terrace there, 14 which is covered by the overhanging roof, and 15 that's something I'll refer to again in a 16 And then, we have along the western moment. 17 side an outdoor pool area, which is yet a 18 further level down. 19 So the zoning heights would be 130 20 feet for the bulk of the roof, and then that portion there would be 150 feet, 115 zoning 21

feet, 127 feet from the sidewalk, and then

that corner there would be at 105 zoning feet and 117 feet from the sidewalk.

So some attention was paid to this corner as it was here, and certainly the 20-foot setback from Washington Circle before we rise up to a higher building there. So some -- it was a very similar level of kind of transition scales and heights.

Next.

But clearly, our thinking and, in part, our direction from the Office of Planning, was in consideration to trying to concentrate the height and bulk along 22nd Street, so that these buildings are not in isolation, but rather they will be continued by a -- still, a high urban wall at 110 feet on both sides of 22nd Street, which will be largely consistent with the heights of the medical office buildings, again on the east side of 22nd Street there.

Again, this is I think the one private residential building which is not a

university-owned building. This building here is also proposed under the GW Foggy Bottom campus plan to rise up to 90 feet.

Next.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

We asked by the were not Commission to prepare a shadow study, but we had been doing things internally, and we thought it would be helpful to show one here. showing you here the midpoint We are condition, the equinox. That is March 21st or September 21st. And we would run it through the course of the day, so you can see shadows in more reality, how they operate. It's a moving target. It's a moving sequence.

So this is showing you from 6:00 in the morning until now, 9:00 in the morning, where the shadows of the project will be will be slightly impacting the circle, more on the hospital to there. And then, going forward to 12:00, you can see how the shadows have less impact as the sun is directly due south.

Moving ahead now to 3:00, the

impact of these shadows is primarily on the medical office buildings. And then, going forward to 6:00, we just catch a bit of a shadow on the residential building there at -- towards 6:00 as it starts getting dark and all of the shadows get long.

Let me run that for you again, just so you can see it again. This is, again, the equinox. The shadows will get longer as we move into fall and winter. They'll get shorter as we move into spring and summer.

Next.

Okay. Now, here is now a digital rendering of the office building as seen from the intersection as K comes into the circle, seeing the front lobby there, and showing you where we are in the design now. We furthered the design somewhat to produce this rendering.

Thinking of this as a layering of elements, the element which is closest to the circle, the 90-foot element here has bands of light masonry, which are integrated with the

tracery of light metalwork which project from the facade, a lighter tracery of metalwork on the higher elements here and here, and then a very sheer wall as we mark the entrance, but consistent with the general approach of trying to break down the mass of this and trying to — in every way to try to not project this and portray this as a monolithic building or the monolithic project, but as one that not only has two different uses with very different expressions but within the — each one of the uses try to break down the mass into several elements which transition in scale to the lower buildings to the west.

Next.

And this is, then, in Washington Circle, walking along the sidewalk, showing projecting metal elements both horizontally at the spandrels and vertically at the column lines, which will give some depth and articulation and shadow lines to the facade.

It's a strategy we have used on

other projects, we believe quite successfully. I admit to some bias along those lines, but we believe that we can create a very beautiful, articulated facade, particularly along the circle, and that's where our greatest attention has been in trying to get a much more detailed articulation.

The bottom two floors are set back as to express a base to the building. There is the one floor of retail and one floor of office above. The columns are expressed -- as the facade steps back, the columns get expressed to, again, give more of a civic presence to the base of the building along the circle.

Next.

And here this is showing you, again, in sort of a digital rendering format, the residential building as seen from the corner of 23rd and I looking east. So this would be the higher element. This is at 110 feet. This is at 130 feet. And here -- here

is the element we were talking about last time, that we have a projecting roof that projects closer to I Street.

And studying that more carefully -- next -- we would propose actually setting back that roof, which would also limit the number of columns and leave it as a cornice line as it is here, a cornice line which turns into a freestanding canopy element, which just surrounds the pool but leaves that 15 feet from the top of the building to the front of the building fully open to the sky.

We've studied a further option where we would just treat these elements as shading elements, as screens if you will, which surround the building, both at the top of the building here and around the pool there.

Next.

But our recommendation would be we like the stronger shadow line you get of the more solid element there, and as it continues

1	around there. And we think that this also
2	gives you a clearer idea of the relationship
3	of the building, of the retail, and this very
4	important public space which is the first
5	thing you'll see for the 40,000 people that
6	walk out of this.
7	I mean, in much of the discussion
8	about the retail, what is not analogous about
9	this site to many of the other sites we're
10	looking at is that this is right at the mouth
11	of a Metro station. And fundamental to all of
12	this idea about density here was that this is
13	we're trying to create density on top of a
14	Metro stop and promote the use of mass
15	transportation as a way to grow the city.
16	And that's it. I would be happy
17	to answer any questions.
18	Thank you very much.
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Any
20	questions?
21	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Yes, I
22	have a question. Can you go back to the slide

1	that shows the rendering, I think, looking on
2	south on 22nd Street?
3	MR. PELLI: This one?
4	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: No. Maybe
5	the one before that. Was that what you have?
6	MR. PELLI: Yes, that's what we
7	had. Those are the three renderings we have.
8	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: I guess
9	I'm trying to understand what I'm looking
10	oh, okay. So I so, really, I don't have
11	you don't have a perspective on 22nd Street.
12	MR. PELLI: No, we haven't fully
13	we haven't fully developed that yet. But
14	
15	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Oh, okay.
16	MR. PELLI: the idea is,
17	really, that these as I say, a fundamental
18	strategy from the beginning was to treat these
19	as different buildings, to really exaggerate
20	almost the differences between the uses, so
21	that we break down the feeling of this as a
22	complex.

These could almost be two buildings that were built by two different owners adjacent to one another, and you'd have an urban party wall condition along 22nd buildings Street where those two almost adjoin. They'll be separated by about 10 feet by a recess which forms the exhaust louvers from the garage below.

COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: That's actually what I was actually trying to get to before. I was trying to get a sense of what that hinge looked like between the office and the residential.

Okay. So I understand this whole notion of, you know, creating two different buildings, because you have two different uses, and not trying to make it seem monolithic. I'm still trying to understand how the public park works, how the office and the residential share that park, and how they're going to sort of -- how that's going to be managed.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	I understand the gate that's going
2	to be put up.
3	MR. PELLI: Right.
4	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: But I'm
5	just trying to get a better understanding of
6	how that
7	MR. PELLI: Yes, let's try to pull
8	up a plan from the presentation we gave last
9	time, which contains that plan. The whole
10	space, all taken together, is I think about
11	26,000 square feet. But it is segregated into
12	areas so that this is fully accessible, the
13	area I'm outlining here. And then, from this
14	line to the right is private and accessible
15	only to the residents.
16	This area is accessible during the
17	hours the office building is open, and there
18	would be well-concealed gates which come
19	across here as these as the office building
20	shuts down and those uses within, you know,
21	come to the end of their evening hours.
22	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Is there a

level difference as well between --

MR. PELLI: There is a level difference. There is a full -- here we go, sorry. That's the entrance there, and this shows you there is a rise -- and I -- about nine feet from the sidewalk up to the level of the lobby of the office building.

And we have actually located this entrance here, because it allows us to manage that at a sidewalk level grade, without actually making -- introducing a formal ramp, so it's just a sidewalk level grading that -- it's a very shallow slope up from here to here.

And this is bermed and planted, so this also softly deals with the change in level from this sidewalk or this public -- this public passageway to the interior planted areas. And then, you access it here, and there are some steps along the way that you can also take up.

COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Right.

1	MR. PELLI: But from an
2	accessibility standpoint, you can fully just
3	take the ramp up and then circulate within
4	this space here around the foundation.
5	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Okay. My
6	last question, and I'm sorry to have you jump
7	around here, but I
8	MR. PELLI: That's okay.
9	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: want to
10	go back to Washington Circle, the
11	MR. PELLI: Okay.
12	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES:
13	elevation, the pedestrian view.
14	MR. PELLI: Okay.
15	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: I might
16	have asked for that.
17	MR. PELLI: Give us just a second
18	to pull it up.
19	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Sure,
20	sure.
21	MR. PELLI: We'll see how fast
22	David is here. That was pretty good.

1	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: What is
2	the setback? You mentioned that there is
3	what is the distance? What is the dimension?
4	MR. PELLI: Between that plane of
5	glass there and that plane of glass
6	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Yes.
7	MR. PELLI: up there? It's
8	about two and a half feet.
9	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Two and a
10	half feet. And the height is what? Is that
11	14?
12	MR. PELLI: That is it's two
12 13	MR. PELLI: That is it's two stories, so
13	stories, so
13 14	stories, so  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: It's two
13 14 15	stories, so  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: It's two stories.
13 14 15 16	stories, so  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: It's two stories.  MR. PELLI: I want to say it's
13 14 15 16 17	stories, so  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: It's two stories.  MR. PELLI: I want to say it's  22 feet. But that may not be exactly correct,
13 14 15 16 17 18	stories, so  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: It's two stories.  MR. PELLI: I want to say it's 22 feet. But that may not be exactly correct, but it's in that order of magnitude.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	stories, so  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: It's two stories.  MR. PELLI: I want to say it's 22 feet. But that may not be exactly correct, but it's in that order of magnitude.  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: And then,

Τ	It actually it changes a bit, because the
2	property line is not fully concentric to the
3	curb line. So it goes at its widest it's
4	about 32 feet. At its narrowest I believe
5	it's just under 30 feet. And then, we've
6	actually we've actually set the building
7	back from the property line right at the
8	corner there.
9	We've left about 1,600 square feet
10	of open space just to let the building not
11	come as far to the corner as we could, if we
12	took the full property line.
13	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: So what's
14	so is there the thought that at some point
15	there might be chairs and tables and things of
16	that sort that
17	MR. PELLI: There could be.
18	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: or
19	MR. PELLI: It's highly contingent
20	on the uses within there, and our emphasis has
21	been on trying to get those kinds of
22	neighborhood or more cafe uses to be on I

Street, that that's directly visible from the 1 2 Metro stop. And it will depend on the final 3 retail layout -- and I could let our retail 4 5 consultants speak to that more directly -- but the emphasis was much more on I Street as a 6 7 pedestrian-neighborhood kind of street. This 8 is a very urban street, a lot of traffic, so 9 we don't envision as likely a scenario to have 10 cafes or tables and chairs out there. COMMISSIONER 11 JEFFRIES: Okay. 12 Okay. Thank you. 13 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else 14 have questions? Commissioner Turnbull? 15 COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Thank you, 16 I just wanted to ask Mr. Pelli Madam Chair. 17 -- the building on 23rd and I, I think you can 18 see the articulation that you're trying to 19 develop that you talked about. But I guess I 20 still don't -- the degree of articulation that you're trying to accomplish there is evident. 21 22 But Ι don't the degree see same of

articulation that you were talking about on the Washington Square Building.

You can see it on your -- when you look at the elevation from the park, from the circle, on the 90-foot section with the banding. But as I look at the rest of it, as it goes -- it reads as one. It still looks a rather intimidating building. I don't -- and although you talked about articulation and the separations, I think with the -- maybe it's the glass and the way it reads on the drawings that we're looking at, but it just seems rather large and mammoth right now.

I don't sense the articulation that I see that you're trying to do on the other building. The other building seems to be a little bit more sensitive and is -- and the articulation shows up more on that building there on the screen. But if I look at the one from the circle, it -- you can read the 90-foot section.

But as I look at the rest of the

glass, it still -- I don't get the sense of breakdown and the sense of detailing that you've done on the other building. I mean, that's just a feeling that I -- I just think that it's almost a massive building on the -- sitting on Pennsylvania Avenue there, and then the circle.

I don't get the feeling -although when you talked about the separation
and trying to differentiate the different
aspects and the pieces of it, I don't -- I
don't pick it up yet. I still feel that it's
still a work in progress, that you need to
refine that somehow.

I don't -- what I'm seeing doesn't seem to match with what you're saying. It doesn't seem like you've really reached it yet.

MR. PELLI: There is certainly some refinement that could still come as we develop it further. I think part of this is an issue of this building type and curtain

walls and the metalwork on the walls is a much more subtle expression. And it's hard to show on drawings like this whereas things like metal -- glass against brick and an opening in brick shows much more clearly on a rendering like this.

And yet, when you go up to these buildings, a very finely wrought metal and glass building can be very beautiful, it's just with much finer levels of detail. And that fineness of detail is lost in a rendering like this.

Clearly, our emphasis is on a greater degree of articulation, more where it presents itself to the public -- Washington Circle -- as you walk along the circle, and this be more Pennsylvania Avenue. It's trying to be grander in scale, more monumental in scale if you will.

But I think part of that is the -just the rendering techniques themselves and
how they present themselves in this format.

2.

1 COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Well, I'd 2 like to, you know, echo some concern I have as 3 well. And I also recognize this whole notion 4 of, you know, rendering techniques not really 5 being able to convey what you're doing and clearly understanding that glass boxes are 6 7 very subtle studies, and so forth, and they 8 don't always come through. 9 You might want to think of some 10 other ways in which you can convey exactly 11 what this is looking like. 12 MR. PELLI: Okay. 13 COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Maybe 14 that's what you're doing here with this --15 Well, I use this. MR. PELLI: 16 reference, it's only a few blocks away, 1900 17 K Street. It is a glass and metal building, 18 and it's very finely articulated. And I think 19 it carries in it some of the qualities of 20 richness in a glass building that we are seeking here without necessarily mimicking the 21

details of it.

1	But if you feel it's necessary to
2	show that in some greater detail, we could
3	elaborate that further.
4	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: For me, I
5	would agree with Commissioner Turnbull. I
6	think this sits on a circle. It's going to be
7	very visible. I think it doesn't look
8	featural enough for where it sits. And I'm
9	absolutely fine with, you know, providing
10	greater detail and more subtlety. That's
11	fine, but I just think we need to get a little
12	more comfortable, because it starts to look
13	like perhaps something in Crystal City or
14	I don't know. It looks a little suspicious.
15	MR. PELLI: It will not look like
16	a building in Crystal City.
17	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: I'm
18	certain that it will not.
19	(Laughter.)
20	But all I have to go on
21	MR. PELLI: You hit a nerve there.
22	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Yes. I
	1

1	know, I know. But I this is in a very
2	important location and
3	MR. PELLI: Yes. Yes, sir.
4	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: again,
5	it's not in design I would agree with
6	Commissioner Turnbull. And I think what you
7	probably need to do is find some other way in
8	which to demonstrate that this building
9	MR. PELLI: Okay.
10	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: really
11	is of a quality that's becoming of the circle.
12	So
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Anyone
14	else? Mr. Parsons?
15	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Well, let
16	me jump in on this, because I'm glad you did
17	the renderings. They didn't give me any more
18	comfort. I still think it's a foreign object
19	in this landscape of buildings, and it
20	because of its glass. We can disagree on that
21	all night, but I just didn't want to let it go
22	by that you felt that this helped me. It

1	didn't.
2	Let's go to the back I
3	shouldn't call it the back, but the roof
4	detail you showed earlier.
5	MR. PELLI: Yes.
6	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'm a
7	little confused. You presented us with three
8	images.
9	MR. PELLI: Right.
10	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: The one
11	from last time
12	MR. PELLI: Right.
13	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I guess
14	an interim step, and then I think your
15	preferred. But I want to make sure I
16	understand which it is you prefer. That's the
17	first one.
18	MR. PELLI: No. Yes, this is the
19	first one, which shows you the roof overhang
20	projecting out nearly the full 15 feet with
21	columns to support it. And then, the
22	preferred, which is our second, which I then

come back to as the last image, is just continuing the cornice around the enclosed portion of the building, and then only at the portion where it wraps around the pool area does it become a freestanding canopy supported by columns, which really run down along the side of the building, which also picks up the similar kind of detailing that you get on this projection on the corner building.

And then, the third image was an alternative which, because you had asked us to study it, we presented, although it is not our preferred, is instead of having these be solid elements, treating them more as screening elements and shading devices -- clearly lighter, clearly something attached, less in the language of a corner, and more in the language of a shading element.

COMMISSIONER PARSONS: And I think you said that the structure -- I'll call it -- on the far building was 15 feet high. It just looks a lot higher than that.

2.

1	MR. PELLI: No, this it's a 14-
2	story building. This corner comes to 12
3	stories. The terrace there comes to 13
4	stories. And then, the rest of the roof comes
5	to 14 stories. It's 15 feet between the face
6	of the top element and the face of the rest of
7	the building along I Street, that glass bay
8	which projects that you see there.
9	So it's 15 feet in plan, really,
10	from that face to that face, in terms of
11	that's how far a setback you have before it
12	goes up to its full height.
13	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: So how tall
14	is the structure on the roof?
15	MR. PELLI: Well, the rest of the
16	roof really is if you look at the plans,
17	the rest the rest of the roof, it contains
18	most of the plan of that tower. It is
19	essentially I'm not sure if we have a good
20	plan to show it on.
21	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: All I mean
22	is, how tall are the

1	MR. PELLI: There. That's this
2	describes the rest of the roof, which all sits
3	up at that 130-foot zoning height.
4	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: No. I
5	mean, how high I don't know what to call
6	this thing. I'll call it a trellis. How high
7	is it?
8	MR. PELLI: It's at 100 and
9	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Above the
10	roof, the trellis.
11	MR. PELLI: The trellis element, I
12	would call it a freestanding canopy, that's at
13	130 feet.
14	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: And the
15	roof level is?
16	MR. PELLI: 130 feet.
17	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: I'm having
18	real trouble describing my concern. I want to
19	know how high that is.
20	MR. PELLI: That's where the deck
21	is.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: You know when

1	you were saying that the main part
2	MR. PELLI: Right.
3	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: of the
4	building is 12 stories, and then you go up and
5	it's 13
6	MR. PELLI: Right.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: and then,
8	you go all the way up and it's 14
9	MR. PELLI: Right.
10	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: so Mr.
11	Parsons wants to know, from the top of the
12	trellis to the 12 story, what's the difference
13	of basically those two?
14	MR. PELLI: 25 feet.
15	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Okay. So
16	why does it need to be 25 feet? I mean,
17	you're trying to give shade around a pool.
18	Why
19	MR. PELLI: Really, it's trying to
20	define it as an outdoor room, less than for
21	providing shade. And it's a continuation of
22	the cornice line which goes around the rest of

1	that block, so we are continuing that line as
2	a shadow line to contain that area.
3	COMMISSIONER PARSONS: But it's at
4	the same height as the roof level.
5	MR. PELLI: It's at the same
6	height as the rest of that line, which is more
7	expressed as a cornice which comes around.
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: So you're
9	saying it relates more to the 22nd Street side
10	as opposed to the I Street side, which is what
11	we're looking at in this particular
12	MR. PELLI: Although it wraps
12 13	MR. PELLI: Although it wraps around, it wraps along the I Street side.
13	around, it wraps along the I Street side.
13 14	around, it wraps along the I Street side.  It's set back 15 feet in our current proposal,
13 14 15	around, it wraps along the I Street side.  It's set back 15 feet in our current proposal,  but it continues that same line as it wraps
13 14 15 16	around, it wraps along the I Street side.  It's set back 15 feet in our current proposal, but it continues that same line as it wraps all the way around.
13 14 15 16 17	around, it wraps along the I Street side.  It's set back 15 feet in our current proposal, but it continues that same line as it wraps all the way around.  COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Thank you.
13 14 15 16 17 18	around, it wraps along the I Street side.  It's set back 15 feet in our current proposal, but it continues that same line as it wraps all the way around.  COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Thank you.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	around, it wraps along the I Street side.  It's set back 15 feet in our current proposal, but it continues that same line as it wraps all the way around.  COMMISSIONER PARSONS: Thank you.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?  COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Materials

1 COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: the 2. glazing and so forth. I would actually -- if 3 you can bring --4 MR. PELLI: Yes. 5 MR. HITCHCOCK: Unfortunately, the photographs don't come out as well as the 6 7 actual boards. The grass shows up much greener in the photograph. 8 9 MR. PELLI: This is for the residential building. The other board is for 10 11 the commercial building. The residential 12 building has two colors of brick along the 13 main field of the facade. It has painted 14 metal for the aluminum metalwork on the glass. 15 It has masonry at the base of the building, 16 and it has stainless steel accent trim at the 17 store front and at the entrances. 18 COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: And can 19 you go to the slide? I just want to make 20 certain that I'm clear about what you're pointing at on that pallet, and where it is on 21

the actual -- okay. So where is the metal?

1	Where am I
2	MR. PELLI: The metal you see in
3	this image is all the painted aluminum.
4	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Okay.
5	Okay.
б	MR. PELLI: Which would be the
7	light painted metal.
8	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Okay.
9	Okay.
10	MR. PELLI: The stainless steel is
11	really at the very base of the building
12	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Right.
13	MR. PELLI: the level of detail
14	you can't see in this rendering.
15	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Okay.
16	MR. PELLI: And it's probably just
17	at the entrances.
18	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Okay. And
19	then, for the office, what so is the office
20	building cool or warm?
21	MR. PELLI: It would be cool. It
22	will be light colored masonry bands along the

1	90-foot element with light colored I mean,
2	I would call this a creamy white color. We
3	haven't selected a final color, but it would
4	be generally light in tone against the glass.
5	There might be some warmth in the
6	color of the glass itself and some warmth in
7	the creaminess of the white metal, but it's
8	generally, I would say, cool.
9	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: so those
10	bands along Washington are the masonry.
11	MR. PELLI: The masonry, that's
12	correct.
13	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Okay.
14	thank you.
15	MR. PELLI: You're welcome.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Anyone else?
17	COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Madam
18	Chair, will we be seeing a perspective, then,
19	at 22nd and Pennsylvania looking down
20	looking at that corner and at that down the
21	street?
22	MR. PELLI: We can provide that

1	for you, yes.
2	COMMISSIONER TURNBULL: Okay.
3	Thank you.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I just wanted
5	to ask a couple of questions that don't relate
6	directly to the rebuttal testimony. The issue
7	of rock that was raised, is that something
8	that has been studied in order to excavate to
9	the degree anticipated?
10	MR. FEOLA: There has been a
11	geotech study done that to our knowledge
12	doesn't present any particular difficult
13	problems.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So you
15	won't be coming back to us saying that you
16	found that you can't do all the underground
17	stuff.
18	MR. FEOLA: No. I mean, it
19	there needs to be more drillings and more
20	borings, but what we have now suggests that we
21	can go down as deep as we need to go without
22	hitting rock. There might be some water

1 there, but that's manageable. That's par 2 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: 3 for the course. 4 And I also wanted to ask, 5 did we. testimony about have some presentation that was made at the -- at DCBIA 6 7 and it spoke to the issue of the market softening and the -- you know, the ability to 8 deliver the residential component of 9 10 it has project. And at least as been 11 characterized in Exhibit G, it's that Phase 1 12 is parking and grocery store, and Phase 2 is 13 everything else. So is that still -- is that 14 the phasing that would be anticipated? 15 MR. FEOLA: Yes. I mean, I think 16 that was part and parcel of my objection to 17 the testimony. It's full of hearsay. I mean, 18 Mr. Otney does work for Boston Properties, but 19 what he said at the DCBIA and whether it was 20 actually characterized, we couldn't refute or 21 identify.

He is not on the project.

22

He has

1	never been on this project. And the phasing
2	that we have proposed is the phasing that we
3	are proposing, and we would hope the
4	Commission
5	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
6	MR. FEOLA: adopts.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. I just
8	wanted to be clear about that there isn't
9	like that it's not really three phases or
10	anything like that.
11	MR. FEOLA: No. In fact, they
12	hope we hope we can build it in one phase,
13	because, as somebody pointed out, time is
14	money. Once you start, you need to finish and
15	get it occupied.
16	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Mr.
17	Hitchcock, did you have any questions?
18	MR. FEOLA: Madam Chair, just
19	while Mr. Hitchcock is coming up here, Ms.
20	Milanovich is also here to answer questions
21	from the Commission.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: Is Ms. Milanovich
2	going to be testifying, or is this just
3	MR. FEOLA: Just the written
4	submission that you have.
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: Just the written.
6	Okay.
7	A couple of questions on the
8	presentation just seen, and I guess we'll have
9	to share the microphone. This is you're
10	showing the slide there I guess could you
11	back up one? Okay. This is the one on
12	Washington Circle. What's the altitude from
13	which that rendering is taken? Is that street
14	level?
15	MR. PELLI: Honestly, I don't know
16	for sure. It's near street level, but it may
17	have it may be slightly elevated, so I
18	can't tell you precisely.
19	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay.
20	MR. PELLI: I would have to talk
21	to my renderer back in the office.
22	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Same

1	question as to the next slide, if you can see
2	that.
3	MR. PELLI: Next slide.
4	MR. HITCHCOCK: This is the one
5	also showing the
6	MR. PELLI: I'm more confident
7	that that
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Can you just
9	push the mike back and forth, because I just
LO	want to make sure Mr. Hitchcock gets on the
11	record.
12	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay.
13	MR. PELLI: I'm pretty certain
L4	that this is truly eye level walking along the
15	sidewalk, but I would have to confirm it to be
L6	precise.
L7	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Can we see
18	the next slide, please? And for the record,
19	this is showing the intersection of 23rd and
20	I. This appears to be at somewhat higher than
21	eye level, correct?
22	MR. PELLI: Yes. This is above

1	eye level.
2	MR. HITCHCOCK: Why is that
3	presented at this is presented somewhat
4	above eye level, but the other two are at eye
5	level.
6	MR. PELLI: We thought this better
7	presented the overall issues of the building.
8	There was not a great deal of study in which
9	way to present it. We thought this presented
10	the overall building well, in a way that trees
11	would block a lot of your views if you were
12	presenting this strictly from eye level.
13	MR. HITCHCOCK: Even though
14	there's a 40-foot discrepancy between the left
15	building and the right building, correct?
16	MR. PELLI: There is a 20-foot
17	discrepancy between the left building and the
18	right building.
19	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, I'm sorry,
20	left the left building being proposed new
21	construction at 125, and the right building,
22	far right, at 88 feet? Or that's 37, I guess.

1 MR. PELLI: Right. The building to the left is 110 zoning square feet. 2 Ι 3 don't remember what it came out -- yes, at 125 from the sidewalk. 4 Yes. 5 MR. HITCHCOCK: Right. So go back 6 to that one. 7 MR. PELLI: Yes, there would be a 40-foot height difference between those two 8 9 buildings. MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Can we flip 10 11 back to the last one? Okay. So there's a 40-12 foot differential there, and you're -- okay. A question also, I think on questions from 13 14 Commissioner Turnbull Commissioner and 15 Jeffries, about the location vis-a-vis the 16 street. 17 I'll show you -- and I'll provide 18 this for the record -- this is a policy from 19 the federal element of the comprehensive plan, 20 which talks about the policy -- and I'll read it, it's very brief -- to "construct building 21 in the street right-of-way lines 22 facades

(building lines) to reinforce the spatial 1 definition of the historic street plan." Have 2 3 you seen that before, or did you consider that in connection with this project? 4 5 MR. PELLI: I have not seen that specific before. It is a planning policy in 6 7 place in many urban centers, and as here there are always exceptions when there seem to be 8 9 good planning and master plan logic to create 10 public spaces, public plazas, small pedestrian 11 gathering areas. Even in very dense 12 environments like New York, it has been seen 13 to be appropriate to have exceptions to that 14 rule. 15 MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. I think 16 that's all the questions. Thank you. 17 Milanovich, I have Ms. had 18 chance to look -- do you have your microphone? 19 I have had a chance to look quickly at your 20 response to Mr. Mehra's comments and have a 21 few brief questions for you. Do you have your

document in front of you?

1	MS. MILANOVICH: Yes.
2	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. The first
3	point dealing with existing conditions, you
4	make the point that the p.m. peak hour is 5:15
5	to 6:15.
6	MS. MILANOVICH: Correct.
7	MR. HITCHCOCK: Is it not true
8	that Mr. Mehra cited the campus plan report
9	showing the peak hours were 5:30 to 6:30, not
10	5:15 to 6:15?
11	MS. MILANOVICH: I believe he said
12	that they were yes, he said they were 5:30
13	to 6:30. However, if you look at the study,
14	we actually indicated that they were 5:15 to
15	6:15.
16	MR. HITCHCOCK: Right.
17	MS. MILANOVICH: I believe he
18	misquoted the study.
19	MR. HITCHCOCK: Right. But the
20	question here is: which of the five studies?
21	I mean, you're citing the October study for
22	Square 54, correct?

1	MS. MILANOVICH: Well, Mr. Mehra
2	referenced the October study, so it was merely
3	responding to his reference. But the
4	MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes. But he was
5	referring to the campus plan report, was he
6	not?
7	MS. MILANOVICH: He compared the
8	May 2006 campus plan study to the October 2006
9	Square 54 study.
10	MR. HITCHCOCK: I believe, at risk
11	of testifying, he was comparing it the
12	October 2006 revisions to the campus plan
13	report.
14	MS. MILANOVICH: I'm sorry. The
15	October was
16	MR. HITCHCOCK: Right. The second
17	line talks about October 2006 revision.
18	MS. MILANOVICH: That's the
19	revision to the Square 54 study.
20	MR. HITCHCOCK: All right.
21	MS. MILANOVICH: There was no
22	campus plan study submitted in October.

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: All right. Let me
2	move on to the questions dealing with
3	background conditions, at the top of page 2,
4	where you talk about increase in traffic at
5	individual intersections approaching one
6	percent per year at several intersections, and
7	exceeding one percent at several intersections
8	at a few intersections.
9	Do you remember off hand or do you
10	have handy which intersections those were?
11	MS. MILANOVICH: The ones that
12	were over one percent?
13	MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes.
14	MS. MILANOVICH: Yes, if you give
15	me a minute to
16	MR. HITCHCOCK: Sure, take your
17	time.
18	MS. MILANOVICH: During the a.m.
19	peak hour, the intersection of Washington
20	Circle and K Street had a 1.24 percent growth
21	rate per year. The other intersection of
22	Washington Circle and K Street had a 1.42

1	percent increase per year.
2	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. So two
3	intersections I'm sorry. Are you finished?
4	MS. MILANOVICH: No, I'm not.
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay.
6	MS. MILANOVICH: At 23rd and I
7	Street, there was an increase of 1.25 percent
8	per year. At 23rd, F Street, and Virginia
9	Avenue, there was a 1.09 percent increase per
10	year. At 22nd and I Street, there was a 2.65
11	percent increase per year. At 22nd and
12	Virginia, there was a 1.61 percent increase
13	per year. And at 24th and K Street eastbound,
14	there was a 1.49 percent increase per year.
15	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay.
16	MS. MILANOVICH: That's the a.m.
17	peak hour.
18	MR. HITCHCOCK: That's the a.m.
19	Okay. Question a couple of other
20	questions. Your traffic studies focused on
21	the year 2010, correct?
22	MS. MILANOVICH: That is correct.

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: And we've had some
2	testimony indicating the project may not be
3	completed until after that, correct?
4	MS. MILANOVICH: Yes.
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. What would
6	be the impact on levels of service if it
7	stretches beyond that? I mean, is that
8	something that you measured?
9	MS. MILANOVICH: Well, the growth
10	rate is applied incrementally per year, but
11	keep in mind when we're looking at the impact
12	of the Square 54 development we're comparing
13	the future conditions without the Square 54
14	development to the future conditions with the
15	Square 54 development.
16	So the incremental increase in
17	traffic would be approximately the same,
18	because you would be growing not only the
19	future traffic with the development but also
20	the future traffic without the development.
21	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Were you
22	here at the first day of this hearing when Mr.

1	Laden said that either the .5 percent or the
2	.1 percent assumptions would be reasonable for
3	the short term?
4	MS. MILANOVICH: Yes.
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Do you have
6	any views on whether that would be the same
7	case going out beyond, say, the short term?
8	MS. MILANOVICH: Well, again, the
9	half percent we per year that we use was
10	used in conjunction with explicitly
11	considering several other approved
12	developments in the area. So the overall
13	growth is actually more than half percent per
14	year when you combine the two factors. So,
15	yes, I believe that the half percent is
16	appropriate.
17	MR. HITCHCOCK: All right. A
18	couple more questions. Your point at let's
19	see, I guess this is the your page 3, the
20	final point about the impact attributable to
21	just Square 54. Do you have that?
22	MS. MILANOVICH: Yes.

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Is it not
2	true that you have at least one one
3	existing and one new intersection with levels
4	of service worse than the background
5	conditions? I'm looking at Table 3.1, if you
6	want to refer to it. This is in the Square 54
7	this is in the May 2006 one.
8	MS. MILANOVICH: I'm sorry. I
9	have the October the latest revision
10	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay.
11	MS. MILANOVICH: which would be
12	the one the final revision.
13	MR. HITCHCOCK: I'm looking at
14	well, this one indicates I'm looking at
15	intersection 3, which is Washington Circle,
16	K Street eastbound, and that study shows a
17	level of service of F, which is worse than the
18	background.
19	MS. MILANOVICH: Actually, in the
20	October revision, the background condition is
21	during the a.m. and p.m. a level of service F.
22	And during the total future conditions is also

1	at a level of service F during the a.m. and
2	p.m.
3	MR. HITCHCOCK: Right. But the
4	existing conditions, you know, currently are
5	216, 182, and they both get worse with the
6	total future conditions in the last
7	MS. MILANOVICH: Correct. The
8	delay increases.
9	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. And the
10	other one is, although this is the new
11	proposed driveway, for which there is no data,
12	but which would be level of service E,
13	eastbound. This is number 20.
14	MS. MILANOVICH: I'm sorry.
15	Number what?
16	MR. HITCHCOCK: 20. I'm sorry.
17	MS. MILANOVICH: Yes. During the
18	p.m. peak hour coming out of the garage, we've
19	projected a level of service E.
20	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Last
21	question. One of Mr. Mehra's comments that
22	you didn't address is how the October 2006

1	reports traffic volumes less than the May 2006
2	report.
3	MR. FEOLA: I'm going to object.
4	He's asking a question about stuff she didn't
5	testify to in rebuttal.
6	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, it's called
7	a response to Joe Mehra's comments, and I
8	think it's a fair question to ask about
9	comments to which there was no response.
10	MR. FEOLA: I don't think that's
11	fair. That's not what your cross examination
12	is of her.
13	MR. HITCHCOCK: Well, I mean, it's
14	as long as it's clear that this does not
15	purport to be a comprehensive response to Mr.
16	Mehra's comments, and that there are not
17	that there are points that remain unanswered,
18	I'm happy to withdraw the question.
19	MR. FEOLA: The report is what it
20	is.
21	MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes. That's
22	precisely my point.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I think we
2	got it.
3	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Thank you.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you.
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: I have no further
6	questions of the witness.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
8	Mr. Hitchcock.
9	Ms. Kahlow? Mr. Hitchcock is just
10	packing up. He'll clear the seat.
11	MS. KAHLOW: Thank you. I first
12	want to ask about the shadow partial shadow
13	studies. Do you have shadow studies for June
14	21st, the longest day of the year, and
15	December 21st, the shortest day of the year,
16	instead of the equinox, which is not?
17	MR. PELLI: We don't have those
18	currently in a form that we can hand in, but
19	we can prepare those if you'd like.
20	MS. KAHLOW: Do you have the
21	shadow studies, of course, of those days also
22	for the other part of this? What I was able

1	to see was only one segment, but what is also
2	important is the Schneider's
3	Triangle/Washington Circle, because that's
4	where everybody walks and wants to feel safe.
5	Do you have it for the north area, not just
6	the east area?
7	MR. PELLI: We framed this to
8	include all of the shadows which were
9	generated by our project at the equinox. If
10	we were to look at dead of winter shadows,
11	then we would probably have to contain most of
12	Washington. Obviously, early morning and late
13	afternoon shadows are going to be immensely
14	long, even for a one-story building.
15	MS. KAHLOW: So you could provide
16	those?
17	MR. PELLI: Yes, we could provide
18	those.
19	MS. KAHLOW: Thank you. The
20	second question I'm not sure who answered
21	it when Mr. Jeffries asked, so I'm not sure to
22	whom I'm addressing it, Mr. Feola. Mr.

1	Jeffries was asking about the corner on
2	Washington Circle and, of course, street life
3	and safety is the issue here. There will be
4	no cafes or tables or anything else on
5	Washington Circle. What is the intended use
6	on Washington Circle that would have no
7	would it have any late hours, any outdoor
8	activity at night?
9	PARTICIPANT: Can you define "late
10	hours"?
11	MS. KAHLOW: Well, street life
12	like in
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: If you're
14	going to give testimony, we need to have
15	MS. KAHLOW: I was just trying to
16	understand when he said "no cafes," is there
17	anything else there, street life? I
18	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: There wasn't
19	testimony that there would be no cafes. There
20	was testimony that that would be focused
21	elsewhere, but that didn't mean it was a
22	preclusion.

1 MS. KAHLOW: In the question Mr. Jeffries asked, he asked about pedestrian 2 3 activity, and they said there would be no cafes or tables on Washington Circle. I wrote 4 5 that down verbatim, but I don't have transcript. I just wrote it down. 6 It was not 7 testimony; it was in the cross examination that Mr. Jeffries made of one of these 8 9 witnesses. 10 trying to And what I was 11 understand is what the use is going to be. Ιf 12 it's not cafes, is there going to be any 13 nighttime activity? And nighttime, I don't 14 mean midnight, I mean normal hours, like until 15 11:00 at night. 16 CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That's a bit far afield of the rebuttal. But --17 18 MR. PELLI: Yes. I recall that 19 the question -- that the response was that 20 most of the activity would be focused on I Street, but that it's -- they're going to 21

leave it open as to what those ground floor

1	uses would be along Washington Circle. That's
2	what I got.
3	Now, if you're asking an
4	additional question
5	MS. KAHLOW: Okay. And can they
6	provide that answer?
7	MR. PELLI: I don't think they
8	were able to.
9	MS. KAHLOW: I see.
10	MR. PELLI: Yes. To do that.
11	MS. KAHLOW: Thank you. That's
12	all I have.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you
14	very much.
15	So we have a few things to come
16	into the record, and
17	MR. FEOLA: If I I've got two
18	minutes of
19	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Oh, I'm
20	sorry.
21	MR. FEOLA: just to wrap it up.
22	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I'm sorry.

Didn't mean to step on your ending there.

MR. FEOLA: I know it's late, so I'll keep it very, very short. I'd just like to make a couple of comments, bring together what we talked about in November, and what we heard tonight. And I think we've seen three what I'll say are large critiques of what is wrong or what is right about this project.

And just to take them in order, and no particular emphasis or not in any order of importance, we've heard comments that there has been traffic concerns and that this project could create negative traffic impacts in this residential neighborhood.

We stand by the Wells report. We think it's the most detailed analysis that has been done for a PUD in a long time. But the Commission doesn't have to rely on that. The Commission has ample evidence from the Department of Transportation, which doesn't have a dog in this fight, as they say, that it has reviewed the Wells report and it finds the

conclusions satisfactory. And with a few recommendations that they've added, which the applicant has accepted, that this project will not have a negative impact on traffic or transportation policies of the city.

I've heard some comments -- the second major issue is design matching uses, about the building height. We think that Sasaski Associates and Pelli Clark Pelli -- two internationally-known firms over the course of well over a year working with the community has come up with a responsible site plan and use mix.

But more importantly, again, the Office of Planning, which is not on anybody's side in this case except the city's, has said that this is an appropriate use for a transitoriented development on this very important site, as the Commission recognizes, in the city.

And, thirdly, you heard some critique about the comp plan and why this is

designated in blue, and why it should only be used for institutional uses. And I would just urge the Commission to keep in mind that there are a series of other important elements in the comprehensive plan that include the land use element, the transportation element, the housing element, economic development, the environmental element, all of which this Commission, as it is well aware, has to blend together to find out whether or not this project, this PUD, fits within that.

One final thing about the evaluation standards. This project, believe, under Section 2403 of the zoning regulations meets virtually all the standards set forth in there. And I want to point out that much of the amenity talk has been focused on the grocery store. We believe this project provides а whole lot more in terms of amenities.

It provides over 300 housing units, rental housing units, at a Metro stop,

1

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

13 percent of which will be for affordable persons. It provides employment and training opportunities through the First Source agreement and the LSDBE agreements that the applicant has proffered.

It provides environmental benefits not only because it's a transit-oriented development adjacent to a Metro station -- as you heard the Smart Growth Alliance talk about -- but it also is going to meet at a minimum a LEED standard of 16 points, plus a green roof. And while it's true the council has just passed legislation to mandate a greenness in buildings, which is a good law, it doesn't take effect on private property until 2012, which we hope this project will be filled and occupied by then.

And it has those special values to the neighborhood that we have talked about -- the grocery store and the active streetscape on I Street.

And despite some of the

2.

opposition, you've heard a number of people come here that live in this community that support this case, and the record has almost 100 letters of support from residents in Foggy Bottom and West End in support. So it isn't a unanimous group of opposition. It is -- as Mr. Micone said, the community is split on this. There are some people that support it and some people that oppose it.

In the big picture, we believe that this package, taken together, is the -this kind of project, this type of project, is exactly what the Zoning Commission had in mind when it adopted planned unit development regulations years ago. It provides a whole host of public benefits and amenities, good land use planning, and we'll end up with a project I think we all can be proud of.

And so with that, we really appreciate your time in this late night, and urge your approval of it.

Thank you.

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Thank you,
2	Mr. Feola.
3	Just a couple of things that we're
4	going to get into the record. We're going to
5	get a perspective along 22nd Street of the
6	project. We're going to maybe just get I
7	don't know how to characterize it a better
8	expression of the glass building to capture
9	visually what you articulated orally.
10	We're going to try our darnedest
11	to get a response from DDOT to Mr. Mehra's
12	comments. And I hope to have drafted for the
13	Commission's consideration a letter to DDOT,
14	not specific to this case but just to really
15	urge their more robust participation in our
16	cases.
17	And I think that's
18	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: I had one
19	more thing.
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: What was
21	that, Mr. Jeffries?
22	COMMISSIONER JEFFRIES: Madam

1	Chair, just some detail it doesn't have to
2	be overly detailed, but just this gate. I
3	don't know how monumental this gate is going
4	to be. I understand there may be a pocket.
5	But it looks like it's going to be somewhat
6	visible, so I'd like to see how that's all
7	looking. So
8	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. Three
9	weeks, then? We need time for DDOT, too, you
10	know?
11	MR. FEOLA: We don't need that
12	much time.
13	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: I know. It's
14	if we give DDOT a week, we might as well
15	just not even bother.
16	MS. SCHELLIN: I'm sorry. Did you
17	still want Ms. Kahlow to provide the page in
18	the traffic report that lists that the count
19	was done in July?
20	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: The record
21	will be open for that, so
22	MS. SCHELLIN: And also, OP was

1	going to confirm whether they made a referral
2	to I think it was the Department of
3	Environmental
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Department of
5	Health.
6	MS. SCHELLIN: Health.
7	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Yes.
8	MS. SCHELLIN: And shadow studies
9	for the rest of the year and from the north,
10	I believe is what was just asked for.
11	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: The
12	Commission is not requesting that. But if the
13	applicant wants to submit that for the record,
13 14	applicant wants to submit that for the record, that's their choice.
14	that's their choice.
14 15	that's their choice.  MS. SCHELLIN: Okay. And that's
14 15 16	that's their choice.  MS. SCHELLIN: Okay. And that's it, then.
14 15 16 17	that's their choice.  MS. SCHELLIN: Okay. And that's  it, then.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So
14 15 16 17 18	that's their choice.  MS. SCHELLIN: Okay. And that's it, then.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So where does three weeks get us?
14 15 16 17 18 19	that's their choice.  MS. SCHELLIN: Okay. And that's  it, then.  CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So  where does three weeks get us?  MS. SCHELLIN: Three weeks?

1	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. And
2	then, a week for what do we give? A week
3	for
4	MS. SCHELLIN: That would be
5	February 1st.
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. So
7	findings of fact and conclusions of law and
8	MS. SCHELLIN: February 1st.
9	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: comments
10	on the submissions by the 1st.
11	MS. SCHELLIN: Right.
12	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And then,
13	we'll put this on a schedule for one of our
	we'll put this on a schedule for one of our public meetings where all of our Commissioners
13	
13 14	public meetings where all of our Commissioners
13 14 15	public meetings where all of our Commissioners can participate in the decisionmaking. And I
13 14 15 16	public meetings where all of our Commissioners can participate in the decisionmaking. And I won't represent what month that would be.
13 14 15 16 17	public meetings where all of our Commissioners  can participate in the decisionmaking. And I  won't represent what month that would be.  So are we clear on the dates?
13 14 15 16 17 18	public meetings where all of our Commissioners  can participate in the decisionmaking. And I  won't represent what month that would be.  So are we clear on the dates?  MR. HITCHCOCK: Just for
13 14 15 16 17 18	public meetings where all of our Commissioners  can participate in the decisionmaking. And I  won't represent what month that would be.  So are we clear on the dates?  MR. HITCHCOCK: Just for  clarification, the January 25th is for the

1	submissions from the applicant and the things
2	we just articulated.
3	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay.
4	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay.
5	MR. HITCHCOCK: So
6	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: And then, you
7	will respond by the 1st. You will have
8	until
9	MR. HITCHCOCK: The response will
10	be in will the response be a separate
11	response or included in findings and
12	conclusions? I guess that's what I was
13	confused about.
14	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: That's your
15	choice, about how you want to handle it.
16	MR. HITCHCOCK: Okay. Thank you.
17	CHAIRPERSON MITTEN: Okay. And
18	just to be clear, there won't be responses to
19	the response. Okay? There has been some
20	confusion recently about that, so I just want
21	to clarify.
22	Okay. Well, I appreciate

1	everyone's time and attention tonight. I know
2	it went late, and we had a lot of people hang
3	in there with us, so I appreciate it. And
4	Happy 2007.
5	(Whereupon, at 11:18 p.m., the
б	proceedings in the foregoing
7	matter were adjourned.)
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	